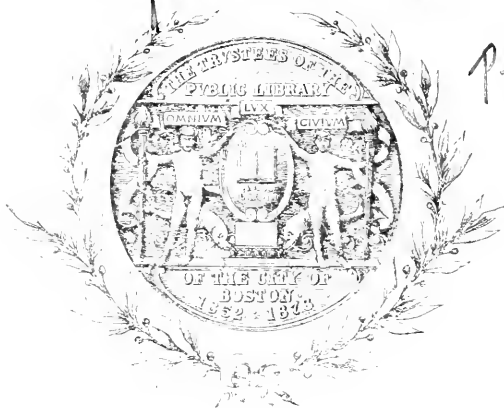


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PT. 3

COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES AMONG ALIENS AND NATIONAL GROUPS

HEARINGS BEFORE THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY UNITED STATES SENATE EIGHTY-FIRST CONGRESS FIRST SESSION

ON **S. 1832**

A BILL TO AMEND THE IMMIGRATION ACT OF
OCTOBER 16, 1918, AS AMENDED

PART 3

APPENDIXES I TO VIII

Printed for the use of the Committee on the Judiciary



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APPENDIX I

STATEMENT OF THE HONORABLE PAT MCCARRAN IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES, APRIL 25, 1949, UPON THE INTRODUCTION OF S. 1694.¹

Mr. President, during the course of the last year and a half, a subcommittee of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary has been engaged in a comprehensive study of our entire immigration system. One facet of this study is an investigation of the entrance of subversives into this country. There is in the custody of the subcommittee evidence, which establishes beyond a reasonable doubt, that there is extensive subversive activity being carried on in this country under the active direction and leadership of agents of foreign countries. This evidence is extensive, conclusive, and alarming. These agents supply the lifeblood for subversive activity in this country.

Although our present immigration laws provide for the exclusion and deportation of certain types of dangerous and subversive aliens, through the years these provisions have been made subject to a number of exceptions and provisos which have opened a backdoor for the admission into the United States of agents of foreign powers who enjoy a practical immunity from our laws. The administration of the legal mandates has frequently been lax and indecisive. By default, additional avenues of entry have been provided for otherwise excludable aliens.

This situation has been vastly complicated by the growth of numerous international organizations and commissions with headquarters or offices in this country and the resultant groups of aliens that have been permitted to enter the United States.

Our entire immigration system has been weakened to make it often impossible for our country to protect its security in this black era of fifth-column infiltration and cold warfare with the ruthless masters of the Kremlin.

We must make adequate provision to protect ourselves. We must bring our immigration system into line with the realities of Communist tactics.

The time has long since passed when we can afford to open our borders indiscriminately, to give unstinting hospitality to any person whose purpose, whose ideologic goal, is to overthrow our institutions and replace them with the evil oppression of totalitarianism.

We can no longer entertain with lavish hospitality or with amused indifference the sworn enemies of the United States.

I have today introduced a bill to revise our immigration laws in such a way as to place in the hands of the Government adequate powers to cope with the fifth-column tactics of international communism. The purpose of this bill is to plug the loopholes of the present law so that any alien—and I emphasize the word "any"—who engages in espionage or other subversive activity must be excluded or deported.

Let me emphasize in the beginning that this legislation will not in any way curb the legitimate activities of anyone, whether he be an immigrant, a visitor, a diplomat, or a delegate to an international organization.

This bill has only one purpose: To protect the people of the United States from any alien who abuses the traditional American hospitality by working for the overthrow of our Government. And, Mr. President, I mean any alien.

My bill is designed to sever the international lifeline which is feeding the Communist conspiracy in this country.

There is no obligation upon the United States—or for that matter upon any other nation—to harbor within its borders aliens who are working for its destruction. The duty to protect itself—the obligation to defend itself—against alien subversion is the fundamental responsibility of every government. We cannot continue to abdicate this duty.

Mr. President, I want to impress the members of the Senate with the earnestness with which I propose this measure. My proposal is based on a careful considera-

¹ S. 1694 was superseded on May 11, 1949, by Senate bill 1832, introduced by Senator McCarran.

tion of evidence now in the possession of the subcommittee. We have found glaring loopholes in our immigration system, complicated by the laxness with which the existing exclusion and deportation provisions have been enforced. The cold fact is that agents of international communism move freely across our borders to engage in espionage, sabotage, anti-American propaganda, and subversive activities; to plot with almost complete impunity the destruction of our free institutions.

The threat which we must eliminate—and I am convinced that this bill will eliminate—consists of five distinct problems.

1. The Communist International has in its employ a network of agents whose sole function is to organize and promote Communist activity, sabotage, espionage, propaganda, and terrorism. These agents are sent into the United States and other countries as the policy of the Stalinist high command dictates. Although some of these persons are native-born or have acquired citizenship through naturalization, a substantial number of them are aliens. Under my bill these people would have to be excluded from admission, or deported if found in the United States.

2. Occasionally aliens who come to this country as immigrants do not leave behind them their loyalties to foreign governments and foreign ideologies. Some of them engage in subversive activity, organize or join Communist organizations, or engage in propaganda activities among their neighbors. Under my bill these people would have to be deported.

3. Agents of communism have used the customary courtesy extended by the United States to representatives of foreign governments, including diplomats, consuls, and other representatives, as a screen behind which to engage in espionage and other activities designed to overthrow our Nation by force and violence. Under my bill these people would have to be excluded from admission or deported if found in the United States.

4. Since the establishment of international organizations in this country, Communist agents have used them as a facade behind which to operate and to carry on anti-American activity. The evidence in the files of the subcommittee shows conclusively that many representatives and staff members of international organizations are engaging in subversive activities beyond the scope of their legal duties. Under my bill these people would have to be deported.

5. We have for many years extended the privilege to certain foreign governments to establish in this country missions, such as trading commissions and news agencies. Some of these, too, have been integrated into the international Communist espionage-sabotage-subversion network. They have expended vast sums of money for propaganda and intelligence work and have frequently supported Communist enterprises by direct contributions. Under my bill these people would have to be deported.

We are faced by the most tightly organized, the most extensive international conspiracy that this world has ever seen, and may God grant, shall ever see.

That the Soviet Union actively engages in preparations for the communization of the United States and the rest of the world is no longer a question of doubt. The articles of the Comintern, the basic creed of the Communist Party, the utterances of Soviet leaders, the activities of the Communist parties everywhere; in fact, the foreign policies of the U. S. S. R. are directed at destruction of the United States as the one powerful barrier to conquest of the great globe itself.

The Moscow imperialists have never tried to conceal their hopes for world revolution and world conquest. The very philosophy of Karl Marx speaks of an inevitable destruction of existing states and their replacement by a Communist society. The plan for world revolution has been openly expressed by the leaders of Soviet Russia. The fundamental line of the Soviets was laid down in the clearest terms by Lenin in his declaration:

"We are living not merely in a state but in a system of states, and the existence of the Soviet Republics side by side with imperialist states for a long time is unthinkable. One or the other must triumph in the end. And before this end supervenes, a series of frightful collisions between the Soviet Republic and the bourgeois states will be inevitable."

The Communist International has itself made public declaration of the Soviet ambitions to subject the entire world to the Red system of oppression. The Sixth World Congress proclaimed openly that "the ultimate aim of the Communist International is to replace world capitalist economy by a world system of communism."

The program adopted by the Sixth Congress of the Communist International in 1928, states clearly the revolutionary objectives of the Soviet Union within the borders of other nations:

"The successful struggle of the Communist International for the dictatorship of the proletariat presupposes the existence in every country of a compact Communist Party, hardened in the struggle, disciplined, centralized, and closely linked up with the masses.

"The party is the vanguard of the working class and consists of the best, most class-conscious, most active, and most courageous members of that class. It incorporates the whole body of experience of the proletarian struggle. Basing itself upon the revolutionary theory of Marxism and representing the general and lasting interests of the whole of the working class, the party personifies the unity of proletarian principles, of proletarian will and of proletarian revolutionary action. It is a revolutionary organization, bound by iron discipline and strict revolutionary rules of democratic centralism, which can be carried out thanks to the class-consciousness of the proletarian vanguard, to its loyalty to the revolution, its ability to maintain inseparable ties with the proletarian masses and to its correct political leadership, which is constantly verified by the experiences of the masses themselves."

Centralized control from Moscow of the international network of communism requires the establishment of a vast spider web of communication. It is of prime importance that the Kremlin shall be in a position at all times to communicate instructions to its partisans, to call them to task for blunders; to receive in turn intelligence reports, and to provide for the training and entry of agents provocateurs.

To this end, the Soviet Union has created an international organization without equal and without rival in history. The falsification of passports and identities, the disguises behind which trained operatives of communism move have been developed to an exacting science which has successfully penetrated the vigilance of all nations of the earth.

Nearly every person sent from the Soviet Union or its satellites is or becomes an agent of Soviet espionage and sabotage. He is assigned a task to fulfill and his complete compliance is generally assured by threats against his person and his family and by the ubiquitous terror of the secret police. In testimony before the Un-American Activities Committee, Victor Kravchenko affirmed that—

"I must state in general that no person holding an important position in connection with the economic, political, or military organizations and arriving in the United States from the Soviet Union arrives without a special assignment as to the collection of secret information."

Lenin confessed that in its endeavors the Soviet Union would not be governed either by ethics or morality. In the drive to communize the world, he wrote in the *Infantile Sickness of Leftism in Communism*: "It is necessary * * * to use any ruse, cunning, unlawful method, evasion, concealment of truth."

The violations of American integrity, sovereignty, and friendship have increased in vigor and scope. Since the termination of the late war, the temporary wartime mask of Allied friendship has been dropped by the Soviet Government and its efforts to undermine our institutions have become a matter of common knowledge.

Soviet agents and contact men have found cover behind every iron-curtain mission, private or public, in the United States. Special representatives of the Kremlin have found the friendly attitude of this country a haven within which they are able to move to their destinations and indulge in their nefarious tasks unhampered.

Since the end of the war, the Soviet Union has found a new and infinitely superior channel through which it can introduce its agents into the United States. The constellation of international agencies established in this country provides a means of transit from the Soviet Union and its satellite countries unhampered by the usual, if limited, restrictions placed upon private persons and diplomatic officials.

The results of the war have placed the U. S. S. R. in a position to take complete advantage of the facilities afforded by international bodies. The collection of satellite nations behind the iron curtain offer fertile fields for the recruitment of agents and for their importation into the United States.

The cold fact is that every person officially assigned to an international organization by any country subject to Communist domination is an agent of international communism.

The real function of iron-curtain functionaries in this country is no longer a matter of speculation. The evidence which the subcommittee has obtained, part of which will be made public in due time, leaves no doubt on this score. Right here, may I say that some of our information cannot be publicly disclosed for security reasons and because we must protect our sources of information. I assure the Senate, however, that in due time every word which I am uttering will be amply substantiated by cold, hard facts.

We have obtained the text of the oral instructions which iron-curtain officials coming to the United States are given by their Communist masters. Let me read to you a portion of these instructions which are typical of the orders under which Communist representatives in this country operate. This text was prepared by former diplomats and representatives, whose knowledge is based on personal experience.¹

"We need to incite discontent, uneasiness in the capitalistic and bourgeois states. The greater is the discontent in each capitalist and bourgeois country, the ground for communism is more fertile. * * * Already now we have to revolutionize European and Asiatic continents. Strikes, revolutionary impetus of the trade-unions and labor, the weakening of capitalism through the demands of high wages so that they are not able to compete with the Soviet Union, the obstruction of different reactionary governments in their anti-Communist policy, the incitement for nationalism everywhere, the hatred against the colonial empires, the uprising of trade-unions against their governments, the various help to the Communist Party in the capitalist country, propagandizing the hatred against the reactionary in every country, particularly developing in the United States the impression that the economic depression must be inevitable."

Much of the evidence of the conspiracy against us is already a matter of public record. The hundreds of Communists and Communist controlled organizations which have sprung up like poisonous weeds bear dramatic evidence that infiltration of un-American ideology has been eminently successful. I need only to recall names like Gerhart Eisler, Harry Bridges, George Pirinsky, Ferdinand Smith, and Hanns Eisler to prove that much of the work of the Communist organization has been done by aliens in this country.

The arrest of Valentin Gubichev, an employee of an international organization, for espionage has brought to public attention the fact that Soviet Russia is using international organizations as a front for the importation of espionage agents. There are other cases of this nature, some of which will be revealed by the subcommittee.

We know further that organizations such as Amtorg, the Soviet trading agency, Tass, the Soviet news agency, Tanyug, the Yugoslav news agency, and similar organizations planted in this country by iron-curtain countries, are engaging in propaganda and other forms of subversive activity. This information, too, will be made public by the subcommittee.

Mr. President, I know what an outcry will be raised against this bill by the subversive propaganda machine. Tomorrow, the Communist press and the coterie of fellow travelers will whip themselves into a frenzy of self-righteousness. They will shout themselves hoarse crying "Red baiting!" "Hysteria!" "Police state!"

Let me, therefore, make this one point abundantly clear. This bill is not the result of hysteria; this bill is not intended to provide a platform for red baiting.

This bill is a sober, carefully considered proposal to protect the security of the United States of America from an enemy whom we have permitted to infiltrate our shores.

Mr. President, there is nothing really novel or unusual about this bill. Much of the language used, and two of its three principal provisions are in substance the law of the land, both in the Espionage Act, and the Foreign Agents Registration Act. The bill merely extends application of deportation and exclusion provisions to all aliens, in order to meet changing conditions, including those created by the establishment of international organizations. The reluctance of the State Department and other agencies of the Government to adequately enforce even the existing statutes on subversive activity has created a no-man's land within which Communist agents are building a system of ideological fortifications for the expected assault against the United States.

Mr. President, I have also written into this bill adequate safeguards to protect the innocent from prosecution, to safeguard the rights of aliens in the

¹ See testimony of Bogdan Raditsa, p. 45.

United States who may have unwittingly become associated with one of the hundreds of Communist fronts which have been organized in this country. Many of these associations have masqueraded behind the facade of charitable or welfare organizations. They have cloaked themselves in high-sounding phrases to attract and deceive the American public.

Let me here emphasize that the major responsibilities, powers, and functions of this bill have been placed in the hands of the Attorney General, because he is the principal law-enforcement officer in the United States and because it is his Department which is responsible for our internal security.

There is no obligation upon us under international law or custom to harbor or to afford protection to aliens who use the freedom extended to them for subversive purposes.

The argument will be raised that we cannot protect ourselves from alien agents, because it might upset our relations with other countries or because it would result in restrictions placed upon our diplomats abroad.

Mr. President, I find it difficult to provide a rational answer for such irrational arguments. If our foreign relations with any nation depend upon the entry of spies, of saboteurs, of an assortment of subversive agents, then I say the time has come that such relations be terminated. If we must pay tribute in the form of allowing aliens to subvert our form of government as a condition to temporary good will, we would be better off without it.

As for restrictions on our representatives in iron curtain countries, I need not point out that they are already surrounded by the secret police, limited in their movements and harassed in their activities to such an extent that any further restriction would not be possible. We can certainly derive no gain from a relationship in which we permit a foreign government to import a dozen active agents for each isolated representative that we send abroad.

The time has come for the Congress to face this issue squarely. We have always been a tolerant people. We have leaned backward to extend every courtesy and every privilege to anyone who came to this country. We have thereby exposed ourselves to subversion and injury. The struggle in which we are engaged is the fight for the survival of democratic government on this globe.

We cannot let that fight go by default.

APPENDIX II

ORGANIZATIONS DESIGNATED AS COMMUNIST OR OTHERWISE SUBVERSIVE BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES

A. CONSOLIDATED LIST OF ORGANIZATIONS PREVIOUSLY DESIGNATED AS WITHIN EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 9835 BY LETTERS OF NOVEMBER 24, 1947, AND MAY 27, 1948, ACCORDING TO THE CLASSIFICATIONS OF SECTION 3, PART III OF THE EXECUTIVE ORDER.¹

Totalitarian

Black Dragon Society
Central Japanese Association (Beikoku Chuo Nipponjin Kai)
Central Japanese Association of Southern California
Dai Nippon Butoku Kai (Military Virtue Society of Japan or Military Art Society of Japan)
Heimuska Kai, also known as Nokubei Heieki Gimusha Kai, Zaibel Nihonjin, Heiyaku Gimusha Kai, and Zaibel Heimusha Kai (Japanese Residing in America Military Conscripts Association)
Hinode Kai (Imperial Japanese Reservists)
Hinomaru Kai (Rising Sun Flag Society, a group of Japanese War Veterans)
Hokubei Zaigo Shoke Dan (North American Reserve Officers Association)
Japanese Association of America
Japanese Overseas Central Society (Kaigai Dobo Chuo Kai)
Japanese Overseas Convention, Tokyo, Japan, 1940
Japanese Protective Association (Recruiting Organization)
Jikyoku Iin Kai (Current Affairs Association)
Kibei Seinen Kai (Association of United States Citizens of Japanese Ancestry who have returned to America after studying in Japan)
Nanka Teikoku Gunyudan (Imperial Military Friends Group or Southern California War Veterans)
Nichiei Kogyo Kaisha (The Great Fujii Theatre)
Northwest Japanese Association
Peace Movement of Ethiopia
Sakura Kai (Patriotic Society, or Cherry Association—composed of veterans of Russo-Japanese War)
Shinto Temples
Sokoku Kai (Fatherland Society)
Suiko Sha (Reserve Officers Association, Los Angeles)

Fascist

American Patriots, Inc.
Ausland-Organization der NSDAP (Overseas Branch of Nazi Party)
Association of German Nationals (Reichsdeutsche Vereinigung)
Central Organization of the German-American National Alliance (Deutsche-Amerikanische Einheitsfront)
Citizens Protective League
Dante Alighieri Society
Federation of Italian War Veterans in the United States of America, Inc. (Associazione Nazionale Combattenti Italiani, Federazione degli Stati Uniti d'America)
Friends of the New Germany (Freunde des Neuen Deutschlands)
German-American Bund (Amerikadeutscher Volksbund)
German-American Republican League

¹ Part III of Executive Order 9835 prescribing procedures for the administration of an employee loyalty program in the executive branch of the Government requires the Department of Justice to furnish the Loyalty Review Board with "the name of each foreign or domestic organization, association, movement, group, or combination of persons which the Attorney General, after appropriate investigation and determination, designates as totalitarian, Fascist, Communist, or subversive, or as having adopted a policy of advocating or approving the commission of acts of force or violence to deny others their rights under the Constitution of the United States, or as seeking to alter the form of government of the United States by unconstitutional means."

German-American Vocational League (Deutsche-Amerikanische Berufsgemeinschaft)
 Kyffhaeuser, also known as Kyffhaeuser League (Kyffhaeuser Bund), Kyffhaeuser Fellowship (Kyffhaeuser Kameradschaft)
 Kyffhaeuser War Relief (Kyffhaeuser Kriegshilfswerk)
 Lictor Society (Italian Black Shirts)
 Mario Morgantini Circle

Communist

Abraham Lincoln School, Chicago, Ill.
 American League Against War and Fascism
 American Association for Reconstruction in Yugoslavia, Inc.
 American Committee for European Workers' Relief
 American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born
 American Committee for Yugoslav Relief, Inc.
 American Council for a Democratic Greece
 American Council on Soviet Relations
 American Croatian Congress
 American League for Peace and Democracy
 American Peace Mobilization
 American Polish Labor Council
 American Russian Institute (of San Francisco)
 American Slav Congress
 American Youth Congress
 American Youth for Democracy
 Armenian Progressive League of America
 California Labor School, Inc., 216 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.
 Central Council of American Women of Croatian Descent, also known as Central Council of American Croatian Women, National Council of Croatian Women
 Citizens Committee of the Upper West Side (New York City)
 Civil Rights Congress and its affiliates
 Committee to Aid the Fighting South
 Communist Party, U. S. A.
 Communist Political Association
 Connecticut State Youth Conference
 Congress of American Revolutionary Writers
 Congress of American Women
 Council on African Affairs
 Council for Pan-American Democracy
 Dennis Defense Committee
 Friends of the Soviet Union
 George Washington Carver School, New York City
 Hollywood Writers Mobilization for Defense
 Hungarian-American Council for Democracy
 International Labor Defense
 International Workers Order, including People's Radio Foundation, Inc.
 Jefferson School of Social Science, New York City
 Jewish Peoples Committee
 Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee
 Labor Research Association, Inc.
 League of American Writers
 Macedonian-American People's League
 Michigan Civil Rights Federation
 National Committee for the Defense of Political Prisoners
 National Committee to Win the Peace
 National Council of Americans of Croatian Descent
 National Council of American-Soviet Friendship
 National Federation for Constitutional Liberties
 National Negro Congress
 Nature Friends of America (since 1935)
 Negro Labor Victory Committee
 New Committee for Publications
 Ohio School of Social Sciences
 People's Educational Association
 People's Institute of Applied Religion
 People's Radio Foundation, Inc.
 Philadelphia School of Social Science and Art

Photo League (New York City)
 Proletarian Party of America
 Revolutionary Workers League
 Samuel Adams School, Boston, Mass.
 School of Jewish Studies, New York City
 Seattle Labor School, Seattle, Wash.
 Serbian Vidovdan Council
 Slovenian-American National Council
 Socialist Workers Party, including American Committee for European Workers' Relief
 Socialist Youth League
 Southern Negro Youth Congress
 Tom Paine School of Social Science, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Tom Paine School of Westchester, N. Y.
 United Committee of South Slavic Americans
 United Harlem Tenants and Consumers Organization
 United May Day Committee
 United Negro and Allied Veterans of America
 Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade
 Walt Whitman School of Social Science, Newark, N. J.
 Washington Bookshop Association
 Washington Committee for Democratic Action
 Wisconsin Conference on Social Legislation
 Workers Alliance
 Workers Party, including Socialist Youth League
 Young Communist League

Subversive

Communist Party, U. S. A.
 Communist Political Association
 German-American Bund
 Socialist Workers Party
 Workers Party
 Young Communist League

Organizations which have "adopted a policy of advocating or approving the commission of acts of force and violence to deny others their rights under the Constitution of the United States"

Columbians
 Ku Klux Klan
 Protestant War Veterans of the United States
 Silver Shirt Legion of America

Organizations which "seek to alter the form of government of the United States by unconstitutional means"

Communist Party, U. S. A.
 Communist Political Association
 Socialist Workers Party
 Workers Party
 Young Communist League

A10 COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN ALIEN AND NATIONAL GROUPS

Fascist

American Nationalist Party
American National Labor Party
American National Socialist League
American National Socialist Party
Committee for Nationalist Action
National Blue Star Mothers of America
Nationalist Action League

Communist

Abraham Lincoln Brigade
Action Committee to Free Spain Now
American Committee for Spanish Freedom
American Jewish Labor Council
American Russian Institute, New York
American Russian Institute, Philadelphia
American Russian Institute of Southern California, Los Angeles
Citizens Committee to Free Earl Browder
Citizens Committee for Harry Bridges
Comite Coordinator Pro Republica Española
Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy
Commonwealth College, Mena, Ark.
Detroit Youth Assembly
Hawaii Civil Liberties Committee
Michigan School of Social Science
North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy
North American Spanish Aid Committee
Oklahoma Committee to Defend Political Prisoners
Progressive German-Americans, a. k. a. Progressive German-Americans of Chicago
Schappes Defense Committee
Schneiderman-Darcy Defense Committee
United Spanish Aid Committee
Washington Commonwealth Federation

Organizations which have "adopted a policy of advocating or approving the commission of acts of force and violence to deny others their rights under the Constitution of the United States"

American Christian Nationalist Party
Association of Georgia Klans
Knights of the White Camellia
Original Southern Klans, Inc.

Organizations which "seek to alter the form of government of the United States by unconstitutional means"

Industrial Workers of the World
Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico

B. SUPPLEMENTAL LIST OF SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATIONS DESIGNATED BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF APRIL 21, 1949¹

¹The letter of the Attorney General transmitting this supplemental list to the Loyalty Review Board contains the following statements:

"As stated in my letter of November 24, the organizations heretofore named do not represent a complete or final tabulation. The study of investigative reports of the Federal Bureau of Investigation is a continuing one. The organizations named herein as coming within the scope of Executive Order 9835 are designated as a result of the same careful review of recommendations made by officials of this Department which has been outlined to you previously.

"The organizations designated below are classified in accordance with the categories set forth in sec. 3, pt. III, of Executive Order 9835. As in the case of organizations previously submitted, the designation is predicated upon the dominant characteristics of each. It must be borne in mind, of course, that while an organization may fall within more than one of the specified categories, it is necessary for the purposes of the Executive order to segregate them on the basis of dominant characteristics."

APPENDIX III

TRANSLATIONS OF INSTRUCTIONS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS SUBMITTED BY GEN.
IZYDOR MODELSKI¹

Polish Army
Chief Command
General Staff Division II
No. 0333
14 March 1946

Secret
Copy No. 1

INSTRUCTION ON THE COMPETENCE AND SCOPE OF THE ACTIVITIES OF THE MILITARY ATTACHÉ AT THE POLISH EMBASSY IN WASHINGTON

1. The Military Attaché at the Polish Embassy in Washington is under the Ambassador of Poland in matters of representation and political appearances.

2. The Military Attaché directs the over-all activities in the sphere of military representation in the United States. Through his first deputy, he makes preparations for establishing contact with Canada, Argentina, and Brazil—where Military Attachés will be assigned.

3. The Military Attaché resolves any difficulties [which may hinder] direct communications between Attaché's offices of specific North and South American countries and Poland.

4. Through his first deputy, the Military Attaché accomplishes the following tasks:

Controls the work of the Military Attaché in Mexico;
supplies that office with required materials from the homeland;
collects and transmits the correspondence of that office.

5. All diplomatic personnel assigned to North and South America will travel through Washington when reporting to their posts. The Attaché himself will establish contact with the Military Attaché assigned to these missions. Through his deputy—

He will give tactical instructions to the respective attachés, based on experience gained in the preparatory work done in these countries prior to setting up the offices of the Attachés;

he will decide on the method of controlling the work;

he will decide on the method of correspondence.

6. The Military Attaché in Washington will cooperate as closely as possible with his first deputy, so that in the event of the Attaché's absence the latter shall be in a position to replace him.

MICHAŁ ZYMIERSKI,

Minister of National Defense, Marshal of Poland.

14.III.1946 [14 March 1946]

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Copy No. 2—file

Drawn up 13.III.1946 [13 March 1946] AL

[Seal of the Minister of National Defense.]

Polish Army
Chief Command
Division II
No. 0334
14 March, 1946

Secret
Copy No. 1

INSTRUCTION FOR THE MILITARY ATTACHÉ AT THE EMBASSY OF THE POLISH REPUBLIC IN WASHINGTON

Polish colony in the United States

1. To ascertain and observe the activity of Polish organizations in the United States. Through your "residents,"² to observe particularly Polish re-

¹ The testimony of General Modelski appears on p. 6.

² Designation used for the heads of district espionage units. Residents are in direct contact with heads of foreign espionage units of satellite diplomatic missions.

actionary organizations, to determine their connections with similar circles in London, to ascertain their links with Poland, such as means of assigning agents and saboteurs.

2. Through the aid of people devoted to the democratic idea, to maintain contact with Polish democratic organizations, to support their struggle against reaction, aiming at creating a democratic bloc of all those of Polish origin in the United States. Information and propaganda activity should unmask the policy of the emigrant clique, in whose hands the Poles of the United States are objects of a political game against the Government of National Unity. Of special importance in winning over the Poles of the United States to our side is the commemoration of Tadeusz Kosciuszko. The 200th anniversary of the birth of the Polish and American hero occurs this year.

3. To observe the activity of such Polish organizations as the P. C. K.¹ and various welfare funds. To define their relationship to Poland and to emigrant circles. To what end and by what means funds are distributed.

4. To ascertain the intentions of the international organizations—UNRRA and YMCA—in relation to Poland.

5. To ascertain the relationship of the United States and various political groups to Polish organizations, democratic and reactionary. The degree and form of support given by them to Polish reactionary activities.

6. The connection of Polish reactionary organizations in the United States with the military clique of Anders,² activities of the information bureau of Matuszewski.³

7. To define and observe the relationship of American capital to the Polish colony in the United States and the country.

8. To arouse the public opinion of Americans and Poles of the United States against appeasement by American occupation authorities in Germany. A large percentage of the authorities are former German emigrants. Under their cover, the German press in the American Zone of Occupation is conducting a definite anti-Polish campaign.

9. Taking as a basis the note of the Polish Government of February 14, 1946, to conduct a campaign against the creation by American authorities of Polish guard companies or other Polish military units. Specifically it should be stressed that it is inadmissible that anyone in these units should wear insignia and merit badge distinctions of the Polish Army.

10. To secure the receipt of confidential political publications, especially those published by the Polish colony in the United States.

With the aim of obtaining information relative to the above matters, to organize a suitable information network among emigrant groups and in the offices of Polish organizations. In the first place, the following democratic organizations should be exploited:

(a) Polish American Labor Council, whose president, Leo Krzycki, is a member of the Socialist Party;

(b) Polonia Society, affiliated with the International Workers Order, president, Boleslaw Gebert;

(c) "Kosciuszko League," with headquarters in Detroit, Michigan;

(d) American Slav Congress.

The above-mentioned organizations do not exhaust the list of democratic organizations which conform loyally to the Government of National Unity.⁴ In order to become fully enlightened on the activities of emigrant-reactionary circles, it is necessary to have our own informers in organizations such as—

(a) Polish National Alliance, which has contact with "Sanacja"⁵ reactionary elements in Poland,

(b) Polish Roman Catholic Union,

¹ Polish Red Cross (Polski Czerwony Krzyz).

² Gen. Wladyslaw Anders, commander of Polish forces in Russia and, subsequently, commander of Polish forces in Italy. He is now head of the Polish Army exiled in England (commander in chief).

³ Ignacy Matuszewski, a follower of Marshal Jozef Pilsudski and Minister of Finance in Poland during 1929-31.

⁴ This designation was applied to the Communist-dominated postwar coalition government of Poland.

⁵ Followers of Marshal Jozef Pilsudski.

(c) Other organizations which profit from the support of the influential segments of the Polish colony in America.

In order to infiltrate influential American societies and to interest specific groups in the Polish problem, it is necessary to exploit all oppositional elements in relation to the present President. To obtain extensive information, the Attaché will organize a network of "residents," on whom he will place the responsibility of selecting agents. The Military Attaché does not come in direct contact with the agents.

MINISTER OF NATIONAL DEFENSE,
MICHAL ZYMIERSKI,
Marshal of Poland.

[Seal of the Ministry of National Defense.]

14.111.1946 [4 March 1946].

Reproduced in 2 copies:

Copy No. 1—addressee.

Copy No. 2—a/a.

Drawn up 13.3.46 [13 March 1946]

KS

Polish Army
Chief Command
General Staff Division II
No. 0382
22 March 1946

Top Secret
Copy No. 1

INSTRUCTION (DETAILED) FOR THE MILITARY ATTACHÉ AT THE POLISH EMBASSY IN WASHINGTON

The (detailed) instruction issued to the Military Attaché in the United States embodies direction for intelligence work and indicates the basic problems upon which Division II of the General Staff of the Polish Army should be kept informed. Methods and form of activities of the Military Attaché will be subject to the work conditions, internal situation of the country, and the personal prerequisites of the informant.

INTERNAL CONDITIONS IN THE UNITED STATES

ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES

A. Aviation

1. Total number of aircraft formations and their distribution, combat and numerical strength of the formations (manpower and equipment):

(a) according to statute,

(b) actual status.

2. Types of planes held in reserve for arming aircraft formations and their characteristics: (a) construction, (b) combat. Number of planes in the first and second lines.

3. Potentialities for development of aircraft formations: (a) manpower, (b) production of aircraft equipment. Quantities and destination of exports of airplanes.

4. Distribution of base and alternate airfields, their technical equipment and characteristics.

5. Methods of recruitment of personnel and [registration in] aviation schools, the curriculum and period of study.

6. Civilian aviation.

7. New types of planes.

8. Recent technical inventions in the field of aviation, carriers- and land-based planes in detail: technical data, extent of the application of radar, radio direction from the ground of pilotless planes either singly or in squadrons.

9. Combat manuals and joint operation between aviation and other branches of service.

B. Ground troops

1. *Infantry*.—Numerical strength, distribution, organization, combat manuals, firing power, training status, equipment, morale, and combat status, officers'

corps. The role and significance of the infantry in the armed forces in general. Is there a tendency to increase this role and the numerical strength of the infantry, or the opposite, or to maintain status quo?

2. *Artillery and armored troops*.—Organization, distribution, training status, combat manuals, equipment data (technical, combat, characteristic, etc.). Extent of production and application of V-2.¹ The role and significance of the artillery and armored troops in the armed forces as a whole. Is there a tendency to give greater weight and significance to this branch as compared to others, to do the opposite, or to maintain status quo?

3. *Engineer troops and signal corps*.—Organization, training status, technical equipment, characteristics of equipment. Is there a tendency to expand or reduce the role and numbers of these troops in the armed forces in general?

4. *Medical service*.—Organization, new methods of treatment, etc.

C. Navy

1. General description of the naval units (surface and subsurface).
2. Tonnage of the fleet for the current year. Losses sustained during the war.
3. Number of combat units according to categories: displacement, name, and class of ships.
4. Organization of naval units.
5. Principal naval bases and characteristics.
6. Shipyards: technical equipment, number of docks, their capacity.
7. Construction plans of new naval units.

D. Chemical units

1. Organization and distribution of chemical units.
2. Types of equipment used and its unannounced combat characteristics.
3. Recent inventions in chemical warfare, their characteristics and influence on war of the future.

E. Paramilitary training

1. Military training in schools and other institutions. Curriculum, importance ascribed to military training in the general curriculum of the school.
2. Youth circles and organizations of military character, age of the members and membership of said organizations.

F. Territorial army

1. Methods of recruiting according to status, age, length of service.
2. Distribution and identification marks of units.
3. Equipment and level of combat training.

ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION

1. Political organization (state authorities).
2. Chief legislative and executive body.
3. Election law.
4. Administrative division.
5. Number of Members in the Congress (House of Representatives and Senate).
6. Description of duties of the Secretary of State, the Supreme Court, and Congress.
7. Relation of various population groups to the national government.
8. Names of the most important representatives in government service.
9. Political rights of the people.

INTERNAL SITUATION

1. Laws regulating the life of citizens.
2. Reaction of people to the announcement of laws and statutes.
3. Attitude and political views of various population groups.
4. Commerce, monetary system, speculation.
5. Market and commercial prices.
6. Strikes, demonstrations, incidents, and the reaction of the government to them.
7. Political parties, form of political contests, influence of political parties on the people.

¹ The German rockets employed in the latter stages of the war against England.

ECONOMIC CONDITION

1. Natural resources, stock piles, annual extraction, location of natural resources.
2. Raw materials of military value.
3. Development of various branches of industry and yearly production.
4. Agricultural, arable land, yield, total farm income, distribution of land.
5. Annual budget and its subdivisions.

INDUSTRY

1. Principal branches of industry, especially war industry, total production of various enterprises and branches of industry.
2. Location of industry, especially war industry.
3. Role of public and private capital in the various branches of industry.
4. Status of various firms and associations (trusts, cartels), their productive capacity, type of production, number of employed workers.
5. Role of foreign capital in industry: Name of firm, size, branches of enterprise.
6. Construction of new industrial plants (especially war plants).
7. Technical improvements in industry.
8. Work of engineers, research institutions, and laboratories.

LOANS

1. Announcement of national loans, purposes, terms, period, and amount.
2. Method of selling bonds to the public.
3. Reaction of the public to announcements of government loans.
4. Lotteries, payable in goods or cash.

LEVEL OF CIVILIZATION, HABITS, AND CUSTOMS

1. Average ability to read and to write. Educational system. Schools, size of attendance.
2. Publications. Political views in literature, music, and films.
3. Standard of living.
4. Social conventions in private life and public places.
5. Creeds, marriage contracts, divorces. Family life and the jurisdiction of courts in this sphere.

FREEDOM OF MOVEMENT WITHIN THE COUNTRY

1. Regulations and laws governing movements within the country (especially in the frontier zones).
2. Documents required for traveling within the country and in the event of traveling abroad.
3. Method of acquiring documents for travel (e. g., tickets) and their prices.
4. Control of railway administration and of shipping lines. Timetables of passenger trains on the most important lines.
5. Baggage-checking facilities, porters, restaurants, hotels. Customary procedures.
6. Customary procedure in use of mails, telegraph, telephone, etc.

REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE SOJOURN OF FOREIGNERS

1. Total number of foreigners.
2. Attitude and measures of authorities in relation to foreigners, their political rights. Occupations engaged in most frequently by foreigners.
3. Relationship of authorities and the public to particular nationalities.
4. Identification documents and those authorizing residence. Method of obtaining them.
5. Possibilities of assuring living quarters and employment for foreigners.
6. Method of obtaining entrance and exit visas for foreigners.

POSSIBILITY OF SETTING UP ENTERPRISES, STORES, WORKSHOPS, ETC.

1. Possibility of and procedures for setting up the above-mentioned businesses for citizens and foreigners.

RADIO SUBSCRIPTIONS

1. Conditions for acquiring and using radios.
2. Number of radio subscribers, methods and terms of registration, conditions for receiving and transmitting on private sets.
3. Number of radio schools, duration of courses, kinds of specialists trained. Entrance requirements for citizens and foreigners.

FOREIGN POLICY

1. Trends in international politics and orientation of individual politicians.
2. International agreements (open and secret) of a political, military, and economic character.
3. Amount of public interest in foreign policy manifested by specific groups.
4. Influence of and dependence on the foreign policy of other countries (England, U. S. S. R., etc.).
5. Colonial policy.
6. Accreditation of representatives of foreign missions, press, conferences.
7. Credits of economic or military significance extended to other nations: amount, duration, and terms of repayment.

FORMATION OF RESIDENCIES

In setting up information networks, it is important to observe that they be composed of separate residencies, not connected with one another, and that each has his own informants. Special attention should be paid to the selection of residents and to the organization of an apparatus that will be mobile, operational, and have the possibility of supplying pertinent information, in accordance with the requirements.

The details of organizing information posts should be delegated to the residents. There should be a minimum number of residencies and the information network should not be extended at the expense of the number of informers. Over-extension of the information network may indicate its origin, may cause superfluous immobility, and ultimately facilitate its discovery.

For intelligence work, only people in high places with wide social connections, in a position to deliver intelligence material, should be engaged.

The selection of a resident should be preceded by a thorough and extensive investigation of his activities, social standing, political convictions, as well as the positive and negative traits of his character.

Investigation of the individual may be carried out as follows:

(a) by personal observation in the course of service contacts and in casual social meetings,

(b) by study of his reputation and his political activities.

The creation of residencies should be accomplished in relationship with the prescribed aims and previously established requirements.

One should not engage for intelligence work people whom one meets casually and does not investigate properly.

Haste in recruiting may lead to unfortunate results. It should be remembered that successful intelligence work depends on the proper selection of cadres.

ORGANIZATION OF THE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

1. Within the residencies (outposts).—Communications within the residencies are maintained only from the top down. Each member of a residency knows only his immediate superior and the individual with whom he has contacts in his work (liaison man, administrator of underground local), depending on conditions.

Horizontal communications between various informers or members of residencies are forbidden. The resident directs the work of his post through—

- personal instructions,
- liaison men,
- post-office box.

Selection of the method of maintaining contacts in each individual case will depend on the character of the agent and local conditions.

Unless professional or friendship ties exist, frequent contacts between residents and informants should be avoided.

2. *Contacts of the Military Attaché with residents.*—The Military Attaché directs the work of the residents by personal contact or through trusted persons. The other members of the residency should not know their "boss" (Attaché).

The Military Attaché should avoid frequent meetings with the residents in public places and on occasions which have nothing to do with the official appearances of the Military Attaché. Meetings in places at which the Military Attaché does not appear on official business should be delegated to trusted persons after working out details of the meeting beforehand. Special care must be taken in the selection of the place for the meeting and in determining the password. The meeting should be adapted to local conditions. Rash meetings, not carefully prepared, must not be permitted.

CONSPIRACY OF WORK

The diplomatic passport and conditions surrounding the official presence of the Military Attaché facilitate in part the conduct of the intelligence work and create a certain "cover" for unofficial intelligence activity. Nevertheless, it should be remembered that the Attaché will find himself under the constant and close observation of the counterintelligence and of the reactionary circles of the Polish emigration (former agency of the London Government). For this reason, the Attaché should control his activity in accordance with intelligence instructions. Persons who are not associated with the intelligence work should have no knowledge of the work, either directly or indirectly.

Special attention should be paid to the recruitment of people for intelligence service. The final hiring should be delayed, i. e., until after a thorough examination of the given individual and trial period, during which he should receive unrelated assignments, devoid of intelligence significance.

Experience shows that some of our official representatives organized intelligence work carelessly and did not give enough serious thought to the problem of recruiting, arranging meetings, etc. Disclosures of their activities were made in the presence of the Embassy staff members who had nothing in common with our work and the result of such activity came to the knowledge of undesirable persons.

Such a worker becomes compromised and should leave his diplomatic post. The Attaché should, therefore, approach his activity from the conspiratorial point of view, and on this premise must work out his plan of action. He must constantly supervise and control the activities of those to whom he assigned the execution of operational tasks. Only constant vigilance in connection with his own activities and the constant check of his subordinates will enable the Military Attaché to perform good intelligence work without compromising himself.

(Signature) W. KOMAR (Col.).¹

Duplicated in 3 copies:

Copy No. 1—addressee.

Copy No. 2—archives.

Copy No. 3—file.

22.111.1946 [22 March 1946]

I. B. No. 52.

[Seal of The Polish Army, Chief Staff, Intelligence Department.]

Polish Army
Chief Command
General Staff Division II
No. 035/II

Copy No. ———
Secret

"A"—27.6.1946 [27 June 1946]

Military Attaché at the Embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington,
Lt. Gen. Modelski.

1. Subject: Bor Komorowski's² stay in the United States.

As a result of the first concrete information concerning Bor's stay in the United States, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs addressed to the Embassy of the United States a sharp protest against the conduct of those United States officials who seem more and more inclined to give an official character to this visit. So

¹ Wacław Komar, head of Polish Military Intelligence.

² General Tadeusz Bor-Komorowski was the leader of the wartime democratic underground army in Poland.

far, the Government of the United States has neither reacted to our note nor caused its officials to change their attitude towards Bor. That Bor is still treated as a "Chief Leader" and official representative of an unrecognized and unrepresented group of emigrants is proved among other things, by the fact that he was received by General Eisenhower, to say nothing about all his activities conducted with the support of the Polish National Alliance between May 3 and the present time.

On the basis of other data, I conclude that the military group of emigrants also aims at establishing a reputation and gaining recognition for its intentions in some South American countries.

The general aim of the Bor action appears to be the desire to maintain intact military units immune from interference and observation by the homeland—as well as to maintain a dynamic center of reaction.

The above action has not thus far encountered any serious difficulties. On the contrary, the intervention of Senator Thomas,¹ Chairman of the Senate Military Committee, confirms that the question of the taking over by the American Command of Polish units in Western Europe may become a reality. We must oppose this action with utmost energy. The following means to counteract are at the disposal of the General:

(a) To request clarification and explanation from the War Department of the status in which the highest above-mentioned military officials receive Bor, and to request information as to what official conversations were conducted with Bor and the extent to which the War Department is engaged in Bor's plan of handing over units of the Polish Armed Forces to the American Command. Such a request is completely justified if one takes into consideration that this matter pertains to Poles who are serving in Polish units, and of whom a large percentage are of draft age.

(b) To establish direct and indirect contacts with those members of the Congress and Senate who are opposed to the idea of taking the Polish units under the American Command, supporting and encouraging them in their actions in this matter.

(c) In cooperation with the Press Attaché of the Embassy, to publish articles in the Polish-American press describing Bor in a true light on the basis of the Warsaw Uprising.

Activities of NSZ² in Poland, and the contacts of the emigré military command with them.

Accomplished breaking up of the unity of the Polish nation.

2. The next problem of basic importance is the matter of an American loan for our government.

Although this is not a matter in your immediate sphere, nevertheless, to the authority of your rank and function, as well as your personal dignity, I ascribe no less importance than to the professional activities of specialists. Therefore, I should like you to add your efforts to the efforts of other persons who are working primarily in that field. Talks on the subject of a loan were recently renewed. In order to have this loan granted and to obtain the best terms, it is necessary to prepare American public opinion properly and, above all, the circles interested in the loan; that is, military, industrial, and financial circles. In this connection, I wish to call attention to the importance of personal activities in the circles concerned. In this action, taking advantage of the cooperation of the Press Attaché, concrete material which is to be found at his disposal should be used.

3. Among matters belonging to the sphere of work of the Military Attaché in the United States, I should like to call attention to the importance of the problems connected with American industry. The problems which are of basic importance for us are specified in the instructions.

4. Enclosed in present mail are two decorations, which please transmit to Major Klonowski.³ These are two crosses granted to two Mexican citizens—Citizen Sylvestre Ortiz and Citizen Nestor Sanchez Fernandes—for their work and service rendered in the Brigade named after J. Dabrowski during the war in Spain. Major Klonowski should decorate both Mexicans on the occasion of the nearest national holiday.

¹ Senator Elbert D. Thomas, chairman, Military Affairs Committee.

² National Armed Forces (Narodowe Sily Zbrojne), an anti-Communist wartime military organization.

³ Maj. Jozef Klonowski, Polish Military Attaché in Mexico.

5. Concerning the list of American officers (sent by Colonel Alef¹) proposed by Citizen Kmiecik for Polish decorations, I advise you that this list has already been sent on for consideration and action.

6. An additional aide to work in the office of the Attaché has already been designated and will be at your disposal within a short time. He is Major Kierys, who knows the English language and the United States very well.

7. Colonel Alef addressed a request for the dispatch to the Attaché's office of a set of decorations and medals for propaganda purposes. Since thus far not all decorations have been placed at my disposal, I am awaiting their completion, when I shall mail them.

CHIEF OF THE SECOND DIVISION OF THE
GENERAL STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY,
W. KOMAR, *Colonel*.

Typed in 3 copies:

Copy No. 1—to the addressee.

Copy No. 2—a/arch.

Copy No. 3—a/a (for files).

Drawn up: KE.

24.6.46 [24 June 1946].

Printed B. I.

Record No. 26.

Polish Army.
Headquarters
General Staff, Division II.

Secret
Copy No. 1

2.
No. 0176/II.
30 July 1946.
Military Attaché of the Polish Embassy in Washington, Major General Modelski.

First of all, I wish to communicate in general what attitude the Marshal² took with regard to your two handwritten letters (of June 10 and June 13 of this year) to him.

The Marshal declined to take cognizance of these letters because:

(a) they have the character of private letters;

(b) official business requires the form of official correspondence.

1. The evaluation of the atmosphere and area as difficult factors for you to acquire is completely justified by information on hand and for this reason your intention not to conduct political activity *in the beginning* was understood here.

Having already made contacts, as for example with the Hallerite³ group, it is necessary that these contacts bear with ever-greater intensity the imprint of political factors.

Such a gradation of approach must be used in every other case.

2. In connection with the above, your plan of visiting Polish centers in several cities in the United States has also gained approval.

In taking such trips, it is worth stressing the fact that Polish emigrants in the United States basically feel close attachment for Poland. This feeling was and is often used to advantage by London⁴ agencies now operating in that area.

3. The plan of expanding the Attaché's Office in Washington by a Naval and Air Attaché's office is being earnestly considered.

The request for a commissioned officer for the Military Attaché has been taken into consideration. On July 14 of this year Major Edward Kierys left Warsaw for Washington via London with the purpose of taking over this position.

CHIEF OF DIVISION II, GENERAL STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY,
(Signed) W. KOMAR, *Colonel*.

Typed in 2 copies:

Copy No. 1—address.

Copy No. 2—a/a.

Prepared by K. E.

29.7.46 [29 July 1946]

Typist B. I.

File No. 75

¹Col. Gustav Bolkowiak Alef (Aleksiej Frumkin), Assistant Military and Air Attaché of Poland in the United States.

²Marshal Michael Zymierski, Minister of War.

³The veterans of the Army of Gen. Jozef Haller, who commanded the Polish Army in France during World War I.

⁴Referring to the Polish democratic government in exile in London.

Polish Army.
Chief command.
General Staff Division II.

Secret
Copy No. 1

No. 0219/II
13.8.1946 [13 August 1946]

Military Attaché at the Embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington, Lt. Gen. Modelski.

With the object of evaluating the problem of Polish emigration in the various countries of Europe and outside of Europe, you should supply us with the necessary material according to the following outline:

1. Total number of emigrants, being subdivided into:
 - (a) emigration before 1939,
 - (b) emigration after 1939,
 - (c) influence of the new emigration on the old,
 - (d) number of Poles (Polish citizens),
number of Poles, citizens of a given country who feel attached to the Polish nation.
2. Social break-down:
 - (a) rural (farmers, farm hands),
 - (b) industry,
 - (c) commerce,
 - (d) free professions,
wages, standard of life, relationship between the social groups.
3. Relationship of the immigrant group with the government of a given country and local society, including the treatment of the group by the government and society.
4. Political organizations: program, number of members, attitude toward other parties and toward the Government of National Unity.
5. Organizations: trade, social, cultural—their attitude toward the Government of National Unity.
6. Distribution (where larger groups are to be found), local and general importance in a given country.
7. Survey of groups, organizations and individuals:
 - (a) cooperating with the Government of National Unity,
 - (b) sympathizers with ————.
 - (c) inimical to ————.
8. The possibility of using the emigrant group for:
 - political aims.
 - intelligence objectives.
9. Card file of the outstanding personalities.

CHIEF OF THE SECOND DIVISION OF THE GENERAL
STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY,
W. KOMAR, *Colonel*.

Typed in 10 copies:

Copy No. 1—According to the Distributor.

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Drawn up by K. E. 10.8.46 [10 August 1946].

Printed by B. I. Record No. 21.

Subject to return to the Code Division within 48 hours.

Top Secret
Making of any copies forbidden
Copy No. —

Coded Message No. 400 from Warsaw dispatched 22.8.1946 [22 August 1946],
accepted 22.8.1946. Received by the Code Division 22.8.1946, 15:00 hours.

Gen. Modelski.

We have advised Pashley¹ that the High Command of the Polish Army wants to send one of the higher Generals in order to deliver a Kosciuszko banner from the Polish Armed Forces to West Point. The purpose is the establishment of personal contacts and closer ties between the Army and the Polish Armed Forces.

¹ Col. Walter A. Pashley, Military Intelligence, U. S. Army.

Colonel Pashley is contacting Washington in this matter. Will await reply.
If you can, speed the answer along through proper interventions. We desire that the departure of our General take place in the beginning of September.

KOMAR.

No. 4252

22.8.46 [22 August 1946]

Decoded 22.8.1946 at 15.35 hours.

Decoded by Broz.

Polish Army.
Chief Command.
General Staff Division II.
No. 0262/II.
26 August 1946.

Secret
Copy No. 1

Military attaché at the embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington, Gen. Modelski.

1. Social and political problems of the Philippines are treated in your report very superficially.

Material available to us from other sources would indicate rather that the independence of the Philippines, although declared officially on June 28 of the current year by the Government of the United States, is in fact very problematical, if not totally fictitious, which also, in a certain sense, could be interpreted from your report, where you write that the country, essentially rich in natural resources, nevertheless has a population that is poor and hard-working.

As far as the "Guerillas" are concerned, this must be evaluated as a movement for the liberation of a colonial people.

Because we have in a sense conflicting information, we ask you for a deeper and more objective analysis of the situation in that country, with a detailed description of the attitude of the population in general.

2. In the matter of a decoration for Captain Sattgasta of the United States Army, we have communicated with the Ministry of Culture and Art. This Ministry has assigned the matter to the Chief Administration of Museums and Protection of Monuments for positive action.

3. Your appointment as Air Attaché and that of Colonel Alef as Deputy will be sent forward. Also the matter of an air mechanic will be arranged in accordance with your wishes.

4. In answer to the inquiry by Colonel Alef, we advise you that field mail 70603-D was changed to "No. 2697 Brzeg. Slask," and mail may be directed to this address. On the other hand, the unit 31899 is dissolved. If detailed data concerning persons were furnished (surname, name, date, and place of birth, date of mobilization) to whom correspondence of American citizens was addressed, an attempt could be made to find them in Poland and to report their addresses to interested persons in the United States.

5. Modification on General's caps are not yet decided.

6. Copy of the book by Strumpf-Wojtowicz will be sent.

CHIEF OF THE SECOND DIVISION OF THE GENERAL
STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY,
W. KOMAR, *Colonel*.

WARSAW, 11-9-1946 [11 September 1946].

Polish Army
Chief Command
Number 0320/II

Military Attaché at the Embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington, Lieutenant General Modelski

I have commissioned General of the Army Karol Swierczewski, the Second Deputy Minister of National Defense, to conduct an inspection of the work of your office up to the present time.

A22 COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN ALIEN AND NATIONAL GROUPS

In this connection, I order you to conform explicitly to the instructions and directives of General of the Army Karol Swierczewski.

[Seal of the Ministry of
National Defense]

MINISTER OF NATIONAL DEFENSE,
ZYMERSKI
(MICHAL ZYMERSKI,
Marshal of Poland).

Secret
Copy No. 1

Polish Army
Headquarters
General Staff, Division II

2

No. 0455/II
23 October 1946

Military Attaché of the Polish Embassy in Washington, *General Modelski*

I enclose "Desiderata" (Enclosure No. 1) of the Military Mission Regarding Questions Concerning Peace Conferences for Polish Outposts Abroad, for the purpose of becoming acquainted with them, and in view of the importance of these problems I recommend the most scrupulous preparation.

CHIEF OF DIVISION II, GENERAL STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY,
KOMAR, *Colonel*.

Typed in 2 copies:

Copy No. 1—(address):

Copy No. 2—(a/a).

Prepared by R. W.

22/10/46 [22 October 1946]

Typist B. I.

File No. 27

Secret
Copy No. —

Desiderata OF THE MILITARY MISSION FOR QUESTIONS CONCERNING PEACE CONFERENCES FOR POLISH MILITARY OUTPOSTS ABROAD

In connection with the approaching peace conference regarding the peace treaty with Germany and with the necessity of *preparing material* for the military delegation in Paris, a Military Mission for Questions Concerning Peace Conferences has been created at the headquarters of the Polish Army. Besides material which is available here in Poland, the Mission requires material from abroad, and namely:

(a) Information concerning the views of various statesmen, politicians, and military leaders regarding our western boundaries, stated officially or unofficially (at meetings, in the press or during friendly conversations.)

(b) Remarks on this subject made by party leaders or representatives of political organizations, by scientists, publicists or other persons playing an important role in public life.

(c) Articles or excerpts from the daily and periodical press regarding this same problem.

(d) Books and publications treating of problems of the organizations of Europe after the war, taking Central Europe into consideration in the first place, and chiefly Polish-German relations.

(e) All sources mentioning German propaganda regarding the moving of our western boundary or other problems affecting our future. The question here is mainly that of *picking up arguments which the Germans might be able to use before the peace conference in the fight over the boundaries and to gain for themselves the best peace conditions.*

(f) Personal observations and feelings established in that area on the basis of private conversations with people having contact with political or military spheres, or in any other manner.

(g) Information and material regarding the attitude of the above-mentioned circles and persons toward the problems of the Polish-Czech boundaries and, in general, regarding the problem of the friendship of nations and the Slav governments.

In view of the importance and urgency of these matters and the necessity of a thorough preparation of the problems from various points of view (military, political-historical, and economic), the Military Mission for Questions Concerning Peace Conferences requests that pains be taken to have the information embrace the greatest possible number of questions on the subject given above and to have it sent in the quickest possible way.

Typed in 4 copies:

Copies No. 1-4, according to instructions.

Prepared by M. J.

Typist N. I.

File No. 30

Secret

WARSAW, 30 December 1946.

Polish Army
Chief Command
L/P.0713/II

Military Attaché at the Embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington,
Lieutenant General Modelski

Upon evaluation of your reports thus far received, I am obliged to state that they are chaotic and of little value, both from the point of the contents and form.

The method of thematic treatment of the problems touched upon in your reports indicates that you are yielding to the influence of your environment, losing to a considerable degree the feeling of objectivity in the realistic evaluation of the situation and the intentions of American policy.

It would be, from all points of view, desirable for you to observe events, tracking them down to their sources, and then evaluating them in tranquility, dispassionately, from a certain perspective, free from the thinking habits of the greater capitalistic world. Then your material will cast a truer light on the problems which interest us.

Your work should be based on the collection of data and information from all directions, independent of the Polish-American sector, concerning the entire military, economic, and political life of the United States.

Your reports should be characterized by objectivity and should contain pertinent information and reliable data.

I draw your attention to the fact that your primary task is to follow the development of the military life of the United States, observing in the first place trends in training, organization, and armament of units including the Federal National Guard.

To these matters you should direct the attention and the main weight of the work of the office of the Attaché.

Beside this, your trip to the Philippines was completely inappropriate.

In the future, I request that all journeys of a diplomatic representative character be cleared in advance with me.

DEPUTY COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE POLISH ARMY CHARGED WITH
POLITICAL EDUCATIONAL MATTERS,
MARJAN SPYCHALSKI
(MARJAN SPYCHALSKI, *Engr. Lieutenant General*).

Typed in 2 copies:

Copy No. 1 (to the addressee).

Copy No. 2-a/a (for files).

Drawn up by J. K. 14.12.46 [14 December 1946]

Printed by B. I. Record No. 13

Secret
Copy No. 1Polish Army
Headquarters
General Staff, Division II2
No. 0724/II
2 January 1947

Military Attaché of the Polish Embassy in Washington, Major General Modelski

EVALUATION OF REPORTS OF AUGUST, SEPTEMBER, AND OCTOBER, 1946

GENERAL REMARKS

The military, political, and economic situation of the United States is explained subjectively.

One-sided information, often without giving the sources in connection with which the influence of certain well-known, super-capitalist American circles is apparent.

It is necessary to distinguish in the reports between two fundamental parts which are intertwined in the individual documents.

The first part, data and information from the military field; the second, political and political-military generalizations.

In regard to the first part, which introduces the subject most interesting to us, we need information subject to certain basic conditions: it must be objective, systematic, true, concrete, and worked out according to a plan.

Some data and information, as for example, part of that regarding the budget, certain details in the sphere of aviation and others, are useful contributions to studies regarding these problems and were correspondingly used to advantage.

However, it is necessary to state that the greater part of the information received does not meet the above-mentioned conditions.

Our Bureau of Studies found in it many inaccuracies, exaggeration in evaluation, especially regarding the atom bomb, and in the majority of instances, a lack of objectivity.

PARTICULAR REMARKS

In the report of 26-8-46 [26 August 1946] we find information regarding new military inventions in the United States. Also in the report of 5-9-46 [5 September 1946], information is given on page 8 regarding the atom bomb. In this last report we read: "The storm caused by the explosion of the atom bomb, in comparison with a natural land storm reaching hardly 5 miles per hour, reaches a velocity of 30-40 miles per hour (page 1)."

This data disagrees with the factual state, because the velocity of a land storm reaches 32-39-46 miles per hour, not 5 miles per hour (a little wind with a velocity of 4-7 miles per hour is hardly perceivable. See Air Navigation, P. V. H. Weems, Lieutenant Commander, New York, McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc., 1942, page 400).

Moreover, a storm caused, as is reported, by the explosion of an atom bomb with a velocity of 30-40 miles per hour is, in turn, not so terrible.

On page 3 of the report, we read: "The explosion of an atom bomb creates in the center of the explosion a fiery ball scores of hundred feet in diameter. The temperature in the center of this ball reaches millions of degrees C. Scientists evaluate the temperature of this ball generally about 3000° to 9000° C. Igneous waves reached a distance of 13,700 feet."

Aside from the fact that the second sentence of the enclosed paragraph is altogether unintelligible, the following sentence, where mention is made of evaluation of scientists, contradicts the preceding one.

On page 6 of the report of 5-9-46 [5 September 1946] the numerical strength of an infantry division is given as 14,037. It actually is 13,404. Referring to the numerical strength of new infantry divisions, 17,000 is approximately correct, but not accurate. In connection with this, the new strength of infantry divisions is modeled on the English infantry division, with insignificant changes.

In all the reports, especially where there is discussion regarding the strategic and military position of the United States, regarding the preparedness of the armed forces and the atomic weapon, we often meet general and exaggerated statements, concrete data not being given.

For example, in the report of 26-VIII-46 [26 August 1946], on page 4, we read that new research has resulted in the discovery "of the so-called meson particle—

infinitely more powerful than the particle released by the atom bomb. It is as if a new monster was created, a super atom bomb; that is, a cosmic bomb."

Likewise, the evaluation of the experiment on the Bikini Atoll is exaggerated. It is even known from the world press that the results at Bikini do not give reason for superlatives. In the report of 5-IX-46 [5 September 1946], on page 2, we read: "the terrificness of the strength of the blast (during the explosion of the atom bomb) is actually beyond imagination"; at the same time, the velocity of this blast is described at 30-40 miles per hour. This is an evident exaggeration, when we consider that the velocity of a storm reaches 75 miles per hour and a wind of a velocity of 30-40 miles per hour is described by the above-mentioned Commander Weems as "a moderate gale"! In view of this, all the considerations including in the report regarding the terrible effects of this blast are not convincing.

Military Budget of the U. S. A.

Report of 19-IX-46 [19 September, 1946] (regarding Wallace's letter):

Army and Navy, 13,000 million dollars. Liquidation of military activity, 5,000 mill. doll.

Debts and provision for veterans, 10,000 mill. doll.

Total: 28,000 mill. doll.

Report of October 13, 1946:

Budget for all armed forces 11,383 mill. doll.

Report of October 14, 1946 (Regarding Rex Collier, "The Sunday Star"):

National Defense Budget, 28,000 mill. doll.

Army and Navy, 13,150 mill. doll., including the costs of demobilization and reparations arising from the state of war.

Report of 14 October, 1946 (Regarding the speech of Secretary of War Patterson):

National Defense Budget, 18,500 mill. doll., including Army, 5,000 mill. doll., Navy, 3,000 mill. doll.

The budget of government expenses of the U. S. A., according to a report of the National City Bank of New York "Economic Conditions Governmental Finance United States Securities" of September 1946:

	<i>Mill. doll.</i>
War Department.....	8,060
Navy Department.....	5,150
Terminal leave of enlisted personnel.....	2,418
U. S. Maritime Commission.....	290
War Shipping Administration.....	412
Other (includes UNRRA).....	2,178
National Defense subtotal.....	18,508
Veterans' Pensions and benefits.....	6,205

In sum, comparing these figures, the Bureau of Studies is confronted with the problem: which data are true? Who is badly informed or wishes to inform badly? Wallace, Collier, Patterson, or someone else.

This problem can be solved by an accurate report on the budget.

The silhouette evaluation of President Truman as a providential man for the U. S. A., having behind him the whole American people, is, in our opinion, false. It is also apparent to us that Truman did not gain in authority after the statements of Wallace, but on the contrary lost much in prestige.

The role of the Labor Unions is erroneously interpreted, and the name "fifth column" will not stand criticism. The statement that the activity of the Labor Unions meets with the decided reaction of "a healthy society" brings up the question as to what part of society you consider healthy.

The information regarding the amendment to the Constitution regarding the length of term of a member of Congress and the amendment of the provisions of the Constitution regarding the possibility of the declaration of offensive war by the U. S. A. requires a plain statement regarding the source of this information. (Report 03/I. M., point 7, of 28-8-46 [28 August 1946].)

If the question is one of the prospect of the breaking out of war between the United States and the U. S. S. R., we are not of the same opinion as expressed in the report of 5-9-46 [5 September 1946], page 7, that "we are on the eve of a possible conflict * * *". It is true that there exist in the West certain influential groups of warmongers which Marshal Stalin has branded in his statements. These groups certainly incite to war, but generally speaking, this is

blackmail and proof of fear. In closer perspective, war is not threatening. In the given situation it is necessary to state with great objectivity that the U. S. S. R. does not desire aggression, which is suggested in many of your reports, but just the opposite. It desires to strengthen lasting peace in the world.

In your report of 26-8-46 [26 August 1946], on page 6, you give the opinion of American military men which in our opinion is not entirely humorous, but rather cynical, stating that "one trouble today is the defenselessness, in view of the Constitution, which does not permit offensive war by the U. S. A." Is this not a clear expression of a desire for aggression, at least in these circles?

Too often you depend on data taken from surveys of the Gallup Institute, which in our opinion not only investigates, but makes public opinion in the United States, and its results are often the "pious wishes" of certain influential but, fortunately, not very numerous circles. That the results of the surveys of the Gallup Institute are not objective, is testified, for example, by the results of similar surveys of other institutions, as for example, the Center of Surveys of Public Opinion at the University in Denver, Colorado, which conducted an inquiry on the subject of whether the United States and the U. S. S. R. must decide upon war. 87 percent of the answers in the entire United States stated that neither the Soviet people nor the American desires war and that they will not decide upon it. Only 9 percent saw the possibility of an armed conflict.

Generally speaking, our Bureau of Studies considers a considerable part of the information as inaccurate and tendentious and partly not arranged, and in view of this, in a majority of cases, it cannot make use to advantage of this data and information, either as complementary or comparative material.

In accordance with the order of the Marshal, you must in the first place occupy yourself with military matters, giving us data concerning:

1. Military doctrines of the United States.
2. Organization of the land army, air force, and navy:
 - (a) numerical strength—kind of recruitment;
 - (b) location—taking into consideration bases.
 - (c) armament and technical equipment, chiefly regarding the land army: communications (centers, kind of equipment); engineers (centers, kind of equipment); artillery (equipment, technical data); armored defense (equipment, technical data).
3. Development of military training in detail:
 - (a) kind of schools.
 - (b) number of schools.
 - (c) duration of theoretical training, centers and equipment.
 - (d) location of schools.
 - (e) lines and programs of training—new doctrines.
 - (f) practice during training and after completion (kind, duration, conditions).
4. Corps of commissioned and noncommissioned officers:
 - (a) recruitment (manner, conditions, restrictions, if any).
 - (b) theoretical training and practice—level.
 - (c) state of morale.
 - (d) material situation.

CHIEF OF DIVISION II, GENERAL STAFF
OF THE POLISH ARMY.

(Signed) KOMAR, *Major General*.

Typed in 2 copies:

Copy No. 1—address.

Copy No. 2—a/a.

Prepared by K. J. 14.12.46 [14 December 1946].

Typist B. I. File No. 14.

Top Secret
Making of copies forbidden.
Copy No. —

Subject to return to code
division within 48 hours.

Cipher Dispatch No. 62 from Warsaw sent 24.1.47 [24 January 1947] received 24.1.47.

Received in the code division 24.1.47 at 10 p. m.
General Modelski.

In reply to your cipher dispatch of January 13 of this year, we wish to communicate that in the question of the western boundaries the Potsdam provisions are binding upon us.

Minister Olszewski¹ gave you the general outline of action. Please follow these rules and do not undertake action of a wider pattern on your own account.

GENERAL KOMAR.

No. 743.

25.1.47 [25 January 1947].

Decoded 25.1.47 [25 January 1947] at 11 a. m.

Decoded by: Broz.

Polish Army
Chief Command
General Staff Division II
Number 0930/II
24 February 1947

Top secret
Copy Number 1

Military Attaché at the Embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington, Lt. Gen. Modelski

Please send a detailed list of your informers, indicating—

1. Name and surname of the informer.

2. Age.

3. Full address.

4. Method of contacting him.

5. His previous work.

6. Remuneration.

7. Reputation.

This must be destroyed after reading.

CHIEF OF THE SECOND DIVISION OF THE
GENERAL STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY,

(Signature) KOMAR, *Major General*.

Typed in 3 copies:

Copy 1-2 According to the Distributor.

Copy 3-a/a (for files).

Drawn up by M. Z. 15.2.47 [15 February 1947].

Printed by E. B. Record No. 26.

Polish Army
Headquarters
General Staff, Division II

Secret
Copy No. 1

2
No. 0885/II
18 February 1947

Military Attaché of the Polish Embassy in Washington, Major General Modelski

1. In connection with the fact that our letter No. 0444/II (circular No. 10), regarding the character of the offices of attachés of foreign governments and their personnel, has not yet been taken care of, please hasten the matter and send the material by the first mail.

2. In the letter of December 20, 1946, No. 0134/A, we sent an article by R. Sidorski entitled "The Watch on the Oder and the Neisse" for use in the press.

In this regard, we await information regarding its success and request that you send excerpts from the press, together with the information.

3. In reference to our letter No. 0571/II of November 29, 1946, we wish to inform you that to date we have received nothing on this subject.

I hasten to remind you of this matter and request that you treat it as urgent.

CHIEF OF DIVISION II, GENERAL STAFF OF
THE POLISH ARMY,

(Signed) KOMAR, *Major General*.

Typed in 2 copies:

Copy No. 1—address.

Copy No. 2—a/a.

Prepared by M. Z. 13/2/47 [13 February 1947].

Typist B. I. File No. 11.

¹ Jozef Olszewski (Specht or Szpecht) Chief of the Political Department of the Foreign Ministry of Poland.

A28 COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN ALIEN AND NATIONAL GROUPS

Polish Army
Chief Command
General Staff Division II
No. 0931/II

Secret
Copy No. 1

24 February 1947

Military Attaché at the Embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington, Gen.
Modelski

In connection with the fact that the unification of the armed forces of the U. S. A. has been accomplished, please prepare a report on the organization of the Department of National Defense, also on the Department of the Army, Air Forces, and Naval Forces.

CHIEF OF THE SECOND DEPARTMENT OF THE
GENERAL STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY,

(Signed) [illegible],
(For) KOMAR, *Maj. Gen.*

Typed in 2 copies:

Copy No. 1—to the addressee.

Copy No. 2—a/a (for files).

Drawn up by M. Z. 2.2.47 [21 February 1947].

Printed by E. B. Record No. 30.

Polish Army
Chief Command
General Staff Division II
No. 01051/II

Secret
Copy No. 1

24 March 1947

Military Attaché at the Embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington, Gen.
Modelski

Please send the following data concerning the American Navy:

- (a) Detailed organization of the fleet at lower echelons.
- (b) Detailed organization of the Naval air force.
- (c) Organization and exploitation of underwater craft.
- (d) Characteristics and methods of training naval personnel.

CHIEF OF THE SECOND DIVISION OF THE
GENERAL STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY,

(S) W. KOMAR,
(—) KOMAR, *Maj. Gen.*

Typed in two copies:

Copy No. 1—to the addressee.

Copy No. 2—a/a (for files).

Drawn up by M. Z. 11.3.47 [11 March 1947].

Printed by E. B. Record No. 14.

Polish Army
Headquarters
General Staff, Division II
2

Secret
Copy No. 1

No. 01252/II

5 May 1947

Military Attaché of the Polish Embassy in Washington, Lieutenant General
Modelski

EVALUATION OF THE MATERIAL FOR THE PERIOD: NOVEMBER 1946–JANUARY 1947

GENERAL REMARKS

Your reports contain much material, but they have nevertheless the character of chronological notations. This method of formulating and explaining your subject matter causes certain difficulties in taking advantage of it as informational, comparative, or supplementary material.

The following can serve as an example in this respect: considering the problems of perimetric defense in 17 reports.

To facilitate the work of our Bureau of Studies and to create for us a clear picture of the problems touched upon, I should like to ask that you arrange your reports in the following form;

(a) a synthetic development of the subject as a whole, to harmonize with established facts problems that have been in existence for a long time;

(b) a periodic development of the subject on the basis of information acquired in a precisely defined period.

I ask that you supplement the reports coming under point (a) with specific reports as incidents accrue and events develop.

In continuation, to support certain theses, you enclose quite frequently the results of "surveys of public opinion" of the Gallup Institute.

We wrote to you about this, and we repeat that the surveys made by the Gallup Institute are not decisive; please compare them with the surveys of other American institutions concerned with surveys of public opinion, which will to a certain degree facilitate your orientation and evaluation of the character of American society. Therefore, to depend on the Gallup Institute only is one-sided and insufficient. With the information, please always give the source.

SPECIAL REMARKS

No. 38/I.M. 46/Tjn.¹ of 14-11-46 [14 November 1946]

It is not essential that "the building of additional large warships is going on at full speed," but it would be essential to show the types of these ships, their tonnage, their armament. The report should be completed with the following material: (1) technical and tactical data regarding ships outfitted for the so-called "atomic warfare," (2) concretely in what the change from the old equipment to new consists, (3) the data regarding the fleet of the United States in the Mediterranean Sea.

No. 31/I.M. 46/Tjn. of 15-11-46 [15 November 1946]

The statement of the budget of the land Army of the U. S. A. and the Navy is given thoroughly.

No. 43/I.M. 46/Tjn. of 18-11-46 [18 November 1946]

The report consists of abstract information, a single article, which does not give the whole of the problem. It could have been a fragment in a review of the American press regarding the western boundaries of Poland. Since it is presented as separate information, it cannot be used to advantage.

No. 28/I.M. 46/Tjn. of 21-11-46 [21 November 1946]

To supplement, please send the stipulations of the plan of the Army and the Navy providing for a six-month period of training of youth and the results of this plan.

No. 49/I. M. 46/Tjn. of 23-11-46 [23 November 1946]

To supplant please give:

1. Data regarding the National Guard and Organized Reserves (organization, numbers, method, and kind of training, officers);
2. Names of line ships slated for scrapping;
3. Data regarding the construction of "quick-firing" cruisers: (a) whether they are in use and how many; (b) construction program.

No. 52/I. M. Tjn/46 of 25-11-46 [25 November 1946]

Lewis' strike is evaluated properly and accurately.

Please give the following data: (a) what viewpoint is taken by coal companies in the matter of changing from bituminous coal to gas; (b) what kind of bases are found in Persia, their location, and personnel.

No. 59/I. M. Tjn/46 of 11-12-46 [11 December 1946]

1. The problem of a change from coal to other kinds of fuel is very important. Please investigate the technical side of a change to natural gas and liquid fuel.

2. Page 1, line 8, from the bottom, reads: "according to an official statement, coal sets in motion 50.4% of industry; oil, 10.2%." Please explain whether oil or petroleum. If oil, what kind?

¹ The abbreviation "I.M." stands for Izydor Modelski. The abbreviation "Tjn." stands for "tajne," the Polish word for "secret."

No. 60/I. M. Tjn/46 of 14 December 1946

Please investigate carefully and report all statements of officials and prominent persons in the U. S. A. regarding the German problem.

No. 61/I. M. Tjn/46 of 17-12-46 [17 December 1946]

The subject is developed one-sidedly, and, for that reason, it cannot be made use of to advantage. The declarations of the Gallup Institute are not competent if the question is one of the opinion of the people of the U. S. A. in regard to the U. S. S. R.

CHIEF OF DIVISION II,
GENERAL STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY
KOMAR, *Major General*.

Typed in 2 copies:

Copy No. 1 (address).

Copy No. 2 (a/a).

Prepared by M. Z. 29-4-1947 [29 April 1947].

Typed by E. B. File number 174.

Minister of National Defense
Number 01253/II.

Top Secret
Copy No. ----

WARSAW, 5 May, 1947.

Military Attaché at the Embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington, Lieutenant General Modelski (to be delivered to proper hands).

Despite my remarks and instructions thus far, I confirm on the basis of your reports that you continue uncritically to yield to the influence of your environment and the atmosphere created by the financial circles, which at the present time rule the United States.

Your reports and evaluations reveal that frequently you are unable to differentiate between all sorts of manifestations, facts, and inspired information, and the actual aims and tendencies of American policy.

As a result, your exposé of the economic-political situation in the United States is not in conformity with the real situation in ruling America and represents only an echo of official propaganda.

Keeping constant contact, official and social, with persons of various world opinions, belonging to different political groups, is part of your official duties and should enable you to develop a well-rounded and accurate judgment concerning the sum total of events which occur in the life of the United States. The allowance given you for representation is designed for this purpose and should be used to benefit the service.

The analyses, evaluations, and deductions submitted by you to date concerning the situation in the U. S. A. differ from the opinions of Col. Alef on the same subject.

With a view toward improving the information service of the Office of the Attaché and to gain a broader picture of American life as a whole, I suggest that you cooperate more closely with Colonel Alef and aim at an objective and realistic evaluation of military problems, as well as the manifestations of economic and political life of the United States.

[SEAL]

MINISTER OF NATIONAL DEFENSE,
ZYMERSKI
(MICHAŁ ZYMERSKI, *Marshal of Poland*).

Typed in 2 copies:

Copy No. 1 (to the addressee).

Copy No. 2 (a/a, for files).

Drawn by J. M. 5-5-47 [5 May 1947].

Printed by D. I. Record No. 138.

Secret
Copy No. 1

Polish Army,
Chief Command,
General Staff Division II,
No. 01373/II
31 May, 1947

Military Attaché at the Embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington, Lieutenant General Modelski

EVALUATION OF MATERIAL FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1-II (1 FEBRUARY) TO 30-4-1947
(30 APRIL 1947)

The materials received by us (practically all of which, with the exception of the [evaluation] of the German problem) are based exclusively on press reports. Although they do possess informational value, they do not, however, cover the matters to which we attach primary importance that is: the reporting on problems with a definite deadline as shown in the tabulation of problems enclosed in our letter No. 0827/II. It is an established fact that the press is one of the important sources of information, but not the only source of information.

Without disregarding the permanent and current affairs, please attend to the questions with a definite deadline as outlined in our letter 0827/II.

Up to the end of April we have not received any material relating to:

(a) Questions with definite deadlines:

1. Organization of the artillery.
2. Organization of the armored units.
3. Organization of the Air Force.
4. Numerical strength of the Army, Navy, and Air Forces.

(b) Routine questions:

1. Evidence of large units.
2. Radio industry.
3. Commerce
4. Financing of the occupation zone in Germany (capital and its penetration into Germany.)
5. Import-Export Bank.
6. International Monetary Fund.
7. War industry.
8. Communications and transport.

Please consider as very urgent, as the first task of the Attaché's office, the completion of the missing data, in particular those relating to questions with definite deadlines.

CHIEF OF THE SECOND DIVISION OF
GENERAL STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY,
KOMAR, *Major General*.

Typed in 2 copies:

Copy No. 1 (to the addressee).

Copy No. 2 (a/a, for files).

Drawn up by M. Z. 27-5-47 [27 May 1947].

Printed by D. I. Record No. 173.

Secret

Polish Army,
Chief Command,
General Staff Division II,
No. 01374/II,
31 May 1947

Military Attaché at the Embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington,
Lieutenant General Modelski

Please attend, before the end of June 1947, to all questions and problems raised by us and upon which we have thus far received no reply.

CHIEF OF THE SECOND DIVISION OF THE
GENERAL STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY,
KOMAR, *Major General*.

Secret
Copy No. 1

Polish Army,
Chief Command,
General Staff Division II,
No. 01375/II,
31 May 1947

Military Attaché at the Embassy of the Polish Republic in Washington,
Lieutenant General Modelski

I. Your report L. 64/I. M. secret/46 states that the regular Army is 2,431,000 strong. This figure does not tally with your previous report L: 52/I.M. secret/46, in which you indicated that the Army has requested in its National Defense program that its regular strength be established at 1,070,000 men.

These figures (both in the first and second report), likewise, do not tally with the data which we possess from other sources.

In relation to the above, please check the above data and submit a new tabulation of the numerical strength of the ground forces of the regular Army, together with indications of your sources of information.

II. In connection with the new division of the U. S. A. territory from the heretofore six armies to seven /L.64/I.M. secret/46, please forward a map indicating the new division, together with explanatory data on the motives for and objectives of the introduced change.

CHIEF OF THE SECOND DIVISION OF THE
GENERAL STAFF OF THE POLISH ARMY,
KOMAR, *Major General*.

Prepared in 2 copies:

Copy No. 1 (addressee).

Copy No. 2 (a/a).

Drawn up by M. Z. 27-5-47 [27 May 1947].

Printed by D. I. Record No. 172.

Telegram.

General W. Komar, Warsaw.

Secret

Washington, 16.X.1947 [16 October 1947]

In reply to your message of 12.X.1947 [12 October 1947].

1. The opinion of political circles:

The Bureau of Information in Belgrade is a maneuver of a propaganda nature, undoubtedly offensive, designed to support the Communist movements in Italy and France. It is not the resurrection of the Comintern which "never died."

As the official expression of the governments of the Slavic Bloc, it will undoubtedly intensify the economic-political war now in progress and will not contribute to the maintenance of peace, since the Western Bloc will not permit the collapse of the Marshall Plan. To the contrary, the intensification of the conflict will lead rather to the collapse of the reconstruction plans in Eastern Europe, as the consequence of the loss of markets for the exportation of coal. Without aid from the West, there is no rehabilitation of the East. The political economic concept of the Eastern Bloc is doomed to a slow but certain end as a consequence of the economic collapse, and also additional differences in views on the world as a whole held by the people inhabiting Europe.

Only a general revolution in Western Europe can draw that part of Europe into the economic-political orbit of the Soviet Union, but there is little likelihood of this, and this will not succeed.

The offensive move of the Eastern Bloc is the second important stumbling block for the policy of the [Soviet] Union on the international arena, bringing nearer war rather than world peace.

As concerns Polish coal, on the exportation of which the Polish government bases its economic policy for the reconstruction of the Homeland, this coal, although cheaper and so essential for the reconstruction of Western Europe, can be replaced by coal of other origin, even though more expensive.

Tomorrow I shall transmit the opinion of military circles.

Lieutenant General Dr. I. MODELSKI,
Military and Air Attaché.

Coded Message No. —.

To: Warsaw.

From: General W. Komar.

Subject: Cable of 12.X.47 [12 October 1947].

Top secret.

Making of copies forbidden.

Wash. 17.X.1947 [17 October 1947]

2. Opinion of military circles:

The Belgrade act also has a military aspect: to divert attention from the principal aim and direct it toward important aims, but which are of secondary importance in the present situation; namely, toward Italy and France. This view has already been voiced by the American General Staff in opposing the assignment of troops to Palestine, which country in the present situation occupies a position of lesser than secondary importance in the military planning.

In fact, the Soviet Union, thanks to its central position, holds the strategic advantage of being able to select the direction of the attack or attacks and the deployment of forces of an eventual adversary or adversaries; on the other hand, not having the advantage of free movement on the seas, [the Soviet Union] will, in the final analysis, itself be subject to a similar deployment.

Old applications of the strategy of retreat using space (Napoleon, Hitler) will no longer play the same role in modern strategy.

The consequence of the Belgrade offensive will be the acceptance of the law of universal military service, the increase of the military budget, and the acceleration of the military preparedness of the United States, as well as the withholding of all financial and export aid which might strengthen the [Soviet] Union and the Eastern Bloc; in short, the intensification of the economic war.

The next report will be devoted to the opinion of diplomatic circles.

Lt. Gen. I. MODELSKI.

Cablegram.

Secret.

Washington, 18.X.1947 [18 October 1947]

In reply to your cablegram of October 12, 1947.

General W. KOMAR:

3. Opinion of diplomatic circles here (Latin America):

The Warsaw-Belgrade¹ act is a test of political support for the economic war declared against the Marshall Plan.

The first reply of the United States is the resignation of Under Secretary of State Clayton² and the pending economic boycott of the Union and the Eastern bloc. Next will be the breaking off of diplomatic relations with the [Soviet] Union by the governments of South America.

The unquestionable defeat of the [Soviet] Union in the economic war will cause the political collapse of the Union, and under present conditions Russia is not yet prepared for military action.

As experience so far shows, Communism is not in a position to control any nation in favor of the concept of a Communist world without the use of armed forces for this purpose. Russia has accomplished this only by armed force, both as an ally and as an occupant in Eastern Europe.

The act of political intimidation by the manifesto of October 6 of this year had a contrary effect.

The Western Hemisphere will also give the United States full military support. Latin America has at its disposal a splendid although small army, organized and trained with the help of instructors from the United States.

The United States, exceedingly strengthened in its position, will not retreat and will not involve itself in a false compromise.

The Belgrade act is proof of Soviet weakness and is a preliminary to the decline of political influence of the Union.

Whatever the outcome of the political and economic war being waged now, and regardless of whether or not the [Soviet] Union will withdraw from the UN, the

¹ This is a reference to the establishment of the Communist Information Bureau (the Cominform) at Belgrade at a meeting of the heads of the Communist Parties in Warsaw.

² Will Clayton, Under Secretary of State for Economic Affairs.

question of the settlement of boundaries must be finally decided upon at a general conference of the United Nations.

Lieutenant General I. MODELSKI.

Cablegram.

Secret

WASHINGTON, 15 May 1948.

General KOMAR, *Warsaw*:

1. According to my information, the latest United States moves, initiated on 4 May in Moscow, were intended to show the world that the United States, for its part, will not recognize nor undertake any bilateral conversations or agreements in connection with the international situation. This action is designed to strengthen confidence in the UN and the foreign policy of the United States.

Further large-scale political and military moves are to be expected by the U. S., backed by the great anti-Communist bloc which is to be revealed at the proper time. This action in Europe is supposed to be aimed at eliminating the division of Europe and the so-called iron curtain. General Bradley's speech on the subject of the freedom of the nations of Eastern Europe was already a significant indication thereof.

The basic element of the politico-military action of the U. S. is to be the public announcement of what, now separating the West and the East in Europe (including Turkey), the U. S. will regard as a line threatening the security of the U. S. and as a possible *casus belli* in the event it is crossed by the Eastern bloc.

The government of the U. S., in undertaking the new and great offensive for the sake of world peace, desires to reinforce it by a show of military strength and combat preparedness backed by a bipartisan policy and a purged, strong, and united home front. Despite strikes, which absolutely do not and will not have a political nature, nor will threaten the general security (see the coal and railroad strikes), the Government of the U. S. considers that it is in full control of the domestic situation and it need fear no surprises from this quarter in the event of an armed conflict.

At the same time, aside from private industry, which already has partially gone over to war production, several hundred government industrial plants and shipyards, which have been idle up to the present, are said to have received orders on April 15 of the present year to resume war production.

On April 30th of this year, the final staff work on establishing the organizational and operational plan of the defense perimeter and its special sectors, which has been going on for some time, was completed.

Representatives of countries with which the United States has secret military agreements likewise participated in this work.

2. As soon as possible, upon my return from hospital observation, to which I am again to submit during the next week as a result of the sudden worsening of my condition on April 30 of this year and my confinement to bed, I shall indicate the date of my return home.

At present, I again feel better. At any rate, if there are some questions which cannot be postponed, please submit them to me.

Within the next few days, I shall become the Dean of the Military-Diplomatic Corps in Washington.

/s/ General MODELSKI.

Cablegram.

Secret

WASHINGTON, 8 June 1948.

General KOMAR, *Warsaw*:

Neither the feverish preelection activity nor even the trimming of the ERP by the House should obscure the true military-political situation here. In spite of the present political atmosphere of peace, military circles are seriously counting on the possibility of an armed conflict as a result of some surprise attack on "the will of the people" at some strategic point. Recent numerous and unequivocal utterances of leading representatives of the armed forces are not merely an act of political pressure on the legislative bodies. The mobilization measures for preparedness have already encompassed all industry and the national economy, and measures for control over internal security are likewise nearing completion. The tremendous budget which was adopted will now make possible the realization of the entire mobilization plan. The continued strengthening of the Navy in Europe and the eventual granting by Congress of the power of

decision in the matter of draft to President Truman prove that the so-called cold-war is passing into the hands of the military.

Voluntary military training in the schools is on a very high level, according to the opinion of Prof. Olpinski, who is visiting here.

The joint staff of the United States Armed Forces is undoubtedly fully occupied with the military problems of Europe, one proof of which is the conference of the American Intelligence Service now going on in Frankfurt and the disclosure of mobilization directives for American industry ("A guide for joint industry-military procurement planning," June 1948).

With regard to Poland, telegrams addressed to the Polish American Congress by leading American statesmen such as Vandenberg, Dewey, and Taft should not be regarded purely as courteous pre-election telegrams.

Upon conclusion of the presidential campaign at the two principal conventions, the month of July should cast light on both the foreign and internal policies of the United States and become the starting point for a series of political and military moves by the United States.

General MODELSKI.

Cablegram.

Secret

Washington, 15 June 1948

General W. KOMAR,

Warsaw:

The complete arming and rearming of the U. S. Armed Forces is being carried out in accordance with the so-called push-button concept. The disclosure of the plan of civilian mobilization, the law concerning the draft, insuring a peacetime strength of the armed forces of about 3½ million men, including 1½ million reserves (aside from the one-year voluntary service of youths (18 years old) numbering 161,000), and the so-called Foreign Legion, 25,000 at present, and the increase of 4 billion dollars in the budget of the armed forces alone, indicates not only an increase in the influence of the military but also the trend of future United States policy.

In many military fields new "sensational" achievements are said to have been attained, especially in the ability to "see the world." For this purpose, some sort of mysterious central station and a series of substations are being constructed (which I am investigating) on the perimeter, and the armed forces are likewise being equipped with already perfected guided missiles and the latest radar equipment.

The Senate's approval of Vandenberg's resolution concerning "alliances against aggression," Dulles' declaration that the United States will not recognize "accomplished facts," President Truman's speech in California, et cetera, prove that the so-called cold war, hitherto constantly condemned by military circles as harmful to the security of the United States, will not meet with a determined reaction on the part of the United States.

The State Department, I am informed, is preparing some sort of lengthy note to Moscow.

General MODELSKI.

Cablegram.

Secret

Washington, 21 June 1948

General KOMAR,

Warsaw:

The final passage of the compulsory military service act in time of peace, none too easy because it is contrary to established traditions, presages a series of political regroupings in the cause of internationalism and United States leadership in the struggle against Communism. These changes are to become apparent at the so-called conventions and will be completed on the day the president is elected. Opponents of the "draft" (for example, Congressman O'Konski)¹ do not at all belong among the champions of the [Soviet] Union. Some defended tradition, others isolationism (without stating so publicly), and others again based their arguments on the fact of the recently increased influx of volunteers.

In general, however, the politicians do not foresee an armed conflict during this year and consider the "peace offensive" advantageous in the present situation.

¹ Representative Alvin E. O'Konski, of Wisconsin.

This optimism, however, is not shared by military circles. The intelligence agencies of the Army and of the foreign service (NSA and CIA) for the second time are alarming the U. S. Government [by stating] that the [Soviet] Union is making a whole series of strategic moves in Europe and in Asia. The Joint Staff, with the approval of President Truman and on the motion of Sec. Forrestal, and Gen. Marshall,¹ has issued a whole series of new regulations in this connection.

The new draft law, thanks to its flexibility, which is adapted to the local situation, will serve excellently both the concepts of compulsory and voluntary enlistment, as well as insure at the same time the increase and the quality of the reserves.

General MODELSKI.

Cablegram

Secret

General KOMAR,

Warsaw:

No matter who becomes President, or what the the party composition of Congress is, the foreign and domestic policies of the United States will definitely pursue the course of fighting Communism. The retiring General Marshall is to be replaced by General MacArthur.

Military circles do not attach great importance either to Berlin (they do not believe that Russia is seeking a fight at this early date) or to the Tito affair. "Elsewhere" they see more important surprises, to meet which the United States continues to strengthen its strategic perimeter and is organizing the air forces of the future anti-Communist bloc (numerous missions are already functioning).

The control over industry (see the draft law) and the priority of orders from the military are being exploited to the full, and the construction of new war plants is in full swing. (I am investigating both matters.)

I wish to call attention to the "D. P." Act of June 18² of this year, which officially foreshadows the abrogation of military agreements not recognized by the Senate up to this time.

[s] General MODELSKI.

Cablegram

Secret

Washington, 19 July 1948

General KOMAR,

Warsaw:

I basically uphold all my reports to date. The present hot preelection platform contests are a normal phenomenon of the "way of life" here and do not threaten in any way the internal life or the fixed lines of foreign policy. The United States is secured against all surprise attacks by the great power with which the President is endowed as commander in chief, personally responsible for the state of security. In his hands lies complete decision to acknowledge where and when this security is or be threatened. He has the right to undertake all preventive steps, including war. The power of the President is even more complete since the United States formally continues to remain "in a state of war."

President Truman, however, has so far been conducting a tactical policy of the corresponsibility of congressional bodies, not forgetting, however, the operations of a state of war. The special session of Congress called for the 26th of this month is to have for its purpose the adoption of "UMT," the foreign legion, and perhaps "national emergency."

General MODELSKI.

Cablegram

Secret

Washington, 21 July 1948

General KOMAR,

Warsaw.

The United States has entered upon a course of decided firmness in its foreign policy. The display of war preparedness of the United States is to force the

¹ James V. Forrestal, Secretary of Defense, and Gen. George C. Marshall, Secretary of State.

² The Displaced Persons Act of 1948, Public Law 774, 80th Cong.

[Soviet] Union to reckon with force. If it is to come to war, then it is better now, when the [Soviet] Union is not yet ready for it, than later. Hence the further strengthening of strategic positions (also of land armies) and the decision to support the resistance movements in "satellite" countries, as well as a possible blockade of maritime commercial lanes in reply to the blockade of Berlin.

General MODELSKI.

Cablegram

Secret

Washington, 23 July 1948

General KOMAR,
Warsaw.

Whatever the further development of the political and diplomatic warfare between the East and West may be, Truman's doctrine and global strategy will continue to remain actually political and military. The high prices of increased production and labor, together with the high percentage of employment (about 62 million persons) are, in my opinion, a natural phenomenon of huge military demands and the Marshall Plan (the 3-year plan of economic and industrial mobilization will end in October of this year), and not the expected classical depression or postwar inflation. From the military point of view, the great spy trial and the arrest of the leading Communists as a means of internal security in case of conflict with Soviet Russia have been accelerated.

General MODELSKI.

Cablegram

Secret

Washington, 26. 7. 1948 [26 July 1948]

General KOMAR,
Warsaw.

If the international situation should become worse, President Truman is to present to the present special session of Congress an order for total mobilization signed by him (Emergency Powers Act) submitting to him entirely all life here, with the right also to use to advantage amicable agreements.

General MODELSKI.

[Received, December 1946]

Write clearly, neatly and with ink only.

Form No. 3

BIOGRAPHY

For-----
(military rank, given name and surname, and name of father)

The following questions, with the necessary explanations, are to be answered according to the form, in your own handwriting, without erasures and corrections:

The year and place of birth, into what kind of family were you born, what was the occupation of your parents before 1939? During the occupation of Poland (their address), did you or your relatives live abroad, when, how long, and how did they support themselves? Reason for return to Poland.

Do you have acquaintances or relatives abroad in foreign positions, agencies, or others among the population of other countries?

Civil status, occupation of your wife, her parents, brothers, and sisters before the war and at present.

The occupation, particularly the specialty, of the person filling in the questionnaire. When did you begin to work independently, how long have you worked (or served)? Work during the occupation of Poland by the German Fascists. What property do you own, since when, and where?

Party affiliation (please give to what parties or political groups you have belonged, where, when, and the reason for withdrawal).

To what political organizations, particularly military, did you belong during the German occupation of Polish territory?

Military service, when and in what unit, how long in what position and in what rank (Russian, Austrian, Polish, German)?

If you served in the Red Army, when, where, and in what position (last position)? Connection with military service at the present time.

Did you serve or did your relatives serve in General Anders' Army and other Polish units formed abroad after 1939?

Participation in the 1914-1921 war; when, where and of what did your participation consist?

To what social organizations did you belong up to September 1, 1939?

Were you or your close relatives tried or subject to trial, or arrested, punished judicially, administratively, or for disciplinary reasons?

Nationality, citizenship. Have you been a citizen of any other country and when did you receive Polish citizenship?

Place of residence (complete address).

[Received 12 December 1947]

DEAR GENERAL: I have learned from General Paszkiewicz that your self-cognizance leaves much to be desired, the more so because the state of your health has lately been unsatisfactory. The information enclosed in the letter to General Paszkiewicz sheds new light on conditions existing in your Attaché's office.

I am extremely sorry that during the visit of your assistant to Warsaw I was not informed in detail regarding the existing situation. Your silence up to now regarding the existing relations with your assistant surprises me even more, since it is evident from your letter that this matter has not come up suddenly, but has been growing for a longer period of time.

There is no question in my mind that in such a responsible position as yours strict compliance with given orders and directives, conscientious and absolute discipline, and harmonious cooperation of the whole force are basic elements necessary for the proper functioning of the Attaché's office for the good of our Army and Fatherland.

After noting the contents of your letter, it seems to me that the existing situation prevents you from working calmly and efficiently. The unbecoming relations and conduct of Colonel Alef toward you, his superior, is obviously an intolerable matter from the viewpoint of military discipline, as well as for the good of the service. Please believe me, General, that I shall not fail to draw the proper conclusions from the above and I shall take the proper preventive measures for the future. You must not at the same time occupy yourself with this matter and I sincerely advise you not to take it too much to heart.

I know that you have a good will and the best desire to serve the cause which we all serve. We come to you with complete friendship, which, after all, we have expressed repeatedly.

The evaluation of your reports from the angle of our needs should not discourage you. The aim of these evaluations is to give you the opportunity to direct the work of the office of the Attaché with respect to our main and existing requirements arising from the present situation.

It is difficult for me to discuss fully in a short letter the matters and problems accumulated during your half-year absence from your country. I judge that it would be better if you came here for a few weeks.

I am convinced that your immediate presence and personal general explanation will bring much interesting and valuable material regarding all these problems, which cannot be fully referred to and discussed in official reports. We shall also be able to discuss in particular all the headaches, grievances, and questions of the Attaché's office, and we shall also on this occasion definitely regulate and correct the question of the undesirable working atmosphere in your Attaché's office.

I leave the matter to you of possibly bringing Colonel Alef with you.

And so—until we meet. I wish you everything good and I remain with a sincere handshake.

(Signed) KOMAR.

P. S.—Your work: The United States, Russia, and Poland—please send it by all means and as quickly as possible.

Subject to return to
Code Section within 48 hours.

Top secret
Making of Copies is forbidden
Copy No. -----

From Warsaw : dispatched 18-3-47 [18 March 1947] : accepted 18-3-47; received by Code Section 18-3-47, at 23:00 hours

GEN. MODELSKI: Do not renew the lease on your private apartment, because you will probably be assigned to a different post. Please submit detailed proposal for (official service) apartment for the Attaché.

Please send Col. Alef immediately to the homeland.

KOMAR.

No. 2402:
20-3-47 [20 March 1947].
Decoded 20-3-1947 [20 March 1947] at 13:15 hours.
Decoded by Broz.

Subject to return to
Code Section within 48 hours.

Top secret
Making of copies is forbidden
Copy No. -----

From Warsaw : despatched 21-3-47 [21 March 1947] : accepted 21-3-47; received by Code Section 23-3-47, at 23:00 hours

MODELSKI: In pursuance of coded message of March 17th, I inform you that you will continue to remain at your present post. Postpone Col. Alef's departure until new decision. Renew lease on apartment.

KOMAR.

No. 2469:
24-3-47 [24 March 1947].
Decoded 24-3-47 at 9:30 hours.
Decoded by Broz.

Subject to return to
Coding section within 48 hours.

Top secret
Making copies, forbidden.
Copy No. ----

From Warsaw : dispatched 10-6-47 [10 June 1947] ; accepted 10-6-47; received by Code Section 11-6-47, at 10:00 hours

GEN. MODELSKI: By order of the Marshal, report in Warsaw for the purpose of discussing the work of the Attaché's office as a whole.

KOMAR.

No. 4788:
11-6-47 [June 1947].
Decoded 11-6-47 [11 June 1947] at 12:00 hours.
Decoded by Broz-Kulaga.

Telegram in code No. 39

Top secret

From Warsaw ; sent 22-5-48 [22 May 1948] ; received 23-5-48 [23 May 1948] ; received by Code Room 23-5-48, at 17:00 hours

GEN. MODELSKI: In connection with the general situation and the situation in the Attaché's Office, your presence in Warsaw for the purpose of discussing these problems is essential. By order of the Marshal, you should report by June tenth. If by that date the state of your health will not permit you to fly to Warsaw, it will be proof that you also cannot continue your work as Attaché. In that event, you will receive sick leave with pay in order to undergo treatment. A successor will be named to your post. Please answer immediately whether we can count on your arrival by the date set.

GEN. KOMAR.

No. 711:
24-5-48 [24 May 1948].
Decoded 24-5-48 [24 May 1948] at 15:00 hours.
Decoded by Kulaga.

Cablegram

Secret

WASHINGTON, 3 June 1948.

GENERAL KOMAR,
Warsaw:

The doctors said that my departure at present is not indicated. They predict that my complete recovery would take place within 4 to 6 weeks, at the latest, so that I would not be able to undertake a journey until about the middle of July of this year.

In communicating the foregoing, I wish to state that I do not accept the proposal offered me in your cable of May 22 of this year, as this proposal, coming (as it does) at the end of my illness, is untimely. I greatly regret that you did not make me this offer during the most critical period of my illness, inasmuch as you knew about it, and, also, about the fact that, in spite of it, I nevertheless did not neglect my basic duties. What is more, I achieved your recognition and your decision to retain me in this important post.

Almost all my predictions so far have proven true, and I maintain that the others will likewise come true. I received no replies to my inquiries whether you need any particular information, other than the constant demand that I return in spite of my illness. Unfortunately, you did not inquire about the state of my health, so that now, when the state of my health is beginning to be satisfactory, I cannot and do not accept your proposal, as it is untimely by now.

I do not overestimate, but I do fully evaluate my worth, documented by my unselfish and honest service to the nation and the State, which at one time ordered me to return and to appeal to others to return home.

I long to come home, and I shall do so at a later date.

GENERAL MODELSKI.

Telegram in code

Top secret

From Warsaw: sent 3-7-48 [3 July 1948]; received 3-7-48; received by Code Room 3-7-48, at 11:00 hours.

Lightning [Very Urgent?]

Gen. MODELSKI: In connection with the conference of eight Ministers in Warsaw, the Marshal¹ is calling a secret conference of Military Attachés for July 18. Your presence is indispensable.

Vis-à-vis Americans, explain your departure by (saying) that you are coming for the National Holiday of July 22.

Code date of your arrival.

KOMAR.

No. 1143:

3-7-48 [3 July 1948].

Decoded 3-7-48 at 12:00 hours.

Decoded by K.

Cablegram

Secret

GENERAL KOMAR,
Warsaw:

Although I feel well personally the doctors are reluctant to give their opinion before the date of completion of the treatment and consultation (July 16 and 17 of the present year).

In view of the importance of the conference, Maj. Olkiewicz, a well-informed and trusted man, could leave.

Please also inform me how long the conference will last and whether I would be able to make personally, if the medical opinion were in the affirmative.

I am sending a situation cablegram simultaneously.

GENERAL MODELSKI.

Telegram in code No. 44

Top secret

From Warsaw; sent 8-7-48 [8 July 1948]; received 8-7-48; received by Code Room 9-7-48 [9 July 1948], at 9:00 hours.

Gen. MODELSKI: The matters on the agenda of the Conference are too important for you to be represented by Maj. Olkiewicz.² In this connection the Marshal

¹ Marshal Michal Zymierski, Minister of Defense of Poland.

² Maj. Alfons Olkiewicz, Assistant Military and Air Attaché of Poland in Washington.

agrees to the postponement of the Conference to July 24. Communicate date of arrival.

KOMAR.

No. 1178:

Decoded 9-7-48 [9 July 1948] at 10:00 o'clock.

Decoded by K.

Cablegram

Secret

WASHINGTON, 19 July 1948.

GENERAL KOMAR,

Warsaw:

The doctors find it necessary to place me under special treatment that would not interfere with my work here nor take much longer.

I shall inform you about the possibility of my coming.

In connection with the conference of the 24 inst., I am sending a situation cablegram.

GENERAL MODELSKI.

Top secret

Cipher dispatch No. 49; sent from Warsaw 28-7-48 [28 July 1948], 4:15 p. m., received in the code division in Washington July 29, 1948, 10:00 a. m.

GENERAL MODELSKI: The impossibility of your arrival at the conference called by me and postponed on your account brings me to the conclusion that the difficult state of your health requires systematic treatment and much quieter work.

Because in such a situation the obligations of an attaché appear to be too burdensome for you, I am recalling you from the post of Military Attaché as of August 15.

I give you permission to spend a month's leave with pay in the U. S. A., after which you are to report to me in Warsaw.

MARSHAL ŻYMIERSKI.

1304:

28-7-48 [28 July 1948], 4:15 p. m.

Decoded 30-7-48 [30 July 1948], 12:00 o'clock.

Decoded by P.

Top secret

Cipher dispatch No. 48 sent from Warsaw 29-7-48 [29 July 1948], 9:15 p. m., Received in the Code Division in Washington 29-7-48, 11:00 p. m.

General Modelski—Major Olkiewicz

Please transfer all business of the Attachés Office temporarily to Major Olkiewicz.

(Signed) KOMAR.

1316

29-7-48 [29 July 1948], 9:15 p. m.

Decoded 30-7-48 [30 July 1948] 11:00 a. m.

Decoded by P.

Cablegram

Secret

Wash. 7.31.48 [July 31, 1948]

Marshal Zymierski

Warsaw

I repeat that I shall not take advantage of the leave offered to me. Not the arbitrary motivation of my superior, but the professional opinion of doctors qualified to do so, will evaluate the state of my health and my capacity for work.

Later I will make known my basic attitude toward the recall in this way.

GENERAL MODELSKI

APPENDIX IV

THE TANJUG¹ NEWS AGENCY, OFFICIAL AGENCY OF THE YUGOSLAV GOVERNMENT REGISTRATION STATEMENTS FILED BY THE TANJUG AGENCY UNDER THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT OF 1938

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Washington, D. C.

REGISTRATION STATEMENT²

*Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as
Amended*

Registration No. 493

1. (a) Name of Registrant: Louis Goranin.
(b) All other names ever used by Registrant and when used: Louis Weissmann, which was name at birth and which is now used only by members of family.
(c) All present business addresses: 745 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.
(d) All present residence addresses: 322 East 74th Street, New York, N. Y.
2. (a) Date and place of Registrant's birth: October 21, 1895, at Djakovo, Yugoslavia.
(b) Present citizenship or nationality: Yugoslavia.
(c) If present citizenship not acquired by birth, indicate when, where, and how acquired. [Blank.]
3. All visits to or residence in foreign countries during the past 5 years: None.
4. (a) All clubs, societies, committees, and other nonbusiness organizations, in the United States or elsewhere, of which Registrant is or has been during the past 5 years a member, director, officer, or employee:
Name and address of organization: Association of Yugoslav Jews in the U. S.
Nature of connection with organization: Member.
Date connection began: June 1943.
Date connection ended, if ended: Not ended.
(b) All membership or service during the past 10 years in the active or reserve military, naval, or other armed forces of any foreign government or foreign political party: None.
5. Name and principal address of each foreign principal of Registrant:
Name of foreign principal: TANJUG (Yugoslav News Agency).
Principal address: Generala Zdanova #28 Belgrade, Yugoslavia.
6. State the nature and purpose of Registrant's representation of each foreign principal named under item 5 and describe fully all activities of Registrant for or in the interests of each such foreign principal: Correspondent in the United States for foreign principal which is a news agency.
7. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant is presently engaged: None.
8. All employees and other individuals who render any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 5:
Name and address of employee or other individual: Anton Smole, 745 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.
Nature of services or assistance rendered: Mr. Smole is accredited as news correspondent representing Tanjug at the United Nations. He is of incidental aid to the registrant.

¹ TANJUG is the abbreviation for Telegrafaska Agencija Nova Jugoslavija (Telegraphic Agency New Yugoslavia).

² Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on October 6, 1947.

9. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the 3 months preceding the filing of this statement. The information may, if Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest fiscal quarter or other latest fiscal period of not less than 3 months.

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 5, itemized as follows:¹ None.

(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 5, itemized as follows:² None.

(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 5, itemized as follows:³ None.

10. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts arranged, sponsored or delivered by Registrant during the past 3 months: None.

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by Registrant, or by others for Registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which Registrant rendered any services or assistance, during the past 6 months. (Indicate each type of publication by an "X".)

(1) Press releases-----	(12) Radio programs-----
(2) News bulletins-----	(13) Radio scripts-----
(3) Newspapers-----	(14) Moving pictures-----
(4) Articles-----	(15) Lantern slides-----
(5) Books-----	(16) Still pictures-----
(6) Magazines-----	(17) Posters-----
(7) Pamphlets-----	(18) Photographs-----
(8) Circulars-----	(19) Charts-----
(9) Form letters-----	(20) Maps-----
(10) Reprints-----	(21) Other publications-----
(11) Copies of Speeches, lectures, talks, or radio broadcasts.----	

(c) Preparation of publications referred to in answer to (b) above: None.

(d) Distribution of publications referred to in answer to (b) above: None.

11. (a) Registrant's connections, not fully described above, with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof. None except as stated above.

(b) Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combinations of individuals, not fully described above. None.

(c) If the Registrant is subject to the supervision, direction, or control of any individual or organization, except as hereinabove fully described in this statement, explain fully. None.

12. File the following exhibits with this statement:

Exhibit A.—File an Exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each person named under item 8.

Exhibit B.—File a copy of the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 5.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 5.

Exhibit D.—File copies of all printed matter referred to under item 10 (b), except photographs and moving pictures.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) between the Registrant and each business firm or other organization named under item 10 (c) or (d).

The undersigned swears or affirms that he has read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits, that he is familiar with the contents

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

³ Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

thereof, and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned makes no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his personal knowledge.

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed by the Registrant and sworn to before a notary public or other officer authorized to administer oaths.)

LOUIS GORANIN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York this 2nd day of October 1947.

HARRY M. JUSTIZ.

My commission expires March 30, 1949.

EXHIBIT B

Registration No. 493

The registrant was employed at the request of Sime Balen, Director of the foreign principal, as of October 1, 1947, at a salary of \$500.00 per month.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Washington, D. C.

EXHIBIT C TO REGISTRATION STATEMENTS

Under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended

Registration No. 493

Furnish this exhibit for each foreign principal of the Registrant.

This exhibit will not be accepted for filing unless it is reasonably complete and accurate.

1. (a) Name of Foreign Principal: TANJUG.
- (b) Principal address of Foreign Principal: Generala Zdanova #28, Belgrade, Yugoslavia.
2. Nature of all businesses, occupations, or functions of Foreign Principal: New agency.
3. If the Foreign Principal is an individual (natural person) state—
 - (a) All present business and residence addresses not given under item 1 (b)—[Blank.]
 - (b) Citizenship or nationality—[Blank].
 - (c) If an officer, employee, or agent of a foreign government, foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof, state—[Blank].
4. If the Foreign Principal is not an individual (natural person) state—
 - (a) Type of Foreign Principal's organization—[Blank].
 - (b) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of the Foreign Principal:

Name and address of official

Position, office, or nature of duties

Sime Balen

Director

Stivo Dedijer

Assistant Director

Kara Ogjanovic

Assistant Director

Generala Zdanova #28, Belgrade, Yugoslavia.

(c) Unless the Foreign Principal is a business organization or a government list all of its branches and local units and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations in the United States and elsewhere: [Blank.]

(d) If the Foreign Principal is supervised, directed, or controlled by any foreign government, foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof, or by any other person or persons, state—None except by director or his assistants.

(e) If the Foreign Principal is financed or subsidized in any way by any foreign government, foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof, or by any other person or persons, state—[Blank.]

5. If the Foreign Principal is a foreign government, state—[Blank.]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington, D. C.

AMENDMENT¹ TO REGISTRATION [x] EXEMPTION [] STATEMENT

(Indicate which)

Number 493

Pursuant to the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 as Amended

Name of registrant (or agent): TANJUG (Telegrafaska Agencija "Nova Jugoslavija").

Name of foreign principal: TANJUG (Telegrafaska Agencija "Nova Jugoslavija").

The answers to the items of the above-mentioned statement listed below are hereby amended to read as follows:

Item No. 1(a) Name of Registrant: TANJUG (Telegrafaska Agencija "Nova Jugoslavija").

Item No 2(a), Date when Registrant was organized or created: 1943. (b) State or other jurisdiction in which organized or created: Yugoslavia. (c) Type of Registrant's organization: News agency.

Item No. 4. All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.

<i>Name and address of official</i>	<i>Position, office, or nature of duties</i>
Sime Balen	Director
Stevo Dedijer	Assistant Director
Sima Karaoglanovic	Assistant Director
Generala Zdanova #28, Belgrade, Yugoslavia.	

Item No. 5. All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations.

Name and address of branch, unit, group, or organization. Tanjug, has branches in all principal cities of Yugoslavia, and in capitals of many foreign countries. It also has various correspondents.

Nature of connection with Registrant: Branches and Employees.

Item No. 14. File the following exhibits with this statement:

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of its charter, constitution, bylaws, or other instruments of organization. [This Exhibit should be filed if applicable.]

Exhibits.—The following additional or amended exhibits are attached hereto as a part of this amendment (list exhibits attached).

NOTE.—The amendment will not be accepted for filing unless both copies are signed and sworn to as required below.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this amendment to the statement mentioned above and the attached exhibits, that he is familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of information contained in any Exhibit A filed herewith insofar as such information is not within his personal knowledge.

LOUIS GORANIN.

(If the agent is a partnership, corporation, association, or other combination of individuals, this amendment shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other officer authorized to administer oaths, by a majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the amendment shall be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the agent.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York, N. Y., this 2nd day of December 1947.

HARRY M. JUSTIZ,
Notary.

My commission expires March 30, 1949.

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on December 4, 1947.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Washington, D. C.

EXHIBIT A. TO REGISTRATION AND EXEMPTION STATEMENTS

Under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended

Furnish this exhibit for all partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of the Registrant or Agent, as the case may be, and for all employees or other individuals who render services or assistance to the Registrant or Agent for or in the interests of any foreign principal of the Registrant or Agent.

This exhibit will not be accepted for filing unless it is reasonably complete and accurate.

1. (a) Full name: Louis Goranin.

(b) All other names ever used and when each was used: Louis Weissmann, which was name at birth and is used as family name.

(c) All present business addresses: 745 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

(d) All present residence addresses: 322 East 74th St., New York, N. Y.

2. (a) Date and place of birth: October 21, 1895, at Djakovo, Yugoslavia.

(b) Citizenship or nationality: Yugoslav.

(c) If present citizenship not acquired by birth, indicate when, where, and how acquired: [Blank.]

3. All visits to or residence in foreign countries during the past 5 years: None.

4. All clubs, societies, committees, and other nonbusiness organizations in the United States or elsewhere, including any active or reserve military or naval forces, of which you have been a member, director, officer, or employee during the past 2 years.

Name and address of organization: Association of Yugoslav Jews in the U. S. A.

Nature of connection with organization: Member.

Duration of connection: June 1943 to date.

5. (a) A full description of all activities of any kind in which you are presently engaged for or in the interests of the Registrant or Agent or any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent: I am in charge of office of registrant and act as its correspondent in the United States.

(b) A brief description of all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which you are presently engaged: None.

6. Furnish the following information as to all amounts received by you, as compensation or otherwise, during the 3 months preceding the filing of this exhibit, directly or indirectly from the Registrant or Agent or from any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent.

Date funds received	Name of person from whom received	Purpose for which received	Amount received
Oct. 1, 1947	Tanjug.....	Services.....	\$500.00
Nov. 1, 1947	Tanjug.....	Services.....	\$500.00
Dec. 1, 1947	Tanjug.....	Services.....	\$500.00

7. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts delivered by you during the past 3 months: None.

(b) All newspapers, magazines, articles, books, pamphlets, press releases, moving pictures, radio programs and scripts, and other publications, prepared or distributed by you or by others for you, or in the preparation or distribution of which you rendered any services or assistance, during the past 6 months: Various Bulletins and Releases, Released to the Press. They were not printed. Also News Dispatches to Yugoslavia.

8. List all of your connections, not fully described above, with all foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

I certify that I have read the information set forth in this exhibit and am familiar with the contents thereof and that the information herein contained is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

LOUIS GORANIN.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington, D. C.

SUPPLEMENTAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT ¹*Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended***For Six Months Period Ending April 6, 1948**

1. (a) Name of Registrant: TANJUG.

(b) All other names used by Registrant during the period: TANJUG, Yugoslav News Agency (Branch of TANJUG, Belgrade, Yugoslavia).

(c) Address of principal office: 36 Central Park South, New York 19, New York.

(d) Name of person or persons in charge of principal office: Dr. Lujo Goranin.

3. If Registrant is a nonbusiness membership organization, state—inapplicable.

4. (a) All persons who became partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.

(b) All persons who ceased to be partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of Registrant during the period:

Name and address of official: Anton Smole, 854 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.

Date connection ended: December 15, 1947.

Reason for ending connection: Return to TANJUG, Belgrade.

5. (a) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which began to operate during the period: None.

(b) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which ceased to operate during the period: None.

6. All persons who at any time during the period were foreign principals of Registrant.

Name and principal address: Dr. Lujo Goranin.

Is person still a foreign principal of Registrant? Yes.

7. Describe fully all activities of Registrant during the period for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6.

1. Daily survey of U. S. press, transmitted to TANJUG, Belgrade, usually by cable.

2. Press releases on material transmitted from TANJUG, Belgrade, for U. S. press, institutions, organizations and individuals in U. S. A.

3. Purchase of literature and supplies for TANJUG, Belgrade.

4. Attendance at news conferences and sessions of the United Nations Organization; routine news correspondent activities.

5. Radio broadcasts to Yugoslavia through UN facilities on UN activities at Lake Success during the UN General Assembly in New York, 1947.

6. Maintenance of routine office activities, etc.

7. Describe fully all activities of Registrant during the period for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6.

1. Daily survey of U. S. press, transmitted to TANJUG, Belgrade, usually by cable.

2. Press releases on material transmitted from TANJUG, Belgrade, for U. S. press, institutions, organizations, and individuals in U. S. A.

3. Purchase of literature and supplies for TANJUG, Belgrade.

4. Attendance at news conferences and sessions of the United Nations Organizations; routine news correspondent activities.

5. Radio broadcasts to Yugoslavia through UN facilities on UN activities at Lake Success during the UN General Assembly in New York, 1947.

6. Maintenance of routine office activities, etc.

8. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant engaged during the period: Covered in section 7.

9. Furnish the following information as to all employees and other individuals, except those named under item 4, who during the period rendered any services

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on May 6, 1948.

or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6:

(a) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have previously been filed.

Name and address of employee or other individual: Full-time employee, Administrative Assistant, Mrs. Slavka V. Milosevic, 553 West 48th Street, New York 18, N. Y.

Nature of any changes during period in activities for Registrant or its foreign principals: None.

Has connection with Registrant ended? No.

(b) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have not been previously filed.

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services or assistance rendered	Has connection with Registrant ended
Anton Smole (currently at TANJUG, Belgrade), Ben Allen, 35 Cornelia Ave., New York, N. Y.	Assistant Correspondent..... Contracted for a single job assembling data for economic reference.	Yes. Dec. 6, 1947. Yes.

10. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the period covered by this statement. The information may, if Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest semiannual fiscal period, provided the period covered is indicated and future statements are furnished on the same basis:

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:

Name of foreign principal from whom funds received: ¹ TANJUG, Belgrade.

Purposes for which received: ² Maintenance of Branch.

Receipts and expenditures of TANJUG, covering period Oct. 1, 1947-Apr. 1, 1948

OCTOBER 1947

Receipts, Oct. 3:

Remittance by Yugoslav Embassy against deposit by TANJUG, Belgrade.....	\$3,000.00
United Nations.....	300.00

Expenditures:

Rent, telephone.....	104.88
Salaries.....	975.00
Office supplies:	
Publications, equipment, stamps for bulk air-mail, etc.....	114.71
Supplies for TANJUG, Belgrade.....	283.83
Automobile: monthly installment.....	58.46

NOVEMBER 1947

Receipts:

Nov. 4, remittance by Yugoslav Embassy against deposit by TANJUG, Belgrade.....	\$3,000.00
Nov. 3, United Nations.....	600.00
Nov. 17, United Nations.....	300.00

Expenditures:

Rent, telephone.....	\$119.54
Salaries.....	1,100.00
Office supplies.....	124.25
Supplies for TANJUG, Belgrade.....	185.54
Travelling expenses.....	65.00
Automobile:	
Monthly installment.....	58.46
Maintenance and repair.....	24.43

¹ Receipts from or payments to a person amounting to less than \$200 for the period may be combined with other like amounts, provided the source or disposition of the funds, as the case may be, is clearly indicated.

² Where funds were received or paid, as the case may be, for various purposes, such purposes shall be listed in reasonable detail.

*Receipts and expenditures of TANJUG, covering period Oct. 1, 1947-
Apr. 1, 1948—Continued*

DECEMBER 1947

Receipts: Remittance by Yugoslav Embassy against deposit by TANJUG, Belgrade.....	\$3,000.00
United Nations.....	425.00
Expenditures:	
Rent for December.....	100.00
Two-month rent deposit.....	550.00
Rent for January, 1948.....	275.00
Telegrams.....	25.29
Salaries.....	1,100.00
Office supplies.....	217.95
Supplies for TANJUG, Belgrade.....	962.00
Travelling expenses.....	15.84
Membership fee, Foreign Press Association.....	30.20
Automobile:	
Monthly installment.....	58.28
Maintenance and repair.....	36.95
Settlement on transfer of employee, Anton Smole, to Belgrade	
Ticket—N. Y. to Belgrade.....	345.06
Termination payment.....	383.28
Payment to Yugoslav Delegation to U. N. for facilities used and money advanced to Smole for purchase of automobile.....	1,370.74

JANUARY 1948

Receipts, remittance by TANJUG, Belgrade.....	\$1,400.00
Expenditures:	
Telephone.....	24.78
Salaries.....	759.00
Fee to B. Allen for data compilation.....	100.00
Office supplies.....	238.60
Purchase of radio.....	91.80
Purchase of mimeograph machine and typewriter.....	155.86
Supplies for Foto-Tanjug, Belgrade.....	266.00
Payment to World News Service on account of TANJUG, Belgrade.....	420.00
Traveling expenses.....	24.50
Automobile:	
Monthly installment.....	58.28
License.....	15.50
Maintenance and repair.....	51.43

FEBRUARY 1948

Receipts, Feb. 6, partial remittance by Yugoslav Embassy against de- posit by TANJUG, Belgrade.....	\$3,279.57
Expenditures:	
Rent, telephone, cables.....	310.77
Moving expenses.....	40.27
Salaries.....	750.00
Payment to lawyer, Harry Justiz.....	200.00
Office supplies.....	214.00
Automobile:	
Monthly installment.....	58.28
Maintenance and repair.....	41.95

*Receipts and expenditures of TANJUG, covering period Oct. 1, 1947—
Apr. 1, 1948—Continued*

MARCH 1948

Receipts, balance of remittance by Yugoslav Embassy against deposit
by TANJUG, Belgrade----- \$7,747.60

Expenditures:

Rent, telephone----- 306.77
Cables—through Press Wireless, Inc.----- 1,639.02
Salaries----- 750.00
Office supplies----- 388.47
Supplies for TANJUG, Belgrade----- 182.79
Automobile:
 Monthly installment----- 58.28
 Insurance, maintenance, repair----- 127.40
Partial compensation for income-tax payment----- 259.65

(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used
directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under
item 6, itemized as follows:¹

Name of person from whom received:² United Nations.

Purpose for which received:³ Compensation for broadcasts. (See (a)
above.)

(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the
interests of each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:⁴ (See
(a) above.)

11. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts arranged or sponsored
by Registrant or delivered by officials or employees of Registrant, during the
period:

Name of person by whom delivered: Anton Smole.

Number of radio broadcasts delivered: 67.

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by Registrant, or by others for
Registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which Registrant rendered
any services or assistance, during the period. (Indicate each type of publication
by an "X".)

(1) Press releases-----	X	(12) Radio programs-----	-----
(2) News bulletins-----	-----	(13) Radio scripts-----	-----
(3) Newspapers-----	-----	(14) Moving pictures-----	-----
(4) Articles-----	-----	(15) Lantern slides-----	-----
(5) Books-----	-----	(16) Still pictures-----	-----
(6) Magazines-----	-----	(17) Posters-----	-----
(7) Pamphlets-----	-----	(18) Photographs-----	X
(8) Circulars-----	-----	(19) Charts-----	-----
(9) Form letters-----	-----	(20) Maps-----	-----
(10) Reprints-----	-----	(21) Other publications-----	-----
(11) Copies of speeches, lec- tures, talks, or radio broadcasts-----	-----		

(c) Preparation and distribution of publications referred to in answer to (b)
above.

Description of publication	By whom written, edited or prepared	By whom printed, pro- duced, or published	By whom distributed
Press Releases-----	Tanjug, Belgrade-----	Tanjug, N. Y. office-----	Tanjug, N. Y. office.
Photographs-----	Foto-Tanjug, Belgrade-----		Tanjug, N. Y. office.

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Receipts from or payments to a person amounting to less than \$200 for the period may be combined with other like amounts, provided the source or disposition of the funds, as the case may be, is clearly indicated.

³ Where funds were received or paid, as the case may be, for various purposes, such purposes shall be listed in reasonable detail.

⁴ Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

A52 COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN ALIEN AND NATIONAL GROUPS

(d) Compliance with the filing, labeling, and reporting provisions of Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and Rule 400 thereunder.

(1) Were copies or summaries of all communications and publications referred to in answer to (a) and (b) above filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress? If not, explain why copies or summaries of any such communications and publications were not filed. Copies of press releases filed in accordance with provisions. Radio broadcasts under UN auspices; therefore not filed. Photographs received in single copies from Belgrade for distribution to newspapers.

(2) Were all such communications and publications labeled in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such communications and publications were not so labeled. Press releases were labeled in accordance with provisions.

(3) Were reports of the delivery, distribution, or other dissemination of all such communications and publications made to the Department of Justice in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such reports were omitted. Mailing list filed with the Department of Justice.

12. (a) Any changes during the period, not fully described above, in Registrant's affiliations, associations, or other connections with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

(b) Any changes during the period in Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combinations of individuals: None.

13. (a) Any changes during the period in the ownership of or supervision, direction or control over Registrant by any organization, group, or individual: None.

(b) Any subsidy or other financial assistance received by Registrant during the period directly or indirectly from—

Any individual who is a citizen of, or resides in, a foreign country.

Any organization created in, or under the laws of, any foreign country or having its principal place of business in a foreign country.

Any foreign government or foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof.

Name of person from whom subsidy or financial assistance received:
TANJUG, Belgrade, Yugoslavia.

Nature and amount of subsidy or financial assistance: See under section 10.

14. File the following exhibits with this statement: None applicable.

Exhibit A.—File an Exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each of the following persons for whom an Exhibit A has not previously been filed:

(a) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.

(b) All employees or other individuals who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit B.—File a copy of any changes during the period in the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not in writing a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 6 for whom an Exhibit C has not previously been filed.

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of any changes during the period in its charter, constitution, bylaws, or other instruments of organization.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) between the Registrant and each business firm or other organization named under item 11 (c), and copies of all changes during the period in similar contracts previously filed.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy

of the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

TANJUG, NEW YORK.
By LUJO GORANIN.

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths, by a majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the statement shall be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the Registrant.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York, N. Y., this 5th day of May 1948.

HARRY M. JUSTIZ.

My commission expires March 30, 1949.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Washington, D. C.

SUPPLEMENTAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT¹

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended

For Six Months Period Ending October 6, 1948

1. (a) Name of Registrant: TANJUG.
- (b) All other names used by Registrant during the period. TANJUG, Yugoslav News Agency (Branch of TANJUG, Belgrade, Yugoslavia).
- (c) Address of principal office: 36 Central Park South, New York 19, New York.
- (d) Name of person or persons in charge of principal office: Lujo Goranin.
3. If Registrant is a nonbusiness membership organization, state: Inapplicable.
4. (a) All persons who became partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.
- (b) All persons who ceased to be partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.
5. (a) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which began to operate during the period: None.
- (b) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which ceased to operate during the period: None.
6. All persons who at any time during the period were foreign principals of Registrant.
Name and principal address: "TANJUG" Yugoslav News Agency, Generala Zdanova 28, Belgrade, Yugoslavia.
Is person still a foreign principal of Registrant.
7. Describe full all activities of Registrant during the period for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6.
 1. Daily survey of U. S. press, transmitted to Tanjug, Belgrade, usually by cable.
 2. Press releases on material transmitted from Tanjug, Belgrade, for U. S. press, institutions, organizations, and individuals in U. S. A.
 3. Purchase of literature, supplies, etc., for TANJUG, Belgrade.
 4. Attendance at news conferences and session of the United Nations Organization; routine news correspondent activities; clipping from the U. S. Press; etc.
 5. Radio broadcasts to Yugoslavia through UN facilities on UN activities.
 6. Maintenance of routine office activities, etc.
 8. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant engaged during the period: Covered in section 7.
 9. Furnish the following information as to all employees and other individuals, except those named under item 4, who during the period rendered any services or

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Section, Department of Justice, on November 8, 1948.

assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6:

(a) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have previously been filed.

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of any changes during period in activities for Registrant or its foreign principals	Has connection with Registrant ended?
Administrative Assistant, Mrs. Slavka V. Milosevic, 553 West 48th Street, New York 18, New York.	None	No.
Representative, Correspondent of TANJUG News Agency, Belgrade, Dr. Lujo W. Goranin, 36 Central Park South, New York 19, New York.	None	No.

(b) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have not been previously filed: None.

10. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the period covered by this statement. The information may, if Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest semiannual fiscal period, provided the period covered is indicated and future statements are furnished on the same basis:

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:

Name of foreign principal from whom funds received¹: TANJUG, Belgrade.
Purposes for which received²: Maintenance of Branch.

Account with Manufacturers Trust Co., 741 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.

APRIL 1948

Balance carried forward.....	\$7, 491. 40
Amount deposited April 21.....	1, 886. 40
Total	<u>9, 377. 80</u>

Amount drawn:

April 1, 36 Central Park So. Corp., rent.....	277. 50
April 1, Dr. Lujo Goranin, salary.....	486. 40
April 1, Slavka Milosevic, salary.....	250. 00
April 9, Workers Book Shop, books.....	3. 67
April 9, '48 Magazine, subscription.....	4. 00
April 13, Nedeljko Bulut, painting.....	59. 00
April 13, Petty Cash.....	50. 00
April 19, Tilden Comm. All. Inc., car instalment.....	58. 23
April 27, Petty Cash.....	50. 00
Total checks drawn.....	<u>1, 238. 85</u>

April 30, Balance carried forward.....	<u>8, 138. 95</u>
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MAY 1948

Balance carried forward.....	\$8, 138. 95
Amount deposited May 18.....	1, 748. 90
Total.....	<u>9, 887. 85</u>

Amount drawn:

May 3, 36 Central Pk. South Corp., rent.....	277. 62
May 3, Dr. Lujo Goranin, salary.....	486. 40
May 3, Slavka Milosevic, salary.....	250. 00
May 3, The Wall Street Journal, subscription.....	11. 00

¹ Receipts from or payments to a person amounting to less than \$200 for the period may be combined with other like amounts, provided the source or disposition of the funds, as the case may be, is clearly indicated.

² Where funds were received or paid, as the case may be, for various purposes, such purposes shall be listed in reasonable detail.

Account with Manufacturers Trust Co., 741 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.—Con.

Amount drawn—Continued

May 3, Daily Worker, subscription.....	\$6. 75
May 3, New York Telephone Co., telephone.....	15. 44
May 6, Petty Cash.....	100. 00
May 8, Louis Adamic, subscription.....	2. 00
May 10, Petty Cash.....	100. 00
May 17, Petty Cash.....	100. 00
May 20, Paul Braun, fire insurance.....	5. 00
May 20, Tilden Comm. All. Inc., car instalment.....	58. 28
May 25, New York Telephone Co., telephone.....	10. 42

Total checks drawn..... 1, 422. 91

May 31, Balance carried forward..... 8, 464. 94

Balance carried forward..... 8, 464. 94

Amount deposited:

June 11.....	180. 00
June 17.....	9, 000. 00
June 25.....	1, 882. 50
June 29.....	220. 00

Total..... 19, 747. 44

Amount drawn:

June 1, Adolphe Kramer, rent.....	277. 85
June 1, Dr. Lujo Goranin, salary.....	486. 40
June 1, Slavka Milosevic, salary.....	250. 00
June 1, Slavka Milosevic, overtime.....	50. 00
June 2, Federated Press, photographs.....	120. 00
June 4, Petty Cash.....	100. 00
June 10, Frontpage magazine, subscription.....	2. 00
June 14, Cash, auto repair, and tires.....	91. 22
July 17, Tilden Comm. All., Inc., auto installment.....	58. 28
June 21, Petty Cash.....	100. 00
June 24, New York Telephone Co., telephone.....	12. 94
June 29, Petty Cash.....	100. 00

Total checks drawn..... 1, 648. 69

June 30, Balance carried forward..... 18, 098. 75

Balance carried forward..... 18, 098. 75

Amount deposited:

July 7.....	80. 00
July 8.....	2, 700. 00
July 8.....	1, 882. 52

Total..... 22, 761. 27

Amount drawn:

July 1, Adolphe Kramer, rent.....	277. 85
July 1, Dr. Lujo Goranin, salary.....	486. 40
July 1, Slavka Milosevic, salary.....	250. 00
July 1, Slavka Milosevic, overtime.....	50. 00
July 12, Petty Cash.....	100. 00
July 15, Tilden Comm. Alliance, Inc., car installment.....	58. 28
July 15, RCA Communications, Inc., cablegrams.....	4. 62
July 21, Raymond Service, Inc., mimeographing.....	29. 07
July 26, Petty Cash.....	100. 00
July 30, Petty Cash.....	100. 00

Total checks drawn..... 1, 456. 22

July 31, Balance carried forward..... 21, 305. 05

A56 COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN ALIEN AND NATIONAL GROUPS

Account with Manufacturers Trust Co., 741 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.—Con.

AUGUST 1948

Balance carried forward.....	\$21,305.05
Amount deposited: August 26.....	1,830.52
Total.....	<u>23,135.57</u>

Amount drawn:

August 2, Adolphe Kramer, rent.....	277.62
August 2, Dr. Lujo Goranin, salary.....	486.40
August 2, Slavka Milosevic, salary.....	250.00
August 2, Slavka Milosevic, overtime.....	50.00
August 2, New York Telephone Co., telephone.....	22.03
August 4, Petty Cash.....	100.00
August 9, Foreign Policy Ass., subscription.....	7.13
August 17, Tilden Comm. Alliance, car instalment.....	58.28
August 17, RCA Communications, cablegrams.....	5.50
August 20, Mechanical Research Works, Typewriters, material, office supply.....	1,212.00
August 25, New York Telephone Co., telephone.....	26.47
August 25, Raymond Service, mimeographing.....	20.72
August 26, Petty Cash.....	100.00

Total checks drawn.....	<u>2,616.15</u>
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August 31, Balance carried forward.....	20,519.42
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SEPTEMBER 1948

Balance carried forward.....	\$20,519.42
Amount deposited:	
September 7.....	52.00
September 27.....	32.64

Total.....	<u>20,604.06</u>
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Amount drawn:

September 1, Dr. Lujo Goranin, salary.....	486.40
September 1, Slavka Milosevic, salary.....	250.00
September 1, Slavka Milosevic, overtime.....	50.00
September 1, Adolphe Kramer, rent.....	277.62
September 7, Petty Cash.....	100.00
September 8, Johannes Steel, subscription.....	5.00
September 8, The Gazette & Daily, subscription.....	5.00
September 8, Workers Book Shop, books.....	25.18
September 8, Newsmen's Commission, contribution.....	50.00
September 27, Tilden Comm. Alliance, auto installment.....	58.28
September 27, New York Telephone Co., telephone.....	10.47
September 27, Cash, office material.....	100.00
September 27, Alfred A. Knopf, Inc., books.....	6.00

Total checks drawn.....	<u>1,423.95</u>
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September 30, Balance carried forward.....	19,180.11
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(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:¹ (See (a) above.)

(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:² (See (a) above.)

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

11. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts arranged or sponsored by Registrant or delivered by officials or employees of Registrant, during the period.

Name of person by whom delivered: Lujo Goranin.

Number of speeches, lectures, and talks delivered: UN Radio Broadcasts.

Number of radio broadcasts delivered: 44.

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by Registrant or by others for Registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which Registrant rendered any services or assistance, during the period. (Indicate each type of publication by an "X.")

(1) Press releases-----	X	(12) Radio programs, UN radio-----	X
(2) News bulletins-----		(13) Radio scripts-----	
(3) Newspapers-----		(14) Moving pictures-----	
(4) Articles-----		(15) Lantern slides-----	
(5) Books-----		(16) Still pictures-----	
(6) Magazines-----		(17) Posters-----	
(7) Pamphlets-----	X	(18) Photographs-----	X
(8) Circulars-----		(19) Charts-----	
(9) Form letters-----		(20) Maps-----	
(10) Reprints-----		(21) Other publications-----	
(11) Copies of speeches, lectures, talks or radio broadcasts--			

(c) Preparation and distribution of publications referred to in answer to (b) above.

Description of publication	By whom written, edited, or prepared	By whom printed, produced, or published	By whom distributed
Press Releases-----	Tanjug, Belgrade-----	Tanjug, N. Y. office-----	Tanjug, N. Y. office.
Photographs-----	Foto-Tanjug, Belgrade-----		Tanjug, N. Y. office.
Pamphlets-----	Tanjug, Belgrade-----	Printed in Yugoslavia---	Tanjug, N. Y. office.

(d) Compliance with the filing, labeling, and reporting provisions of Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and Rule 400 thereunder.

(1) Were copies or summaries of all communications and publications referred to in answer to (a) and (b) above filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress? If not, explain why copies or summaries of any such communications and publications were not filed.

Copies of press releases filed in accordance with provisions. Radio broadcasts on UN activities only and under UN auspices; therefore not filed. Individual photographs received in single copies from Foto-TANJUG, Belgrade, for distribution to newspapers or magazines.

(2) Were all such communications and publications labeled in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such communications and publications were not so labeled. Press releases were labeled in accordance with provisions.

(3) Were reports of the delivery, distribution, or other dissemination of all such communications and publications made to the Department of Justice in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such reports were omitted. Mailing List filed with the Department of Justice. (See end of statement.)

12. (a) Any changes during the period, not fully described above, in Registrant's affiliations, associations, or other connections with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

(b) Any changes during the period in Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combination of individuals: None.

13. (a) Any changes during the period in the ownership of or supervision, direction, or control over Registrant by any organization, group, or individual: None.

(b) Any subsidy or other financial assistance received by Registrant during the period directly or indirectly from—

Any individual who is a citizen of, or resides in, a foreign country.

Any organization created in, or under the laws of, any foreign country or having its principal place of business in a foreign country.

Any foreign government or foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof.

Name of person from whom subsidy or financial assistance received:
TANJUG, Belgrade, Yugoslavia.

Nature and amount of subsidy or financial assistance: See under Section 10.

14. File the following exhibits with this statement: None applicable.

Exhibit A.—File an exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each of the following persons for whom an Exhibit A has not previously been filed:

(a) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.

(b) All employees or other individuals who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit B.—File a copy of any changes during the period in the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not in writing a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 6 for whom an Exhibit C has not previously been filed.

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of any changes during the period in its charter, constitution, bylaws, or other instruments of organization.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) between the Registrant and each business firm or other organization named under item 11 (c), and copies of all changes during the period in similar contracts previously filed.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

TANJUG, NEW YORK.
By DR. LUJO GORANIN
(Signature)

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths, by a majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the statement shall be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the Registrant.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York, New York, this 5th day of November 1948.

[SEAL]

HARRY H. JUSTIZ,
Notary.

My commission expires March 30, 1949.

TANJUG MAILING LIST¹

Adamic, Louis, Milford, N. J.
American News Features, Inc., 595 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York
ANSA News Agency, 1475 Broadway, New York
ANETA News Agency, 50 Rockefeller Plaza, New York
Associated Press, 50 Rockefeller Plaza, New York
Canadian Press, 50 Rockefeller Plaza, New York
Catholic Institute of the Press, 415 Lexington Avenue, New York
Central Feature News, Times Building, New York
Central News Agency of China, 220 E. 42nd Street, New York
Churchman, 425 4th Avenue, New York

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on December 7, 1948.

Daily News, 220 E. 42nd Street, New York
 Daily Worker, 50 E. 13th Street, New York
 Enakopravnost, 6231 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio
 Export News Service, 440 4th Avenue, New York
 Federated Press, 133 W. 44th Street, New York
 French News Agency, 11 W. 42nd Street, New York
 Gallup Poll, 110 E. 42nd Street, New York
 Glas Naroda, 216 W. 18th Street, New York
 Gerlach, John A., 8316 Southfield, Detroit, Mich.
 Herald Tribune, 230 W. 41st Street, New York
 Hrvatski Svijet, 216 W. 18th Street, New York
 In Fact, 280 Lafayette St., New York
 Independent Jewish Press Service, Inc., 207 4th Avenue, New York
 India Free Press News Agency, 15 Park Row, New York
 Inter-American Editorial News, 20 E. 43rd Street, New York
 International News Service, 235 E. 45th Street, New York
 Jug. Americki Glasnik, 223 Valencia St., San Francisco, Calif.
 Jugoslovenski Obzor, 830 So. 5th Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
 Justice Department, Washington, D. C.
 Kiplinger Washington Letter, 1907 K St., Washington, D. C.
 Latin American Press Syndicate, 2 W. 16th Street, New York
 Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.
 Life Magazine, 9 Rockefeller Plaza, New York
 Melish, Wim. Dr., 216 Pierpont, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Nation, 20 Vesey Street, New York
 Narodni Glasnik, 1916 E. Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
 Narodna Volya, 5856 Chene Street, Detroit, Mich.
 Nat. Council of Am. Soviet Friendship, 114 E. 32nd Street, New York
 News Associates, 392 5th Avenue, New York
 New Republic, 40 E. 49th Street, New York
 New Century Publishers, 832 Broadway, New York
 New Masses, 104 E. 9th Street, New York
 Nova Doba, 6233 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio
 New York Times, 229 W. 43rd Street, New York
 Ocean Press, Inc., 220 E. 42nd Street, New York
 Overseas News Agency, Inc., 101 Park Avenue, New York
 Our World, 35 W. 43rd Street, New York
 Polish Press Agency, 50 Rockefeller Plaza, New York
 Press Association, Inc., 50 Rockefeller Plaza, New York
 Prosmeta, 2657 So. Lawndale Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
 Proletarec, 2301 So. Lawndale Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
 Star, 164 Duane Street, New York
 Public News Service, 553 Broadway, New York
 Slobodna Rec, 1916 E. Street NS, Pittsburgh, Pa.
 Steel, Johannes, P. O. Box 878, Grand Central Sta., New York
 Tanjug, Generala Zdanova br. 28, Belgrade, Yugoslavia
 Tass, 50 Rockefeller Plaza, New York
 Transradio Press Service, Inc. (News Dept.), 521 5th Avenue, New York
 United Committee, 465 Lexington Avenue, New York
 United Press Association, 220 E. 42nd Street, New York
 United States Mission to UN, 2 Park Avenue, New York
 University News Service, Inc., 587 7th Avenue, New York
 Wall Street Journal, 44 Broad Street, New York
 Women's National News Service, 19 W. 44th Street, New York
 Yugoslav Consulate General, 745 5th Avenue, New York
 Yugoslav Embassy, 1520 16th Street NW., Washington, D. C.
 Yugoslav UN Delegation, 854 5th Avenue, New York
 Yugoslav Legation, 259 Daly Street, Ottawa, Canada
 Yugoslav Legation, Rua Voluntarios da Patria 317, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
 Yugoslav Legation Charcas, 1705 Buenos Aires, Argentina
 Yugoslav Gen. Consulate, 188 W. Randolph Street, Chicago, Illinois
 Zajednicar, 3441 Forbes Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
 Zarja, 6516 Bonna Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio
 Am. Council for Dem. Greece, 152 W. 42nd Street, New York
 Federation of Greek Maritime Unions, 24 Stone Street, New York
 Mr. Irving Pfaum, Chicago Sun & Times, Chicago, Ill.

Jedinstvo, 479 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada
 Embajada de la Republica Federativna Popular Jugoslavie, Mexico, D. F., Mexico
 Zlatko Balokovic, 439 East 51st Street, New York City
 American Council, Institute of Pacific Relations, 1 East 54th Street, New York, New York
 American Friends Service Committee, 20 South 12th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Dr. W. B. Sutch, Permanent Representative of New Zealand to the United Nations, 350 Fifth Avenue, New York 1, New York
 National Negro Congress, 307 Lenox Avenue, Room 204, New York, New York
 Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy—111 West 42nd Street, New York, New York
 Mr. Max Werner, % The New York Star, 164 Duane Street, New York, New York
 Mr. Abraham Pomerantz, 295 Madison Avenue, New York, New York
 Polish Consulate & Delegation, 151 East 67th Street, New York, New York
 Mr. Martin Popper, 160 Broadway, New York, New York
 American Committee for Yugoslav Relief—465 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York
 Croatian Council of Canton, 1617 Grace Avenue NE., Canton, Ohio
 Mr. Eliahu Epstein, Embassy of the Provisional Government of Israel, 2210 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.
 Mr. Murray A. Gordon, 401 Broadway, New York 13, New York
 Miss Lillian Hellman, 63 East 82nd Street, New York, New York
 The New York Post, 75 West Street, New York, New York
 Gazette and Daily, York, Pa.
 People's Daily World, 590 Folsom Street, San Francisco 5, Calif.
 Jewish Life, 50 East 13th Street, New York, New York
 Mr. Mirko Nuhel, Slovenian American National Council, 3424 West 26th Street, Chicago 23, Illinois
 United Committee of Cleveland, 1119 East 76th Street, Cleveland 3, Ohio
 Mr. John Snezic, South Slavic Committee, Bessemer, Pa.
 Mrs. Goldie Knaus, Secretary Central Committee of South-Slavic Americans of Milwaukee, Milwaukee, Wisconsin
 Miss Z. M. Nikolac, Secty., The United Committee of South-Slav Americans—Post Office Box 52, Durham, Calif.
 Mr. Emil Posich, Secty., UCSSA of San Francisco, 535 Second Avenue, San Francisco 18, Calif.
 Mrs. Mary Vidmar, Secty., South Slavs of Johnstown, 301 Boyer Street, Johnstown, Pa.
 Mrs. Mileva Sincich, Secty., South-Slavic Comm. of Bessemere, D. D. 1, Box 26B, Middletown, Ohio
 Mr. James H. Pinto, Ex. Secty., American-Yugoslav Progressive Club, 6351 Lexington Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.
 Miss Muriel Draper, 322 East 58th Street, New York, New York
 Czechoslovak Delegation, 1790 Broadway, New York, New York
 Mr. Peter Paycheff, Treasurer, United Committee of South-Slavic Amer., 315 West Nevada, Detroit 5, Michigan
 Mr. N. A. Muick, Secty., National Council of Americans of Croatian Descent, 6932 Hood Street, Huntington Park, Calif.
 Mr. [Mrs.?] Mary Vemich, Secty., Yugoslav Social Club of San Diego, 4659 Winona Avenue, San Diego 5, Calif.
 Dr. Henry Platt Fairchild, 230 East 48th Street, New York, New York
 Mr. Robert Goldman, 401 Broadway, New York, New York
 Mr. and Mrs. Gene Weltfish, 515 West 122nd Street, New York, New York
 Dr. Jacob Robinson, Jewish Agency for Palestine, 16 East 66th Street, New York, New York
 Mr. Howard Fast, 43 West 94th Street, New York, New York
 Serbian-American, IWO, 80 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York
 Croatian-American Council, 518 Sandusky Avenue, Kansas City, Kansas
 Mr. Joe Zavertnik, 309 Tenafly Road, Englewood, New Jersey
 National Council for Arts, Sciences and Professions, 49 West 44th Street, New York, New York
 Dr. Edward Barsky, 54 East 61st Street, New York, New York
 Mr. & Mrs. Lionel Perrera, 912 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York
 Mr. John Kingsbury, Woodstock, New York
 Twentieth Century Fund, 330 West 42nd Street, New York, New York
 American Slav Congress, 205 East 42nd Street, New York, New York

Dr. Zhiyko Angeluscheff, 120 East 86th Street, New York 28, New York
 Mrs. Irene Alexander, 17 North Clover Drive, Great Neck Estate, L. I.
 Mr. William Gailmore, 55 West 55th Street, New York, New York
 Mr. Del Vayo (Alvarez), The Nation, 20 Vasey Street, New York, New York
 Miss Mary Van Kleeck, 130 East 22nd Street, New York, New York
 Foreign Agents Registration Section, United States Department of Justice,
 Washington, D. C.
 Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.
 American Newspaper Guild, 63 Park Row, New York 7, New York.
 The American Veterans Committee, 654 Madison Avenue, New York 21, New York.
 L'Unita del Popolo, P. O. Box 45, Station D, New York 3, New York.
 Mr. Vladimir Hodak, Czechoslovak Delegation, 1790 Broadway, New York, New
 York.
 American Youth for Democracy, 13 Astor Place, New York 3, New York.
 Anti-Defamation League of the B'nai B'rith, 25th Floor, 100 North La Salle
 Street, Chicago, Illinois.
 Mr. Ray Lev, 140 West 69th Street, New York, New York.
 National Lawyers Guild, 16 East 41st Street, New York, New York.
 Foreign Policy Assn., 22 East 38th Street, New York, New York.
 Council on Foreign Relations, Inc., 58 East 68th Street, New York, New York.
 Mr. Basil Bass, 570 Park Avenue, New York, New York.
 Mr. Abe Isserman, 39 West 67th Street, New York, New York.
 Mr. Walter Bernstein, 72 Barrow Street, New York, New York.
 Mr. Bernard Koten, American Russian Institute, 58 Park Avenue, New York, New
 York.
 International Press, 121 Varick Street, New York, New York.
 Mr. Harry Justiz, 570 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York.
 Croation [Croatian] Benevolent Fraternity, 80 Fifth Avenue, New York, New
 York.
 Mr. Borislav Bogdanovich, 15 West 67th Street, New York, New York.
 Mr. Albert Kahn, Glengary Road, Croton-on-Hudson, New York.
 Major William Jones, Belgrade Farms, Wellandport, Ontario, Canada.
 Mrs. Mary Fale, 836 Indiana Avenue, Sheboygan, Wisc.
 Mr. Leo Milostniuk, 1214 Alabama Avenue, Sheboygan, Wisc.
 Mr. Frank Remshak, 736 South Water Street, Sheboygan, Wisc.
 Mary Musich, 1917 South 72nd St., West Allis 14, Wisc.
 Mr. Martin Cetinski, 17611 Greely Avenue, Detroit 3, Michigan
 Mr. John Kvartick, 411 Station Street, Bridgeville, Pa.
 Mr. Joseph Kotar, 6110 West Fort, Detroit 9, Michigan
 Mr. Leo Jurjavec, 1840 West 22nd Place, Chicago 8, Illinois
 Mr. Joseph Zavertnik, 309 Tenafly Road, Englewood, New Jersey
 Mutz Ludvik, 364 Menahan Street, Brooklyn 27, New York
 Mr. Abacij Prezel, 19201 Cherokee Avenue, Cleveland 19, Ohio
 Mr. Frank Puncer, 2107 South 65th Street, West Allis 14, Wisc.
 Mr. Anton Debeve, 1930 South 15th Street, Sheboygan, Wisc.
 Mr. Peter Chufar, 1037 Rowland Avenue, N. E., Canton, Ohio
 Mr. M. F. Prasnika, Box 216, Harwick, Pa.
 Mr. Valentine Stroy, 1040 North Holmes Ave., Indianapolis 8, Indiana
 Mr. Anton Svele, 21050 Goller Avenue, Euclid 17, Ohio
 Dr. Rudolph P. Zaletel, 7105 South Stony Island, Chicago 49, Illinois
 Mr. Frank Plut, 1123 Addison Road, Cleveland 3, Ohio
 Christine Nadvesnik, 251 East First Street, Oglesby, Illinois
 Mr. Joseph Oblak, 2049 West Coulter Street, Chicago 8, Illinois
 Mr. Louis Champa, 416 East Camp Street, Ely, Minnesota
 Mrs. Rose Selak, Box 214, Star City, West Virginia
 Mr. John Tercelj, Box 275, Strabane, Pa.
 Mr. Andrew Vidrich, 706 Forest Avenue, Johnstown, Pa.
 Mr. Anthony Jersin, 4676 Washington Street, Denver 16, Colorado
 Mr. Michael R. Kumer, 49 Main Street, Universal, Pa.
 Mr. Louis Kaferle, 18301 East Park Dr., Cleveland 19, Ohio
 Dr. Andrew Furlan, 335 Burton Avenue, Waukegan, Illinois
 Mrs. Anna P. Krasna, 200 West 67th Street, New York 23, New York
 Mr. Jacob Zupan, 1400 South Lombard Ave., Berwyn, Illinois
 Mr. Anton Zbasnik, AFU Building, Ely, Minnesota
 Mr. George S. Wuchinich, 3901 Brownsville Road, Pittsburgh 23, Pa.
 Mr. John M. Stonich, 2719 East Rountt, Pueblo, Colorado
 Mr. Frank Cesen, 1188 East 61st Street, Cleveland 3, Ohio

Mr. Krist Stokel, 6622 Bonna Avenue, Cleveland 3, Ohio
 Marie Prislend, 1034 Dillingham Avenue, Sheboygan, Wisc.
 Mr. Zarko M. Buncick, 2610 First Central Tower, Akron 8, Ohio
 Mr. Janko N. Rogelj, 6208 Sebade Avenue, Cleveland 3, Ohio
 Mr. Alesh Frank, 2124 South Pulaski, Chicago 23, Illinois
 Mr. John Pollock, 24465 Lakeland Blvd., Cleveland 23, Ohio
 Mr. Frank Smith, Secty., Central Committee SANS Branches, 3424 West 26th Street, Chicago 23, Illinois
 Theresa Speck, 4658 Rosa Avenue, St. Louis 16, Mo.
 Mr. Andrew Bomback, 184 17th Street N. W., Barberton, Ohio
 Mr. Louis Arko, 1222 Wooster Road W., Barberton, Ohio
 Mr. Jose Zakrajsek, 7603 Cornelia Avenue, Cleveland 3, Ohio
 Mr. Anton Krapenc, 2021 West 23rd Street, Chicago 8, Illinois
 Mr. Ebbin Kristan, 23 Beechtree Street, Grand Haven, Michigan
 Mr. Frank Japich, 2354 South Ridgeway Ave., Chicago 23, Illinois
 Mr. Vatro J. Grill, 17628 Nottingham Road, Cleveland 19, Ohio
 Mrs. Katherine Kraititz, 17838 Hawthorne Avenue, Detroit 3, Michigan
 Mrs. Theresa Gerzel, 143 Main Avenue, West Aliquippa, Pa.
 Mr. Thomas Mercina, Box 16, Power Point, Ohio
 Mr. Anton Nagode, R. F. D. #1, Girard, Ohio
 Mrs. Mary Medvesek, 21141 Goller Avenue, Euclid 19, Ohio
 Mr. Joseph F. Durn, 15605 Waterloo Road, Cleveland 10, Ohio
 Miss Cecilia Brodnik, 4592 West 130th Street, Cleveland 11, Ohio
 Mr. Blaz J. Odar, 2442 Winfield Way N. E., Canton 5, Ohio
 Mr. John Vitez, R. F. D. #1, Box 49, Bridgeport, Ohio
 Mr. Fr. Tomsich, Jr., A. F. U. Bldg., Ely, Minnesota
 Mr. Frank Klune, 604 Third St. N. W., Chisholm, Minn.
 Mr. Chas. Jerich, Box 97, Aurora, Minn.
 Mr. Frank Praznik, RFD, Trenary, Michigan
 Mr. Frank Modic, 4329 7th Street, Detroit 18, Mich.
 Mr. Anton Gantar, 208 West Princeton Ave., Gallup, New Mexico
 Mr. Joseph Pasarich, 2021 Ingalls Avenue, Linden, New Jersey
 Mr. Andrew Sprogar, 452 Magnolia Avenue, Elizabeth 1, New Jersey
 Mr. John Dolence, Box 73, Willock, Pa.
 Mr. John Kobe, Route Box 132-2, West Newton, Pa.
 Mr. Anton Skvarch, Box 391, Vestaburg, Pa.
 Mr. Louis Dornik, 131 Elma Avenue, Uniontown, Pa.
 Miss Mary Tomsich, Box 292, Strabane, Pa.
 Mr. Frank Kaueich, Box 116, St. Michael, Pa.
 Mr. Fr. Prinozich, Box 18, Presto, Pa.
 Mr. George Witkovich, 510 37th Street, Pittsburgh 1, Pa.
 Mr. Louis Glaser, 824 Excelsior Street, Pittsburgh 10, Pa.
 Mr. John Just, Box 22, Midway, Pa.
 Mr. Nick Triller, Box 25, Library, Pa.
 Miss Mary Vidmar, 301 Boyer Street, Johnstown, Pa.
 Mrs. Mary Polsak, P. O. Box 324, Imperial, Pa.
 Mr. John Resnik, Box 185, Hostetter, Pa.
 Mr. Anton Zornik, Box 202, Herminie, Pa.
 Mr. Alex Skerly, P. O. Box 666, Export, Pa.
 Mr. Jurij Previc, RD 2, Export, Pa.
 Mr. Joseph Turk, R. 307 Fourth Street, Conemaugh, Pa.
 Mr. Anton Rednak, 1646 Grandview Avenue, Braddock, Pa.
 Mr. Anton Rosenberger, 138 Maplewood, Ambridge, Pa.
 Mr. John Perme, Box 154, Witt, Illinois.
 Mr. Frank Hersich, R. R. 1, Emmerson, Virden, Illinois.
 Mr. John Gorsek, 319 West Elliott Avenue, Springfield, Illinois.
 Mr. Louis Zeleznikar, 351 North Chicago, Joliet, Illinois.
 Mr. John Turk, 2026 Sheffield Avenue, Chicago 14, Illinois.
 Mr. Frank Smith, 2705 South Avers Avenue, Chicago 23, Illinois.
 Mr. Jacob Brljavac, 2100 East 93rd Street, Chicago 17, Illinois.
 Mr. Joseph Lapanje, 550 North Auburn Ave., Auburn, Illinois.
 Mr. Andrew Leksan, 549 Rhode Island Street, San Francisco 10, Calif.
 Mr. Frank Novak, 720 West 49th Street, Los Angeles 37, Calif.
 Mr. John Shular, Route #1, Arcadia, Kansas.
 Mr. Max Skube, P. O. Box 62, Chaput Hughes, Ontario, Canada.
 Mr. Frank Okoren, 4759 Pearl Street, Denver, Colorado.

Mr. Frank Gregorin, 68 West Monroe Street, Little Falls, New York.
 Mr. Valentine Orehek, 191-29 Hillside Avenue, Hollis 7, New York.
 Mr. Ivan Rucigay, 60-43 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.
 Mrs. Jennie P. Maurin, 655 Onderdonk Avenue, Brooklyn 27, New York.
 Mr. Frank Kovacich, 236 Menahan Street, Brooklyn 27, New York.
 Mr. Ante Gvetkovich, 983 Seneca Avenue, Brooklyn 27, New York.
 Mr. Frank Padar, 1676 Linden Street, Brooklyn 27, New York.
 Josephine Erjavec, 527 North Chicago Street, Joliet, Illinois.
 Rev. Math F. Kebe, 223 57th Street, Pittsburgh 1, Pa.
 Mrs. Frances Milostnik, 1216 Alabama Avenue, Sheboygan, Wisc.
 Helena Kusar, 1936 South Kenilworth Ave., Berwyn, Illinois.
 Mrs. Josephine Velbar, 436 Wilson Street, Sharon, Pa.
 Mr. Vinko Rabar, 23-60 27th Street, Astoria, L. I.
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 Mr. Milan Malishevich, 431 West 18th Street, New York 11, New York
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 Mr. and Mrs. Marijan, 855 Ocean Avenue, Brooklyn 26, New York
 Mr. Bozo Bacich, 356 West 25 Street, New York 1, New York
 Mr. Ljubomir Babajko, 170 31st Street, Brooklyn, New York
 Mr. Paul Babich, 324 Hudson Street, Hoboken, N. J.
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 Mr. Ivan Budinic, 610 West 139th Street, New York 31, New York
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 Mr. Frank Runko, 306 West 15th Street, New York 11, New York.
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 Mr. Mirko Skarica, 554 West 42nd Street, New York 18, New York
 Mr. Vudatin Rasich, 201 West 60th Street, New York 23, New York
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 Mr. Martin Tomasin, 112 60th Street, West New York, N. J.
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 Mr. Sam Visich, 1554 83rd Street, Brooklyn 28, N. Y.
 Mr. John P. Visich, 750 40th Street, Brooklyn 32, N. Y.
 Mr. A. Visich, 164 23rd Street, Brooklyn 32, N. Y.
 Mr. Emil Uglesbich, 205 E. 66th Street, New York 21, New York
 Mr. Rudy Turkovich, 119 Java Street, Brooklyn 22, N. Y.
 Mr. Peter Sarsich, 1272 2nd Ave., New York 21, N. Y.
 Mr. Ivan Stiglich, 234 W. 22nd Street, New York, N. Y.
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 Mr. Lovro Dubrovic, 166 W. 78th Street, New York, N. Y.
 Mr. Ante Besich, 161 Newark Street, Hoboken, N. J.
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 Mr. Kreun Sekulich, 25 W. 64th Street, New York 23, N. Y.
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 Mr. Louis Antonich, 750 McDonald Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.
 Mr. Petar L. Masanich, 101 Highway, San Juan, Batista, Calif.

Mr. Milan Loncar, 384 Spruce Street, San Francisco, Calif.
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 Mr. P. M. Doljanica, 133 "C" Street, Fresno, Calif.
 Mr. Y. Zambelich, 1011 6th Street, Sacramento, Calif.
 Mr. N. Mandich, 430 East Market Street, Stockton, Calif.
 Mr. Sam Polovina, 2622 Orchard Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.
 Mr. Braco Vukaric, 101 P. C. Highway and Hawthorne Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.
 Mr. Jones & Hamrock, Mortuary, 731 West Washington Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.
 Mr. Phillip Drazich, 8810 Beverly Boulevard, Hollywood, Calif.
 Mr. and Mrs. Darinka Milosevic, Mountainview, Calif.
 Mr. Lazar I. Rade Gregoric, 1541 8th Avenue, San Diego, Calif.
 Al and Bill, 83 and East 14th St., Oakland, Calif.
 Mr. Joe Kokic, 817 A Kansas Avenue, San Francisco, Calif.
 Mr. Luka Cuckovich, 1271 Mission Street, San Francisco, Calif.
 Mr. G. Castellari, 1209 Stockton Street, San Francisco, Calif.
 Mr. George Puric, 2622 Orchard Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.
 Mr. and Mrs. W. Zobec, 1220 West Lake Street, Los Angeles, Calif.
 Mr. Bozo T. Goleb, Route 2, Box 933, Cupertino, Calif.
 Mr. Repovich-Kovacevic, Lamardzic, Grocery, 700 College Street, Los Angeles, Calif.
 Mr. Milivoje Minkovich, P. O. Box 155, Mountainview, Calif.
 Mr. Steve Galovic, 1136 T Street, Sacramento, Calif.
 Mr. Joe Landeka, 1125 5th Street, Sacramento, Calif.
 Mr. Anton Milosevic, 820 West Florence, Los Angeles, Calif.
 Mr. Tony Ivanovic, Route 3, Box 109, Mountain, Calif.
 Mrs. Darinka Marksit, 405 West Florence, Los Angeles, Calif.
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 Mr. Steve Popovic, Route Box 361, Mountain, Calif.
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 Mr. M. Korch, 1487 Farnsworth, Detroit 11, Mich.
 Mr. Dusan Pejovic, 733 Lenox Ave., Detroit, Mich.
 Mr. Eli Gurash, 1011 Sixth Street, Sacramento, Calif.
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 Mr. M. Damjanovic, 139 Teldo Avenue, San Francisco, Calif.
 Mr. John Jurich, 619 Larkin Street, San Francisco, Calif.
 Mr. Martin Zoric, 233 Ellis Street, San Francisco, Calif.
 Mr. & Mrs. L. M. Popovic, Rt. 2, Box 346, Mountain, Calif.
 Mr. Petar Pedisich, Rt. 2, Box 284, Petaluma, Calif.
 Yugoslav Sokol Club, 580 Eddy Street, San Francisco, Calif.
 Mr. Mandisch, Motors Inc., 424 Main Street, Huntington Beach, Calif.

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 Mr. Misa Milutinovic, 267 Joseph Campan St., Detroit, Mich.
 Mr. Jovan Djuric, 3854 Eastlawn Street, Detroit, Mich.
 Mr. Jovan Radulovic, 4316 Drexel Street, Detroit, Mich.
 Mr. Bozidar M. Grkovic, 213 North Jackson Street, Jackson, Mich.
 Mr. Veljko Ziranov, Golden Eagle's Bar, 238 Woodward, Detroit, Mich.
 Mr. Mican Birac, 835 Tennessee Ave., Detroit, Mich.
 Mr. Vaso Belajac, 13491 Mackay, Detroit, Mich.
 Mr. Stevo Vujnovic, 8821 Edgewood, Detroit, Mich.
 Mr. Goodyear Cafe, R. Zirojevic, 112 West Cortland Street, Jackson, Mich.
 Mr. George Knezevic, 149 Victor Avenue, Highland Park, Mich.
 Mr. Milan Radojcic, 153 Henry Street, Detroit, Mich.
 Mr. Eldorado Cafe, D. Zirojevich, 145 West Pearl Street, Jackson, Mich.
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 Mr. George Uzeloc, 3812 Ford, R. R. 2, Birmingham, Mich.
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 Mr. Milica Petkovic, 4775 Seminole Street, Detroit, Mich.
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 Mr. Blagoje Tadic, 6349 Chene Street, Detroit, Mich.
 Mr. Milan Nedimovic, 8545 Maxwell, Detroit, Mich.
 Mr. Peter Kelly, 1125 Annin Street, Detroit 3, Mich.
 Mr. Giga Davinic, 673 Marlborough, Detroit, Mich.
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 Associated Press, 50 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N. Y.
 Canadian Press, 50 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N. Y.
 Catholic Inst. of the Press, 415 Lexington Ave., New York, N. Y.
 Central Feature News, Times Bldg., New York, N. Y.
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 Hrvatski Svijet, 216 W. 18th St., New York, N. Y.
 IN FACT, 280 Lafayette St., New York, N. Y.
 Independent Jewish Press Service, Inc., 207 4th Ave., New York, N. Y.
 India Free Press News Agency, 15 Park Row, New York, N. Y.
 Inter-American Editorial News, 20 E. 43rd St., New York, N. Y.
 International News Service, 235 E. 45th St., New York, N. Y.
 Jug. Americki Glasnik, 223 Valencia St., San Francisco, Calif.
 Jugoslovenski Obzor, 830 So. 5th St., Milwaukee, Wisc.
 Kiplinger Washington Letter, 1907 K St. N. W., Washington, D. C.
 Latin Am. Press Syndicate, 2 W. 16th St., New York, N. Y.
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¹ Submitted with letter dated January 23, 1948, to the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice.

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 News Associates, 392 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.
 New Republic, 40 E. 49th St., New York, N. Y.
 New Century Publishers, 832 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
 New Masses, 104 E. 9th St., New York, N. Y.
 Nova Doba, 6233 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio
 Novosti, 206 Adelaide St. West, Toronto, Ont., Canada
 N. Y. Times, 229 W. 43rd St., New York, N. Y.
 Ocean Press, Inc., 220 E. 42nd St., New York, N. Y.
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 Transradio Press Service, Inc. (news dept.), 521 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.
 United Committee, 465 Lexington Ave., New York, N. Y.
 United Press Association, 220 E. 42nd St., New York, N. Y.
 University News Service, Inc., 587 7th Ave., New York, N. Y.
 Wall Street Journal, 44 Broad St., New York, N. Y.
 Women's National News Service, 19 W. 44th St., New York, N. Y.
 Yugoslav Consulate, 745 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.
 Yugoslav Embassy, 1520 16th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.
 Yugoslav U. N. Delegation, 854 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.
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 Zarja, 6516 Bonna Ave., Cleveland, Ohio

APPENDIX V

COMMUNIST FRONT AFFILIATIONS OF PERSONS NAMED IN THE HEARINGS, BY ACTIVITY AND SOURCE

LOUIS ADAMIC

- Writer of column, General Mihailovich Doesn't Fight Axis: People's World, December 14, 1942, p. 6.
- Cochairman, American Committee for Yugoslav Relief: The Shield, July 1947, p. 14; undated letterhead.
- President, United Committee of South Slavic Americans: Bulletin, September 7, 1943, October 1, 1943, January 15, 1944, March 17, 1944.
- Honorary president, United Committee of South Slavic Americans: Bulletin, December 1945, p. 24, May 1946, December 1946.
- Editor, Bulletin, United Committee of South Slavic Americans: Bulletin, September 7, 1943, October 1, 1943, October 20, 1943, January 2, 1944, January 15, 1944, March 10, 1944, March 17, 1944.
- Member, Working Committee, United Committee of South Slavic Americans: Bulletin, May 10, 1944.
- Editor of publications, United Committee of South Slavic Americans: Undated letterhead.
- Praises book written by Maj. Louis Huot, United States Army, Guns for Tito: Bulletin, UCSSA, January and February 1945, p. 9.
- Signer of letter to Congress on UNRRA, American Slav Congress: Slavic Americans In The Fight for Victory and Peace, p. 60.
- Speaker, third congress, American Slav Congress, September 20-22, 1946, New York City: Report.
- Speaker, American Slav Congress, September 22, 1946, Don't Let Your Faith in America Waver: Bulletin, UCSSA, December 1946, p. 28.
- Sponsor, testimonial dinner, American Slav Congress, New York: Program, October 12, 1947, p. 2.
- Contributor, Slavic American—official organ of the American Slav Congress: Slavic American, fall 1947, pp. 42, 73.
- Writer of article on Progressive Party: Slavic American, fall 1948, pp. 5, 26.
- Honorary president, American Association for Reconstruction in Yugoslavia, Inc.: Rebuilding Yugoslavia by Anthony Gerlach (inside back cover).
- Honorary president, Slovenian American National Council: Slavic American, fall 1947, p. 52.
- Honorary president, American Committee for Free Yugoslavia: Letterhead, March 21, 1944.
- Initiating sponsor, Independent Citizens' Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions: Daily Worker, December 24, 1944, p. 14.
- Initiating sponsor, Independent Citizens' Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions, National Office: Letterhead, November 26, 1946.
- Signer of letter against Committee on Un-American Activities and ouster of Communists in film industry; Arts, Sciences, and Professions Council, Progressive Citizens of America: Daily Worker, December 1, 1947, p. 3.
- Delegate, Second Annual Convention, Progressive Citizens of America, Knickerbocker Hotel, Chicago: Partial list of delegates, January 17-18, 1948.
- Vice chairman, Progressive Citizens of America: New York Sun, January 19, 1948.
- Endorser to Wallace candidacy, Progressive Citizens of America; Arts, Sciences, and Professions Group: People's Daily World, January 19, 1948, p. 1.
- Member, Provisional State Committee for Wallace, New Jersey: Daily Worker, Feb. 25, 1948, p. 7.
- Member, Provisional State Committee Wallace for President Committee, New Jersey: The Citizen, April 1948, p. 2.
- Signer of statement in praise of Wallace's open letter to Stalin May 1948, National Council of American Soviet Friendship: How to End the Cold War and Build the Peace, p. 9.

- Convention delegate, Independent Progressive Party, New Jersey: Daily Worker, June 7, 1948, p. 4.
- Member, Platform Committee, Progressive Party Convention, Philadelphia: List of convention committees, July 1948, p. 2.
- Sponsor, National Founding Convention, National Youth for Wallace Committee, July 25, 26, 1948: Call to a National Founding Convention of a Youth Organization.
- Contributed \$100 to Progressive Party; Report to Clerk of the House, Sept. 10, 1948, p. 2.
- Member, Writers for Wallace, National Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions: Daily Worker, Sept. 21, 1948, p. 7.
- Signer of statement in support of Henry Wallace, National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions: Daily Worker, Oct. 19, 1948, p. 7.
- Speaker at Wallace meeting in Pittsburgh: Daily Worker, Oct. 20, 1948, p. 11.
- Member, Writers for Wallace: New York Star, Oct. 21, 1948, p. 20.
- Sponsor, Cultural and Scientific Conference for World Peace, National Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions, New York City, Mar. 25-27, 1949: Conference Call; New Leader, Feb. 5, 1949, p. 4; Conference Program, p. 12.
- Advisory board member, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born: Call to third annual conference; letterhead, January 1940.
- Sponsor, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, fourth annual conference, Hotel Annapolis, Washington, D. C., Mar. 2, 3, 1940: Undated letterhead; letterhead, Dec. 11, 1948.
- Speaker, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born: Daily Worker, Oct. 29, 1943, p. 4.
- Contributor: Fight, December 1933, p. 13.
- Sponsor, Soviet Russia Today dinner celebrating twenty-fifth anniversary of Red Army; Soviet Russia Today, April 1943.
- Writer of article, Soviet Russia Today, for July 1948: Daily Worker, July 6, 1948, p. 6.
- Contributor: New Masses, Oct. 26, Nov. 9, 1943, p. 16.
- Sponsor of meeting on Culture against the Warmakers, in Masses and Mainstream: Daily Worker, Apr. 29, 1948, p. 6.
- Participant, Masses and Mainstream demonstration against Mundt anti-Communist bill: Daily Worker, May 25, 1948, p. 13.
- Sponsor, National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Nov. 6-8, 1943: Call to Congress of American-Soviet Friendship (pamphlet), p. 4; letterhead, Mar. 13, 1946; memo issued by council, Mar. 18, 1946.
- Speaker, National Council of American-Soviet Friendship: Daily Worker, Oct. 25, 1943, p. 3.
- Editor and Publisher: Trends and Tides, July 1947, p. 1.
- Member, National Committee for the Defense of Political Prisoners: Letterhead, Oct. 31, 1935.
- Member, Nonpartisan Committee for the Reelection of Congressman Vito Marcantonio: Letterhead, Oct. 3, 1936.
- Guest of honor, send-off dinner for Ambulance Corps, Mar. 16, 1937, American Artists and Writers Committee, Medical Bureau, American Friends of Spanish Democracy: New Masses, Mar. 16, 1937, p. 26.
- Individual representative, Coordinating Committee to Lift the Embargo: These Americans Say, p. 8.
- Member, American Writers Congress: Daily Worker, May 31, 1937, p. 7.
- Member, National Committee for People's Rights: Letterhead, July 13, 1938; News You Don't Get, Nov. 11, 1938.
- Sponsor, Conference on Pan-American Democracy: Letterhead, Nov. 16, 1938.
- Member, advisory board, Films for Democracy: Films for Democracy, April 1939, p. 2.
- Sponsor, National Emergency Conference: Letterhead, May 19, 1939.
- Member, advisory board, Film Audiences for Democracy: Film Survey, June 1939, p. 4.
- Signer of declaration honoring Georgi Dimitrov, Reichstag Fire Trial Anniversary Committee: New York Times, Dec. 22, 1943, p. 40.
- Speaker (with Earl Browder), Reichstag Fire Trial Anniversary Committee: Daily Worker, Dec. 14, 1943, p. 4.
- Speaker of commemorative meeting, Reichstag Fire Trial Anniversary Committee: New Masses, Dec. 21, 1943, p. 31.

- Monthly choice of his book, My Native Land, Book Find Club: In Fact, Apr. 17, 1944, p. 2.
- Sponsor, dinner in honor of Ferdinand Smith, Communist Party member: New York World-Telegram, September 21, 1944.
- Sponsor, Japanese-Americans for Democracy: Daily Worker, October 26, 1944, p. 5.
- Author of book selection, Book Find Club: Worker, December 3, 1944, p. 14.
- Signer of statement asking for severance of diplomatic relations with Franco Spain, scientists' division, American Committee for Spanish Freedom, artists and scientists division: PM, February 9, 1945, p. 3.
- Author, signer of statement sponsored by scientists' division, American Committee for Spanish Freedom, hailing War Department order on commissions for Communists, National Federation for Constitutional Liberties: Daily Worker, March 18, 1945, p. 2.
- Signer statement opposing use of injunctions in labor disputes, National Federation for Constitutional Liberties: New York Times, April 1, 1946, p. 16.
- Sponsor, Win-The-Peace-Conference, Washington, D. C., April 5-7, 1946: Daily Worker, March 5, 1946, a call to a Win the Peace Conference, letterhead, February 28, 1946.
- Speaker and sponsor, testimonial to Vito Marcantonio, New York Committee of the American Labor Party: Daily Worker, December 31, 1946, p. 5.
- Member, board of directors, American Council for a Democratic Greece: PM, March 9, 1947, p. 12.
- Sponsor, World Youth Conference: The Shield, July 1947, p. 6.
- Signer of statement defending Isadore Rubin, Communist writer: Daily Worker, January 16, 1948, p. 5.
- Sponsor, National Conference on American Policy in China and the Far East, January 23-25, 1948, New York: Conference call.
- Praises The Unfinished Revolution in China by Israel Epstein, Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy: Leaflet.
- Signer, statement attacking American policy in Germany, Daily Worker, January 28, 1948, p. 10.
- Board of directors, American Council for a Democratic Greece: Press release, March 17, 1948.
- Member of National Reception Committee for Madame Irene Joliot-Curie, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee, New York City, March 31, 1948: Invitation to dinner.
- Member, Committee of 102 Writers and Artists, protests arrest of Pablo Neruda, Communist Chilean Senator: Daily Worker, April 7, 1948, p. 13.
- Signer of petition in defense of organization, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee: Daily Worker, April 28, 1948, p. 4.
- Cochairman, National Conference on American Policy in Greece: Letterhead, April 29, 1948; Daily Worker, June 3, 1948, p. 5.
- Signer of open letter to Congress urging defeat of the Mundt bill, Civil Rights Congress: Letterhead, May 7, 1948; Chicago Sun-Times, May 11, 1948, p. 37.
- Writer of article on Tito: New York Star, July 11, 1948, p. 16.
- Writer, National Guardian (Communist publication): New York Times, September 10, 1948, p. 25.
- Sponsor, Council for the Advancement of the Americas: Letterhead, November 27, 1948; Bulletin, April 29, 1949.
- Member, Committee to End the Jim Crow "Silver-Gold" System in the Panama Canal Zone: Letterhead, March 16, 1949.

THOMAS MANN

- Signer of statement defending Communist Party, Civil Right Congress: Daily Worker, April 16, 1947, p. 2.
- Signer of statement defending Gerhart Eisler, Civil Rights Congress: Daily Worker, Feb. 28, 1947, p. 2, a leaflet, March 20, 1947.
- Signer of petition to Attorney General Tom C. Clark in behalf of Hanns Eisler: Daily Worker, Dec. 17, 1947, p. 7.
- Signer of protest against deportation of Hanns Eisler: Times Herald, Dec. 16, 1947, p. 5.
- Sends message of greeting to Carol King, attorney for Communist cases; Daily Worker, Mar. 8, 1948, p. 16.
- Writer of letter in behalf of Leon Josephson: Daily Worker, May 19, 1948, p. 8.

- Committee of welcome for "Red Dean of Canterbury"; Daily Worker, Sept. 22, 1948, p. 5.
- Protests arrest of Communist leaders in Los Angeles: Daily Worker, Nov. 11, 1948, p. 2.
- Signer of statement in behalf of Los Angeles Communist cases: Daily People's World, June 15, 1949, p. 2.
- Initiating sponsor, Independent Citizens Committee of the Arts, Sciences, and Professions: Daily Worker, Dec. 24, 1944, p. 14; national office letterhead, Nov. 26, 1946.
- Member, executive council, Hollywood Independent Citizens Committee of the Arts, Sciences, and Professions: Letterhead, Dec. 10, 1946.
- Speaker (attacks Marshall plan and United States police state), Hollywood Arts, Sciences, and Professions Council: Daily Worker, June 10, 1948, p. 5.
- Supporter, Wallace campaign: Daily People's World, Oct. 6, 1948, p. 5.
- Member, Writers for Wallace: New York Star, Oct. 21, 1948, p. 20.
- Speaker for Henry Wallace, National Council of Arts, Sciences, and Professions: New York Star, Nov. 1, 1948, p. 25.
- Member at large, National Council of Arts, Sciences, and Professions: Letterhead, undated.
- Chairman of Sponsoring Committee, Young Progressives of America, Youth Salute to F. D. R.: Daily People's World, Apr. 21, 1949, pp. 3, 5.
- Sponsor for Hollywood Ten Dinner Program, Progressive Citizens of America, National Council of Arts, Sciences, and Professions: Dinner Program, p. 3.
- Patron, Congress of American-Soviet Friendship: Letterhead, Oct. 27, 1942.
- Sponsor, Congress of American-Soviet Friendship: Soviet Russia Today, Dec. 1942, p. 42.
- Signer of open letter to the American people, National Council of American-Soviet Friendship: New York Times, May 18, 1943, p. 17.
- Signer of open letter to Mayor of Stalingrad, National Council of American-Soviet Friendship: Soviet Russia Today, June 1943, p. 21.
- Sponsor, Call to the Congress of American-Soviet Friendship, National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc.: Pamphlet, Nov. 6-8, 1943, p. 4.
- Sponsor, National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc.: Letterhead, Mar. 13, 1946.
- Praises Soviet Union in interview: Daily Worker, Feb. 23, 1938, p. 1.
- Sponsor, Soviet Russia Today dinner celebrating twenty-fifth anniversary of Red Army: Soviet Russia Today, Feb. 1943, p. 34.
- Signer of statement in behalf of Greek prisoners: Daily Worker, July 4, 1949, p. 4.
- Sponsors petition, American Council for a Democratic Greece: Daily People's World, Aug. 23, 1948, p. 2.
- Signer of statement condemning Greek Government, American Council for a Democratic Greece: Daily Worker, Sept. 2, 1948, p. 7.
- Supporter, Citizens United to Abolish the Wood-Rankin Committee (full-page advertisement): New York Times, Mar. 14, 1946, p. 18.
- Speaker on radio attacking Un-American Activities Committee, Committee for the First Amendment: New York Times, Nov. 3, 1947, p. 18.
- Committee member of fund-raising banquet, Committee of One Thousand: Daily People's World, Mar. 1, 1948, p. 5.
- Signer of statement demanding abolition of House Un-American Activities Committee, Committee of One Thousand: Daily Worker, Jan. 3, 1949, p. 7.
- Quoted in broadcast from Soviet-controlled Germany, foreign broadcast: Dec. 3, 7, 1948.
- Praised by Pravda, Moscow: New York Times, May 24, 1949, p. 5.
- Receiver of award from Communist Government of Germany: Times Herald, June 12, 1949, p. 2.
- Welcomed by Communist Party in Frankfurt, Germany: Washington Star, July 26, 1949, p. A-6.
- Hailed by Berlin Communist press: New York Times, July 28, 1949, p. 7.
- Member: New Masses, Apr. 20, 1937, p. 32.
- Sponsor, Foster Parents' Plan for Children in Spain: Letterhead, Oct. 31, 1938.
- Member, advisory board, Film Audiences for Democracy: Films For Democracy (Leaflet), April 1939, p. 2.
- Contributor: Soviet Russia Today, June 1939, p. 7.
- Member, advisory board, Film Survey: Films For Democracy (leaflet), June 1939, p. 4.

Honorary president, League of American Writers: Bulletin, p. 6.
 Statement supporting the U. S. S. R.: Soviet Russia Today, October 1941, p. 30.
 Guest, Writers' Congress: Program, 1943.
 Guest, Seminar on Writers in Exile: Program, 1943.
 Signer of statement, National Federation for Constitutional Liberties: Daily Worker, Mar. 18, 1945, p. 2.
 Member, national committee, Friends of Democracy: Letterhead, Oct. 30, 1945.
 National sponsor, Spanish refugee appeal of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee: Letterhead, Feb. 26, 1946, Apr. 28, 1949.
 Supporter, Conference to Lift the Embargo, Lawyers Committee on American Relations with Spain: Prospectus & Review, p. 3.
 Sponsor, Conference on China and the Far East, called by the National Committee to Win-The-Peace: Call, Oct. 18, 19, 20, 1946.
 Endorser of appeal, American Committee for Yugoslav Relief: Daily Worker, Apr. 26, 1947, p. 2.
 Sponsor, United States Committee for the World Youth Festival: New York Times, May 25, 1947, p. 6.
 Sponsor, United States participation in World Youth Festival: Fact Sheet of Committee.
 Member, national committee, Friends of Democracy: Pamphlet, June 18, 1947.
 Signer of statement urging break with Franco: Daily Worker, Nov. 13, 1947, p. 2.
 Attacks Un-American Activities Committee on Hollywood hearings in current The Screen Writers: Daily Worker, Jan. 1, 1948, p. 12.
 Sponsor, American Committee for Protestation of Foreign Born: Daily Worker, Feb. 12, 1948, p. 6; letterhead, Dec. 1, 12, 1948.
 Supporter in protest against censorship, Actors Laboratory Theatre: Daily Worker, Feb. 23, 1948, p. 16.
 Chairman, Conference for Peace, June 4, 5, 6, 1948: Daily People's World, June 2, 1948, p. 5.
 Sends greetings, World Congress of Intellectuals: New York Times, Aug. 18, 1948, p. 10.
 Sponsor, Cultural and Science Conference for World Peace, National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions, Mar. 25-27, 1949: New Leader, Feb. 5, 1949, p. 4.
 Praises Native Land produced by Frontier Films.

ERIKA MANN

Guest, American Writers Union, New York City: Daily Worker, Apr. 28, 1937, p. 8.
 Guest, Barbusse Committee, New York City: Daily Worker, May 31, 1937, p. 8.
 Took part in the 3-day session, American Artists' Congress, New York City: New Masses, Dec. 28, 1937, p. 13.
 Speaker, Peace Committee, New York Library Staff Association: Daily Worker, Feb. 16, 1939, p. 3.
 Sent greetings to International Labor Defense Committee, May 23, 1939, New York City: Equal Justice, June 1939, p. 3.
 Sponsor, Cultural and Scientific Conference for World Peace, New York City, March 25-27, 1949, National Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions: Conference program, p. 15.

NORMAN CORWIN

Sponsor, Win-The-Peace Conference: Letterhead, Feb. 28, 1946, Daily Worker, Mar. 5, 1946.
 Delegate, Intellectuals World Congress for Peace: Daily Worker, Aug. 23, 1948, p. 7.
 American delegate, World Congress for Peace: Daily Worker, Aug. 27, 1948, p. 4.
 Sponsor, Cultural and Scientific Conference for World Peace, National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions, Mar. 25-27, 1949, New York City: Daily Worker, Feb. 21, 1949, p. 9; New Leader, Feb. 5, 1949, p. 4; Conference call; conference program, p. 12.
 Speaker, Cultural and Scientific Conference for World Peace, National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions, Mar. 25-27, 1949, New York City: Conference program, p. 7.
 Initiating sponsor, Independent Citizens Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions: Daily Worker, Dec. 24, 1944, p. 14.

- Vice chairman, Independent Citizens Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions: Letterhead, May 28, 1946.
- Member, board of directors, Independent Citizens' Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions, national office: Letterhead, Nov. 26, 1946.
- Member, executive council, Hollywood Independent Citizens' Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions: Letterhead, Dec. 10, 1946.
- Vice chairman, National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions: Letterhead, Jan. 1949.
- Speaker, National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions: Daily Worker, Feb. 28, 1949, p. 2.
- Sponsor, Conference on Cultural Freedom and Civil Liberties, sponsored by Arts, Sciences and Professions Council, PCA: PCA Politics, Oct. 1947, p. 4.
- Chairman, Conference of the Radio Division of Progressive Citizens of America: The Progressive Citizen, Mar. 1947, p. 1.
- Vice Chairman, Progressive Citizens of America: Letterhead, Apr. 4, 1947; New York Times, Apr. 8, 1947, p. 31; The Progressive Citizen, December 1947, p. 2.
- Speaker, Progressive Citizens of America, Radio Division, New York State: Daily Worker, Apr. 12, 1947, p. 11.
- Speaker, Progressive Citizens of America: Daily Worker, May 16, 1947, p. 12.
- Sponsor, Young Progressive Citizens of America, youth lobby to Washington, D. C., June 15, 16, 1947: The New York Young Progressive, lobby issue, program.
- Speaker, keynote address at conference July 9, 1947, Council of the Progressive Citizens of America, Hollywood Arts, Sciences and Professions: Variety, July 2, 1947, p. 17.
- Participant in conference, Hollywood Arts, Sciences and Professions Council of the Progressive Citizens of America: Daily Worker, July 5, 1947, p. 11.
- Speaker (attacks on "Red-Baiting"), Progressive Citizens of America, Hollywood Arts, Sciences and Professions Council: New York Times, July 11, 1947, p. 32.
- Chairman, Radio Division, Progressive Citizens of America: The Shield, July 1947, p. 14.
- Chairman of Radio, Palm Room, Beverly Hills Hotel, Progressive Citizens of America and Hollywood Arts, Sciences and Professions Council: Confidential Report, July 14, 1947.
- Sponsor, Progressive Citizens of America Conference on Cultural Freedom and Civil Liberties: People's World, Sept. 30, 1947.
- Endorser, Progressive Citizens of America: Take That Needle Out of Your Arm, Doc, 1947, p. 4, leaflet.
- Endorses Wallace, Progressive Citizens of America: New York Sun, Jan. 19, 1948.
- Supporter, Citizens United to Abolish the Wood-Rankin Committee: New York Times, Mar. 14, 1946, p. 18.
- Speaker (on broadcast) attacked Committee on Un-American Activities: Daily Worker, Oct. 27, 1947, p. 10.
- Speaker, testimonial rally for witnesses subpoenaed by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, Progressive Citizens of America: People's World, Oct. 17, 1947, p. 1.
- Chairman, sponsor, dinner in behalf of "Hollywood Ten," Hollywood, California, Mar. 5, 1948, Progressive Citizens of America; Arts, Sciences and Professions Council: Dinner program, p. 3.
- Speaker, broadcast, against hearings on un-American activities in the motion picture industry: The Worker, Nov. 2, 1947, p. 5.
- Member, Committee for the First Amendment: Hollywood Reporter, Oct. 21, 1947, p. 14.
- Signer of statement, Committee for the First Amendment: The Worker, Nov. 9, 1947, p. 10, sec. 2; pamphlet, Committee for the First Amendment, p. 4.
- Attacks Un-American Activities Committee on Hollywood hearings: Daily Worker, Jan. 1, 1948, p. 12.
- Chairman sponsoring banquet for fund-raising on March 5, 1948, Committee of One Thousand: Daily People's World, Mar. 1, 1948, p. 5.
- Sponsor, Committee of One Thousand: Press release, Mar. 5, 1948.
- Sponsor of luncheon opposing Mundt bill, Committee of One Thousand: Daily Worker, June 3, 1948, p. 3.
- Sponsor, Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy: Letterhead, 1946, May 28, 1948.

- Writer for broadcast, China Aid Council: Daily Worker, Oct. 8, 1940, p. 7.
- Entertainer, American Friends of the Chinese People, New Masses, Nov. 14, 1941, p. 30.
- Sponsor, National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc., November 6-8, 1943: Call to the Congress, pamphlet, p. 4.
- Sponsor, National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc.: Letterhead, Mar. 13, 1946, memorandum issued by the council, Mar. 18, 1946.
- Supervisor, Dramatic Production, American Soviet Friendship Rally: Daily Worker, Nov. 13, 1944, p. 11.
- Guest lecturer, radio courses, re fall 1941 term, School for Writers sponsored by League of American Writers: Subcommittee files.
- Member, national board, League of American Writers: The Bulletin, p. 12, p. 6.
- Endorsed Writers' Congress held Oct. 1-3, 1943: PM, Oct. 12, 1943, p. 5.
- Member, Seminar on Creative Radio, Writers' Congress: Program.
- Writer in Mobilization, Hollywood Quarterly, published by Hollywood Writers: Mobilization, July 1947, p. 41.
- Sponsor, New Writing Foundation: Daily Worker, May 17, 1948, p. 16.
- Writer, Introduction to Song Book, Abraham Lincoln Brigade: Times-Herald, Oct. 14, 1944, p. 26.
- Writer of Story for Songs, Abraham Lincoln Battalion: Daily Worker, Aug. 20, 1947, p. 5.
- Author of Story on Lincoln Battalion: Daily Worker, May 24, 1949, p. 5.
- Signer of statement asking for severance of diplomatic relations with Franco Spain, American Committee for Spanish Freedom. Artists' and Scientists' Division: PM, Feb. 2, 1945, p. 3.
- Guest speaker at Gropper dinner, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee: Daily Worker, Nov. 23, 1944, p. 4.
- Tone-Poem Address, Madison Square Garden Rally of the Spanish Refugee Appeal, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee: Daily Worker, Sept. 25, 1945, pp. 1, 2.
- Advisory Council, Peoples' Radio Foundation, Inc.: Photostat of leaflet, FM Peoples' Radio Foundation; report on investigation, July 1946.
- Sponsor, Peoples' Radio Foundation: Congressional Record, May 28, 1947, p. A2681; Newsweek, June 2, 1947.
- Author of Skit, Voice of Freedom Committee, Town Hall Program, May 8, 1947: PM, May 6, 1947, p. 19; program.
- Contributor, article, One World Flight: Slavic American, fall 1947, p. 34.
- Received award, dinner on first anniversary of American Youth for Democracy, Salute to Young America: Program, Oct. 16, 1944.
- Attended first anniversary dinner held in New York, Chicago, and Los Angeles, American Youth for Democracy: Dust Off Your Dreams, program, p. 22.
- Sponsor, American Youth for Democracy: Plain Talk, June 19, 1947, p. 15.
- Production adviser, Celebration of Twenty-seventh Anniversary of the Soviet Union: Daily Worker, Oct. 30, 1944, p. 8.
- Wrote Story: People's Songs, First Anniversary Issue, February, March, 1947, p. 10.
- Sent birthday greetings: People's Songs, First Anniversary Issue, February, March, 1947, p. 19.
- One Act Plays and Talk by Norman Corwin, Morris Schappes Benefit Program presented by Genius, Inc., March 19, 1944: Daily Worker, Mar. 17, 1944, p. 4.
- Met Italian Communist Mayor: Daily Worker, May 12, 1947, p. 8.
- Broadcast praising Russians: People's World, Sept. 10, 1947, p. 5.
- Supporter in protest against censorship, Actors Laboratory Theatre: Daily Worker, Feb. 23, 1948, p. 16.

[Counterattack, July 25, 1947]

Norman Corwin is quoted by Natl. Chairman Wm. Z. Foster, of the Communist Party, in a recent issue of an innerparty bulletin, Counterattack's investigators report exclusively. In the bulletin, which is intended for party members only, Foster recalls Corwin's "One World" tour last year and his report on it in 13 weekly broadcasts on CBS. Foster says, "He told of the youthful mayor of an Italian city, who, when asked why he was a Communist, answered in five words: 'Because I am a worker.'"

Foster is right. That is exactly how Corwin put it. It was one of the neatest touches of his whole pro-Moscow series, which threw the Communist press into ecstasies. Corwin is a clever man. Not that it takes much cleverness to fool the

average radio listener. A detailed analysis of Corwin's series on CBS would easily show the tricks that were used.

Corwin is active in the new radio front, the so-called Voice of Freedom Committee, along with Dorothy Parker, Johannes Steel, Wm. S. Gailmor, and other Communists. Steadily busy in various fronts, he is an important front man for the Communist Party in influencing public opinion.

*The movie Communists and the radio Communists are working together in their campaign to smear all anti-Communist measures as "thought control," as "witch hunts," as "antiliberal * * * and thus to protect the Communist Party."*

MILLARD LAMPELL

- Endorser, Broadway Club, American Labor Party: Leaflet.
 Advisory Council, Peoples' Radio Foundation, Inc.: Photostat of leaflet.
 Speaker, Win-The-Peace Conference, Washington, D. C., Apr. 5-7, 1946: Summary of Proceedings, p. 2.
 Signer of statement, Win-The-Peace Conference: Daily Worker, May 9, 1946, p. 3.
 Vice chairman, National Committee, New York Committee to Win-The-Peace
 New York Committee Call to a Win-The-Peace Conference, June 28, 29, 1946; letterhead, June 1, 1946.
 Chairman, Action Rally to Abolish Wood-Rankin Committee, Manhattan Center, Veterans Against Discrimination of Civil Rights Congress of New York, May 23, 1946: Handbill attached to letterhead, May 11, 1946.
 Veteran sponsor, Veterans against Discrimination of Civil Rights Congress of New York: Letterhead, May 11, 1946.
 Sponsor, Conference on China and the Far East, San Francisco, called by the National Committee to Win-The-Peace and the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy: Call to the conference, Oct. 18-20, 1946.
 Director, People's Songs: First Anniversary Issue, February, March 1947, p. 2.
 Member, Contemporary Writers: Daily Worker, Mar. 28, 1947, p. 11.
 Instructor, Stage for Action: Daily Worker, Apr. 3, 1947, p. 12.
 Sponsor, May Day parade: PM, Apr. 30, 1947, p. 12.
 Participant, May Day parade: Daily Worker, Apr. 28, 1947, p. 3.
 Writer, Mainstream: Worker, June 1, 1947, p. 11.
 Cochairman, Committee to Aid the Fighting South: Counterattack, June 6, 1947.
 Organizer for Almanac Singers (which provided the songs for the American Peace Mobilization): The Shield, July 1947, p. 10.
 Chairman, Veterans Committee, Civil Rights Congress: The Shield, July 1947, p. 10.
 Cochairman, Committee to Aid the Fighting South: The Voice of the Fighting South, June 1947, p. 2.
 Signer of resolution calling for defense of employees in film industry, discharged or suspended as a result of charges before the Committee on Un-American Activities: Petition, Dec. 16, 1947, p. 2.
 Sponsor, May Day Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions: Daily Worker, Apr. 19, 1947, p. 4.
 Member, international board, and sponsor, People's Institute of Applied Religion, Inc.: Letterhead, Jan. 1, 1948.
 Committee member for fund-raising banquet, Committee of One Thousand: Daily People's World, Mar. 1, 1948, p. 5.
 Speaker, Hollywood Arts, Sciences, and Professions: Daily Worker, June 10, 1948, p. 5.
 Signer of statement in support of Henry A. Wallace, National Council of the Arts, Sciences, and Professions: Daily Worker, Oct. 19, 1948, p. 7.
 Member, Writers for Wallace: New York Star, Oct. 21, 1948, p. 20.
 Chairman of meeting in behalf of Communist leaders, New York Council of Arts, Sciences, and Professions: Daily Worker, Feb. 7, 1949, p. 11.
 Signer of statement, Committee for Free Political Advocacy, in defense of 12 Communist leaders: Daily Worker, Feb. 28, 1949, p. 9.
 Sponsor, Cultural and Science Conference for World Peace, New York City, Mar. 25-27, 1949, National Council of the Arts, Sciences, and Professions: Conference program, p. 13.

Sponsor, Cultural and Science Conference for World Peace, National Council of the Arts, Sciences, and Professions, New York City, Mar. 25-27, 1949: Conference Call.

Chairman of meeting, Voice of Freedom Committee: Daily Worker, Aug. 11, 1949, p. 11.

Contributor: Mainstream, spring 1947, p. 138.

Contributor: New Masses, July 1, 1947, p. 17.

Reviewed books by Langston Hughes, Nicholas Quillen: Masses and Mainstream, Feb. 1949, p. 78.

[Counterattack January 9, 1948]

Millard Lampell, Communist Party member and ex-secretary of Duncan-Paris Post of American Legion, which lost charter because of Communist control (Counterattack, June 6, 1947, pp. 2, 3). Lampell has repeatedly written scripts for U. S. Steel's Theater Guild of the Air program. Sunday nights on ABC.

ALFRED KOHLBERG, INC.,
New York 18, N. Y., August 10, 1949.

Senator PAT McCARRAN,
Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR SENATOR: I enclose a clipping from the New York Times of today reporting a series of hour-long Nation-wide radio programs being presented by the United Nations under the supervision of Norman Corwin, the "Red head" of their Radio Division. You will notice that in addition to Corwin, it names several others as taking part in this, including Millard Lampell. I do not know anything about any of the other names mentioned, except Lampell, on whom I have the following information:

Speaker at an Action Rally to Abolish the Wood-Rankin Committee, Daily Worker, May 1946, p. 5.

Author of article in Daily Worker, June 30, 1946, p. 5, entitled "Caste in the Army."

Member of Writers for Wallace, see New York Star, Oct. 21, 1948, p. 20.

Lecturer at Jefferson School for Social Science in New York.

Sponsor of May Day parade in 1947.

Instructor for Stage for Action.

Mr. Lampell's wife, under the name of Betty Whipple, is an organizer for the Communist Party.

Member of Committee to Aid the Fighting South, and vice chairman of their bulletin entitled "Voice of the Fighting South," see vol. I, No. 4, fall 1947.

Member of Committee to Defend Donald West.

Member Congress on Civil Rights.

Contributor to Mainstream, spring 1947, p. 138.

Vice chairman, National Committee to Win the Peace.

Member National Committee of the Arts, Sciences, and Professions.

Contributor to New Masses, July 1, 1947.

Letter to New Masses, May 7, 1946.

Member, Advisory Council People's Radio Foundation.

Member, National Board of Directors of People's Songs.

Speaker for Veterans against Discrimination.

This is only a partial list.

With kindest regards.

Sincerely,

ALFRED KOHLBERG.

PERSONS NAMED BY ELIZABETH BENTLEY¹

NATHAN GREGORY SILVERMASTER

Member, Washington branch, American League for Peace and Democracy: Subcommittee files.

Member, Washington Committee for Democratic Action: Subcommittee files.

¹ See hearings, p. 115.

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HELEN P. SILVERMASTER (MRS. GREGORY)

Member, Washington Committee for Democratic Action: Subcommittee files.
Member, Washington branch American League for Peace and Democracy: Subcommittee files.
Member, Washington Book Shop: Subcommittee files.

VICTOR PERLO

Member, Washington Book Shop.
Instructor, Jefferson School of Social Science: Catalogue, Fall 1949, p. 59.
Received payment, salary, National Wallace for President Campaign: Report to the Clerk of the House, Sept. 10, 1948, p. 27.
Contributor, March of Labor, July 1949, pp. 3, 7.

KAZAKEVICH, VLADIMIR D.

Signer, open letter to American Liberals: Soviet Russia Today, Mar. 1937, pp. 14, 15.
Signer, statement by American Progressives on the Moscow Trial: Daily Worker, Apr. 28, 1938, p. 4.
Participant, Roundtable Conference, May 24, 25, 1940, American Council on Soviet Relations: Summary of proceedings, July 15, 1940.
Contributor: Soviet Russia Today, September 1941, p. 21.
Speaker, Chicago Forum on Russian Affairs, April 22, 1942.
Instructor, School for Democracy on Russia, winter term calendar, January to March 1943: Schedule, pp. 8, 9, 21.
Speaker (with William Z. Foster), Forum on Communist Manifesto, Jefferson School of Social Science: Daily Worker, November 20, 1947, p. 7.
Guest lecturer—collaborating author, U. S. S. R., A Concise Handbook—Jefferson School of Social Science, fall term, September to December 1947: Catalogue, December 1947, p. 53.
Writer of article, favorably reviewed, Soviet Russia Today: Daily Worker, Feb. 2, 1948, p. 8.

JOHN J. ABT

Member, Committee on Civil Rights and Liberties, National Lawyers Guild: Newsletter, July 1937, p. 2.
Member, Coordinating Committee, Conference of Progressives: Daily Worker, Oct. 16, 1946, p. 12.
Contributor: Soviet Russia Today, February 1947, p. 16, March 1937, p. 16; June 1947, p. 14.
Protest against ban on American Youth for Democracy: PM, May 12, 1947, p. 14.
Organizer, Citizens Committee to Defend Labor: Counterattack, May 16, 1947.
American representative to November 18 meeting in Paris, World Federation of Trade Unions: Daily Worker, Nov. 13, 1947, p. 5.
Contributor of \$150, Progressive Citizens of America: Report to Clerk of the House, Mar. 1, 1948.
Delegate, Second Annual Convention, Progressive Citizens of America, Chicago: Conference Bulletin.
Member, National Wallace for President Committee, New York: Membership List, Mar. 26, 1948.
Party counsel, Progressive Party, salary Sept. 1, to Oct. 18, 1948, \$1,454: New York Times, Oct. 23, 1948.
National Wallace for President Committee, received payment: Report to Clerk of the House, Sept. 10, 1948, p. 33.
Assistant campaign manager, Wallace campaign: New York Star, Sept. 22, 1948, p. 21.
Member, Nominations Committee, Progressive Party Convention, Philadelphia: List of convention committees, July 1948.

CEDRIC BELFRAGE

Signer, cable to Leon Blum, President Roosevelt, and Secretary of State Cordell Hull, League of American Writers, Hollywood chapter: New Masses, Mar. 29, 1938, p. 21.
Signer of petition to lift arms embargo, American Friends of Spanish Democracy: Daily Worker, Apr. 8, 1938, p. 4.

- Signer, statement to Assistant Secretary of State, United American Spanish Aid Committee: Daily Worker, July 23, 1940, p. 3.
- Contributor: New Masses, Dec. 28, 1937, p. 6.
- Member, National Committee for People's Rights: Letterhead, July 13, 1938.
- Speaker (with Elizabeth Gurley Flynn), Young Progressives of America: Daily Worker, Dec. 29, 1948, p. 7.
- Member, Writers for Wallace: New York Star, Oct. 21, 1948, p. 20.
- Editor, National Guardian (Communist periodical): National Guardian, vol. 1, No. 22, Mar. 14, 1949, p. 2.
- Writer, article on Cultural and Scientific Conference for World Peace: National Guardian, Apr. 4, 1949, p. 3.

APPENDIX VI

THE AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS

PIRINSKY EXHIBIT 1

Names listed hereon are the present officers of the American Slav Congress:

President, Leo Krzycki.

Hon. Chairman of the Board, Zlatko Balokovic.

Vice President, Prof. J. M. Marsalka.

National Secretary, State Senator Stanley Nowak.

Executive Secretary, George Pirinsky.

Treasurer, Sam Nicolauk.

Financial Secretary, Charles Musil.

PIRINSKY EXHIBIT 2

LIST OF PRESENT EMPLOYEES, JUNE 8, 1949

George Pirinsky.

Charles Musil.

Virginia G. Muir.

Vera Nickoloff.

PIRINSKY EXHIBIT 3

FINANCIAL REPORT FROM INCEPTION TO DECEMBER 31, 1945

BLATTNER & ROSEN,

New York 22, N. Y., January 23, 1946.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS,

New York City.

GENTLEMEN: We have examined the books and records of the Congress reflecting cash receipts and disbursements, and have compiled therefrom the annexed exhibits and schedules covering the activities from January 24, 1944, to December 31, 1945:

Exhibit A. Balance Sheet as at December 31, 1945.

Schedule A-1. Loans Receivable.

Exhibit B. Cumulative Statement of Income and Expenses, Income Section.

Exhibit C. Cumulative Statement of Income and Expenses, Expenses Section.

Exhibit D. Summary Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements From Inception to December 31, 1945.

Schedule D-1. Statement of Receipts, January 24 to December 31, 1944.

Schedule D-2. Statement of Receipts for the Year 1945.

Schedule D-3. Statement of Disbursements, January 24 to December 31, 1944.

Schedule D-4. Statement of Disbursements for the Year 1945.

COMMENTS

Exhibit A. Balance Sheet

Schedule A-1 of this report lists Loans Receivable aggregating \$675. If any of these are uncollectable they should, upon proper resolution of your committee, be written off.

Exhibits B and C

These exhibits reflect the income (as distinguished from receipts) and the expenses paid during the period from inception to December 31, 1945. You will observe that the income exceeded the expenditures by \$2,551.81.

Exhibit D

Exhibit D and the supporting schedules reflect the cash receipts and disbursements of the organization from inception to December 31, 1945. The poor condition of the records made impossible the proper classification of the items. The items, as classified in the schedules referred to, give the best designation we have been able to arrive at.

The balance at December 31, 1945, of \$2,595.28, is on deposit in the bank to the credit of your organization.

Your attention is directed to items in Schedules D-1 and D-2 referred to as "Overdeposits, etc." The sums represent the excess of deposits over the recorded receipts. Obviously, this is indicative of lax handling of funds. In this instance, the organization deposited in the bank more than the records indicate that it received. Such a laxity, however, may also lead to shortages which would be embarrassing to those handling your funds.

It must also be noted that in view of such overdeposits, persons who paid in money may not have been given proper receipts therefor.

General comments

Withholding tax.—Your office did not comply with the internal revenue law requiring the withholding of income tax from employees' salaries. Currently, such withholding tax is being deducted, but we find that salaries of office employees are being spit into salaries and expenses and the withholding tax is being made only from the salary sum. This is improper and should be discontinued. The tax should be calculated on the full sum received by the employee.

Social security.—The organization did not pay social security from its inception. Only in 1945 social security tax was paid.

General compliance with internal revenue laws.—Under the internal revenue law, your organization is required to file an application for exemption from income tax and submit data pertinent thereto. It is also required that you file annually, on Form 990, a return entitled "Annual Return of Organizations Exempt from Income Tax Under Section 101 of the Internal Revenue Code."

We will be glad, upon instruction from you, to prepare the necessary forms for filing.

Internal office system.—We have instructed your bookkeeper in the recording of your income and expenses which will enable us to give you financial data on a functional basis rather than in the form of the present report.

Since considerable money is handled annually by your organization, it would be desirable, in view of changes in personnel that normally occur, that it be the policy of your organization to have its office employees bonded.

We will be glad to furnish any further explanation of the contents of this report.

Respectfully submitted.

BLATTNER & ROSEN,
Certified Public Accountants.
By JACOB D. ROSEN

EXHIBIT A.—Statement of Assets and Liabilities As at Dec. 31, 1945

ASSETS	
Cash in bank and on hand.....	\$2, 595. 28
Loans receivable per Schedule A-1.....	675. 00
Office furniture and fixtures.....	418. 03
Total assets.....	3, 688. 31
LIABILITIES	
Loans payable: Amalgamated Clothing Workers.....	1, 000. 00
Withholding tax payable.....	136. 50
Total liabilities.....	1, 136. 50
Excess of assets over liabilities.....	2, 551. 81

SCHEDULE A-1.—*Loans Receivable As at Dec. 31, 1945*

American Slav Congress of Ohio :

Oct. 10, 1944.....	\$200. 00
Dec. 14, 1944.....	200. 00
July 1945.....	150. 00
August 1945.....	100. 00

Total loaned..... 650. 00

Less repaid..... 200. 00

\$450. 00

American Slav Congress of greater New York : Oct. 30, 1944..... 200. 00

Daisy Solich [Lolich]..... 25. 00

Total loans receivable..... 675. 00

EXHIBIT B.—*Cumulative statement of income and expenses for the period Jan. 24, 1944, to Dec. 31, 1945*

INCOME

	Total	1944	1945
Income from:			
Second convention.....	\$5,854. 77	\$5,854. 77	-----
Contributions.....	13,678. 14	10,406. 14	\$3,272. 00
Delegates fees.....	1,187. 00	1,185. 00	2. 00
"Ads" in programs, etc.....	2,229. 60	2,021. 60	208. 00
Membership campaign.....	5,214. 30	725. 23	4,489. 07
Concert tickets and contributions—per schedule B-1.....	4,085. 82	-----	4,086. 82
Food campaign.....	1,726. 20	-----	1,726. 20
Pearl Mullin Concert refund.....	76. 50	-----	76. 50
Buttons, pamphlets, etc.....	860. 25	166. 30	693. 95
Pittsburg [Pittsburgh] (transfer of funds).....	374. 43	374. 43	-----
National office.....	200. 00	200. 00	-----
Contribution for Krysch [Krzycki] trip.....	170. 00	-----	170. 00
American Polish Labor Council.....	20. 77	-----	20. 77
Sale of supplies.....	72. 63	-----	72. 63
Overdeposits—sources unknown.....	43. 35	36. 06	7. 29
New York committee for rent and expenses.....	530. 81	-----	530. 81
Expense refunds.....	63. 87	-----	63. 87
Total income.....	36,389. 44	20,969. 53	15,419. 91
Deduct: Expenses per Exhibit C.....	33,837. 63	13,249. 86	20,587. 77
Excess of income over expenses: Year ending Dec. 31, 1944.....	-----	7,719. 67	-----
Excess of expenses over income: Year ending Dec. 31, 1945.....	-----	-----	5,167. 86
Net excess of income over expenses: For period from inception to Dec. 31, 1945.....	2,551. 81	-----	-----

SCHEDULE B-1.—*Cumulative statement of income and expenses for the period Jan. 24, 1944, to Dec. 31, 1945*

INCOME FROM CONCERT, 1945

Concert tickets.....	\$3,798. 07
Concert contributions.....	3,236. 00
Total income.....	7,034. 07
Concert expenses.....	2,947. 25
Net income from concert.....	4,086. 82

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EXHIBIT C.—Cumulative statement of income and expenses for the period Jan. 24, 1944, to Dec. 31, 1945

EXPENSES

	Total	1944	1945
Expenses:			
Second congress	\$5,087.37	\$5,087.37	
Salaries and expenses of employees	10,265.00	3,060.00	\$7,205.00
Printing	4,961.39	1,879.88	3,081.51
Mimeographing, postage, etc.	2,936.17	1,536.92	1,399.25
Telephone and telegrams	1,789.15	333.10	1,456.05
Stationery	389.03	389.03	
Rent and electricity	1,639.63	286.29	1,353.34
Traveling and hotel expenses	2,990.66	324.86	2,665.80
Cuts, mats, and photos	608.82	126.03	482.79
Press clippings and subscriptions	266.80	68.18	198.62
Office expenses	371.57	106.71	264.86
Bank charges and N. G. checks	35.99	13.99	22.00
Advertising and publicity	518.50		518.50
Pamphlets	1,165.19		1,165.19
Kroll expenses	155.00		155.00
Moving expenses	46.62		46.62
Professional fees	25.00		25.00
Broadcasting	15.00		15.00
Speakers honorarium	205.00		205.00
Contributions	110.00		110.00
Records	87.37		87.37
Money and expense slips stolen	99.77		99.77
Social security	31.10		31.10
Gift to Brophy	37.50	37.50	
Total expenses	33,837.63	13,249.86	20,587.77

EXHIBIT D.—Summary statement of cash receipts and disbursements

Receipts:

Per schedule D-1 for 1944	\$27,325.02
Per schedule D-2 for 1945	19,829.91

Total receipts 47,154.93

Disbursements:

Per schedule D-3	19,297.65
Per schedule D-4	25,262.00

Total disbursements 44,559.65

Balance at Dec. 31, 1945 (on deposit in bank) 2,595.28

SCHEDULE D-1.—Statement of receipts for the period Jan. 24, 1944, to Dec. 31, 1944

Receipts from:

Contributions	\$11,164.14
American Slav Congress Second Convention	5,854.77
Balance transferred from Pittsburgh	374.43
Delegate fees	1,185.00
Membership campaign	725.23
Program ads	2,171.60
Buttons, pamphlets, etc.	166.30
Refund of broadcasting expenses	875.30
Refund of traveling expenses	72.19
Borrowed money:	
Greater St. Louis American Slav Congress	\$700.00
Zlatko and Joyce Balokavic	2,000.00
Amalgamated Clothing Workers	1,000.00
Ukranian American League	500.00
Grand Lodge C. S. A. of Greater New York	100.00

4,300.00

National office secretary	200.00
American Slav Congress Ohio (loan repaid)	200.00
Overdeposits, etc., source unknown	36.05

Total receipts 27,325.02

SCHEDULE D-2.—Statement of disbursements for the period Jan. 24, 1944 to Dec. 31, 1944

Disbursements for:

Salaries and expenses of employees.....	\$3,060.00	
Printing	1,879.88	
Mimeographing, mailing, postage, etc.....	1,536.92	
Telephone and telegrams.....	333.10	
Stationery	389.03	
Rent and electricity.....	286.29	
Traveling and hotel expenses.....	324.86	
Cuts and mats.....	117.80	
Press clippings.....	68.18	
Photo	8.23	
Bond to Brophy.....	37.50	
Refunds on ads.....	150.00	
Refunds on contributions:		
American Polish Labor Council.....	\$700.00	
Others	58.00	
		758.00
Purchase of office furniture.....		260.03
Office expenses.....		106.71
Bank charges.....		13.99
Expenses of second congress:		
Radio broadcasting.....	\$4,048.30	
Traveling, hotel, etc.....	1,376.56	
Photos	255.00	
Hall rental.....	250.00	
Films	100.00	
Books	5.00	
		6,034.86
Loans made to—		
American Polish Congress.....	32.27	
American Slav Congress of Ohio.....	400.00	
American Slav Congress of Greater New York.....	200.00	
		632.27
Repayment of loans:		
Greater St. Louis American Slav Congress.....	700.00	
Ukrainian American League.....	500.00	
Grand Lodge C. S. A. of Greater New York.....	100.00	
Joyce and Zlatko Balokovic.....	2,000.00	
		3,300.00
Total disbursements.....		19,297.65

SCHEDULE D-3.—Statement of receipts for the year 1945

Receipts from:

Membership campaign.....	\$4,489.07
Contributions.....	3,412.00
Concert tickets.....	3,798.07
Concert contributions.....	3,236.00
Food campaign.....	1,726.20
Pamphlets	693.95
Contribution for Krzychi trip.....	170.00
Ads	208.00
Rent and other expenses refunded by New York committee.....	530.81
American Polish Labor Council.....	270.77
Polish panel.....	50.00
Delegate fees.....	2.00
Furniture	3.00
Refund of expenses.....	63.87
Supplies sales.....	60.63
Refund Pearl Mullen (concert).....	76.50
Refund on advertisement.....	815.78
Pictures and books.....	12.00
Borrowed money for American Polish Council.....	32.27
Exchange (see Contra Schedule D-4).....	35.20

SCHEDULE D-3.—*Statement of receipts for the year 1945*—Continued

Receipts from—Continued

Overdeposits, etc., source unknown.....	\$7. 29
Total.....	19, 693. 41
Employees' withholding tax.....	136. 50
Total receipts.....	19, 829. 91

SCHEDULE D-4.—*Statement of disbursements for year 1945*

Disbursements for:

Salaries and expenses.....	\$7, 205. 00
Printing and stationery.....	3, 081. 51
Mailing pamphlets, multigraphing, etc.....	453. 25
Traveling and hotel expenses.....	2, 665. 80
Rent and light.....	1, 353. 34
Concert expenses.....	2, 947. 25
Telephone, telegrams, and cables.....	1, 456. 05
Advertising.....	1, 146. 00
Pamphlets.....	1, 165. 19
Social security.....	31. 10
Photos, mats, books, etc.....	482. 79
Postage.....	946. 00
Subscriptions to newspapers, etc.....	198. 62
Krall expenses.....	155. 00
Office expenses.....	264. 86
Refund of contributions.....	140. 00
Moving expenses.....	46. 62
Exchange (see Contra Schedule D-2).....	35. 20
Publicity.....	188. 28
Professional fee.....	25. 00
Purchase of furniture and fixtures.....	161. 00
Broadcasting.....	15. 00
Speakers.....	205. 00
Polish panel.....	50. 00
N. G. checks.....	22. 00
American Polish Labor Council.....	250. 00
Loans made to—	
American Slav Congress, Ohio.....	\$250. 00
Daisy Solich [Lolich].....	25. 00
	275. 00
Contributions.....	110. 00
Records.....	87. 37
Money and expense slips stolen.....	99. 77
Total disbursements.....	25, 262. 00

Financial statement of the secretary of the American Slav Congress from Jan. 1, 1943, to Dec. 31, 1943

Balance forwarded as of January 1, 1943..... \$152. 41

Receipts:

January.....	
February.....	\$330. 00
March.....	49. 15
April.....	25. 00
May.....	400. 00
June.....	354. 67
July.....	40. 00
August.....	25. 00
September.....	
October.....	100. 00
November.....	
December.....	
	1, 323. 82
	1, 476. 23

Financial statement of the secretary of the American Slav Congress from Jan. 1, 1943, to Dec. 31, 1943—Continued

Disbursements:

January	-----	-----
February	-----	\$19. 66
March	-----	-----
April	-----	17. 69
May	-----	143. 60
June	-----	461. 95
July	-----	57. 35
August	-----	32. 18
September	-----	26. 55
October	-----	-----
November	-----	502. 52
December	-----	-----
		<u>\$1, 261. 50</u>
Balance	-----	214. 73

PIRINSKY EXHIBIT 4

FINANCIAL REPORT, YEAR 1946

BLATTNER & ROSEN,
New York 22, N. Y., January 28, 1947.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS,
New York City.

GENTLEMEN: We have audited the books and records of the congress for the year 1946, and we are pleased to submit herewith the following:

Exhibit A. Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at December 31, 1946.

Exhibit B. Statement of Income and Expenses for the Year 1946.

Exhibit C. Statement of Receipts and Disbursements for the Year 1946.

Schedule A-1. Loans Receivable.

Schedule A-2. Taxes and Expenses Payable.

COMMENTS

Exhibit A. Balance Sheet.

This exhibit shows the financial status of your organization as at the close of the year 1946. It is to be noted, however, that certain bills for expenses incurred during the year have not been received and are not reflected herein.

Exhibit B. Statement of Income and Expenses

The income for the year was \$73,362.05 and the expenses totaled \$62,947.55, leaving \$10,414.50 to be added to the surplus (see exhibit A). The addition to surplus would be reduced by the amount of unpaid bills not shown in the balance sheet.

Exhibit C. Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements.

This statement shows the deposits to and withdrawals from the bank account of the organization.

In our previous annual report, we pointed out various matters that needed attention, such as the compliance with internal revenue laws, etc. We are pleased to report that the required tax returns were prepared and filed. Records were adequately kept, and we had the cooperation of your office personnel in making our audit.

Respectfully submitted.

BLATTNER & ROSEN,
Certified Public Accountants.
By BENJAMIN BLATTNER.

EXHIBIT A—*Statement of assets and liabilities as at Dec. 31, 1946*

ASSETS	
Cash in bank and on hand.....	\$12, 409. 68
Loans receivable, per schedule A-1.....	1, 300. 00
Office furniture and fixtures.....	1, 144. 94
Total assets.....	<u>\$14, 854. 62</u>
LIABILITIES	
Loans payable:	
Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union.....	\$1, 000. 00
Taxes and expenses payable, per schedule A-2.....	1, 538. 31
Total liabilities.....	<u>2, 538. 31</u>
SURPLUS	
Surplus at Jan. 1, 1946, less loans receivable....	\$2, 551. 81
Written off	650. 00
	<u>\$1, 901.81</u>
Add excess of income over expenses for the year.....	10, 414. 50
Total surplus.....	<u>12, 316. 31</u>

SCHEDULE A-1.—*Loans receivable as at Dec. 31, 1946*

A. S. C. Western Penn.....	\$500. 00
Belgrade.....	800. 00
Total.....	<u>1, 300. 00</u>

SCHEDULE A-2.—*Taxes and expenses payable*

Barden Realty Co.....	\$12. 39
New York Telephone Co.....	125. 00
John Walker.....	364. 23
Underwood Co.....	2. 50
Gensup Stationery Co.....	6. 92
Congressional Quarterly.....	5. 00
Advance Printing Co.....	192. 18
American Cable Co.....	21. 80
Western Union Co.....	20. 40
Blattner & Rosen.....	200. 00
Social security.....	\$58. 99
Tax on tickets.....	95. 70
Withholding tax.....	433. 20
	<u>587. 89</u>
Total.....	<u>1, 538. 31</u>

EXHIBIT B-1.—*Statement of income and expenses for the year 1946*

INCOME	
Income from—	
Third congress:	
Contributions.....	\$30, 789. 98
Registrations.....	3, 691. 00
Advertising.....	5, 110. 53
Greetings.....	1, 197. 45
Tickets.....	17, 287. 86
	<u>\$58, 076. 82</u>

EXHIBIT B-1.—Statement of income and expenses for the year 1946—Continued

Income from—Continued

Dinner:		
Reservations.....	\$4, 410. 50	
Contributions.....	4, 540. 25	
		\$8, 950. 75
Contributions.....		3, 319. 00
Pamphlets and books.....		1, 335. 66
Contributions, food campaign.....		617. 45
Membership campaign.....		448. 25
New York committee (for rent and expenses).....		614. 12
Total income.....		73, 362. 05
Deduct expenses, per exhibit C.....		62, 947. 55
Excess of income over expenses.....		10, 414. 50

EXHIBIT B-2.—Statement of income and expenses for year 1946

EXPENSES

Wages.....	\$12, 754. 93
Third-congress expenses.....	20, 552. 82
Traveling expenses.....	3, 967. 13
Rent.....	1, 360. 00
Electricity.....	88. 09
Telephone, telegrams, and cables.....	1, 970. 86
Messenger services.....	97. 13
Dues and subscriptions.....	580. 65
Books and pamphlets.....	1, 627. 05
Office expenses.....	153. 87
Dinner expenses.....	5, 131. 60
Postage.....	871. 28
Meeting rooms.....	118. 25
Social security.....	135. 44
Contributions to other organizations.....	1, 125. 00
Professional fees.....	800. 00
Records.....	27. 61
Photographs.....	96. 11
Stationery, printing, and mailing.....	11, 210. 54
Publicity.....	100. 00
Miscellaneous expenses.....	83. 49
Tax on tickets.....	95. 70
Total expenses.....	62, 947. 55

EXHIBIT C-1.—Statement of receipts for the year 1946

Third congress:

Contributions.....	\$30, 789. 98
Registrations.....	3, 691. 00
Advertising.....	5, 110. 53
Greetings.....	1, 197. 45
Tickets.....	17, 287. 86
Dinner reservations.....	4, 410. 50
Dinner contributions.....	4, 540. 25
Contributions.....	3, 461. 00
Pamphlets and books.....	1, 335. 66
Contributions, food campaign.....	617. 45
Membership campaign.....	468. 25
Rent and other expenses refunded by New York committee.....	614. 12
Refund of traveling expenses.....	2, 236. 41
Refund of stationery.....	204. 75

A94 COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN ALIEN AND NATIONAL GROUPS

EXHIBIT C-1.—*Statement of receipts for the year 1946*—Continued

Exchange:	
N. G. checks	\$82. 00
Krzychi [Krzycki]	66. 30
P. A. C.	25. 00
Cash	30. 00
American Express	1, 000. 00
Cash	4. 40
Photographs	6. 50
Borrowed from	2, 000. 00
Delegates' expenses	206. 25
Social security	5. 00
Loans receivable, Lobisch	25. 00
Total	79, 415. 66
Employees withholding and social security	1, 633. 77
Total receipts	81, 049. 43
Balance in bank and on hand at Jan. 1, 1946	2, 595. 28
Total to be accounted for	83, 644. 71

EXHIBIT C-2.—*Statement of disbursements for the year 1946*

Wages	\$12, 754. 93
Mailing, printing, and stationery	10, 851. 96
Rent	1, 360. 00
Electricity	75. 70
Telephone, telegrams, and cables	1, 803. 66
Messenger services	97. 13
Traveling expenses	6, 409. 79
Dues and subscriptions	575. 65
Books and pamphlets	1, 627. 05
Office expense	151. 37
Dinner expenses	5, 131. 60
Third congress expenses	20, 552. 82
Postage	871. 28
Meeting room	118. 25
Withholding tax	1, 214. 50
Social security	204. 02
Refund of contributions	67. 00
Contributions to other organizations	1, 125. 00
Professional fees	600. 00
Exchanges:	
N. G. checks	82. 00
Krzychi	66. 30
P. A. C.	25. 00
Cash	30. 00
American Express Co.	1, 000. 00
Cash	4. 40
Loan repaid to	2, 000. 00
Loan to Belgrade	800. 00
Loan receivable, A. S. C., Western Pennsylvania	500. 00
Reimbursement of membership dues	20. 00
Records	27. 61
Furniture and fixtures purchased	726. 91
Photographs	102. 61
Publicity	100. 00
N. G. checks, not reimbursed	75. 00
Miscellaneous expenses	83. 49
Total disbursements	71, 235. 03
Balance in bank and on hand at Dec. 31, 1946	12, 409. 68
Total accounted for	83, 644. 71

PIRINSKY EXHIBIT 5
FINANCIAL REPORT, YEAR 1947

BLATTNER & ROSEN,
New York 22, N. Y., February 9, 1948.

The EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS,
New York, N. Y.

GENTLEMEN: We have completed the audit of the books and records of the Congress for the year 1947 and we are pleased to submit the following:

Exhibit A, Statement of Assets and Liabilities As At December 31, 1947

Schedule A-1, Loans Receivable

Schedule A-2, Taxes and Expenses Payable

Exhibit B, Statement of Income and Expenses For the Year 1947

Schedule B-1, Income and Expenses Senator Pepper's Dinner

Exhibit C, Statement of Receipts and Disbursements For the Year 1947

COMMENTS

Exhibit A, Statement of assets and liabilities

This exhibit shows the financial status of the Congress as at December 31, 1947. The organization has assets aggregating \$4,373.90 and a total indebtedness of \$6,155.69. The liabilities exceed the assets by \$1,781.79.

The exhibit also shows that the Surplus at January 1, 1947 of \$12,316.31 was consumed as follows: (a) by the excess of expenses over income of \$9,849.80 and (b) by the loss on the Slavic American of \$4,248.25, making a total of \$14,098.10. This left your organization in the red by \$1,781.79.

Exhibit B, Statement of income and expenses

The income for the year 1947 was \$16,385.20 and the expenses totaled \$26,235.05, leaving a loss of \$9,849.85.

In the above income is included the net income from the Senator Pepper Dinner of \$6,574.00 and expenses of \$3,564.82 which is not included in the expenses of \$26,235.05, leaving a net amount of \$3,009.18.

Exhibits C-1 and C-2, Statement of cash receipts and disbursements

This exhibit reflects the cash receipts and disbursements of the organization (exclusive of the Slavic American, which is shown in Exhibit E hereof.)

Exhibit D, Slavic American

This exhibit shows the income of the magazine of \$12,576.51 and the expenses totaling \$16,824.76 resulting in a loss of \$4,248.25 referred to above.

Exhibit E, Statement of cash receipts and disbursements (Slavic American)

The receipts of the magazine and the disbursements for its purposes is reflected in this exhibit.

Respectfully submitted.

BLATTNER & ROSEN,
Certified Public Accountants.
By JACOB D. ROSEN.

EXHIBIT A.—Statement of assets and liabilities as at Dec. 31, 1947

ASSETS

Cash in bank and on hand:

American Slav Congress..... \$1, 292. 16

The Slavic American..... 395. 70

\$1, 687. 86

Loans received per schedule A-1..... 1, 191. 83

Furniture and fixtures..... 1, 494. 21

Total assets..... \$4, 373. 90

LIABILITIES

Loans payable: Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union... \$1, 000. 00

Taxes and expenses payable per schedule A-2..... 5, 155. 69

Total liabilities..... 6, 155. 69

A96 COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN ALIEN AND NATIONAL GROUPS

EXHIBIT A.—Statement of assets and liabilities as at Dec. 31, 1947—Continued

DEFICIT	
Surplus at Jan. 1, 1947-----	\$12,316.31
Less: Excess of expenses over income:	
Per exhibit B-----	\$9,849.85
Per exhibit D (Slavic American)-----	4,248.25
	<u>14,098.10</u>
	\$1,781.79

SCHEDULE A-1.—Loans receivable and advances as at Dec. 31, 1947

American Slav Congress Western Penn-----	\$500.00
Belgrade trip, Thach [Tkach]-----	200.00
United Committee of South Slavic Americans-----	250.00
Slavic American Youth Council-----	81.48
Macedonian American Peoples League-----	57.00
Ann Perpich-----	103.35
	<u>1,191.83</u>
Total loans and advances-----	1,191.83

SCHEDULE A-2.—Expenses payable

American Slav Congress:	
Bardur Realty Corp-----	\$10.76
Nu Method Matrix Plate Co., Inc-----	29.60
Western Union-----	10.05
Apex Envelope Co-----	49.98
New York Telephone Co-----	78.59
Underwood Corp-----	160.67
Advance Printing Co-----	417.25
Social security tax-----	50.10
New York State unemployment insurance-----	67.64
Blattner & Rosen, C. P. A.'s-----	200.00
Withholding tax-----	437.10
	<u>\$1,511.74</u>
Slavic American:	
Western Union Co-----	2.70
Schoen Printing Co-----	3,478.04
Social security tax-----	16.90
New York State unemployment insurance-----	22.81
Withholding tax-----	123.50
	<u>3,643.95</u>
	3,643.95
Total expenses payable-----	5,155.69

EXHIBIT B.—Statement of income and expenses for year 1947

Income from—	
Membership contributions-----	\$5,777.00
Contributions-----	3,692.31
Sale of books and pamphlets-----	681.93
Fighting fund-----	2,689.98
Refund deposit on hotel rooms-----	367.00
Tickets-----	167.80
	<u>13,376.02</u>
Total-----	13,376.02
Income from functions: Senator Pepper's dinner, per schedule B-1-----	3,009.18
	<u>\$16,385.20</u>
Total income-----	\$16,385.20

EXHIBIT B.—*Statement of income and expenses for year 1947*—Continued**Expenses:**

Salaries.....	\$11,488.00
Traveling expenses.....	2,325.09
Mailing, printing, and stationery.....	5,948.80
Third congress expenses.....	450.00
Postage and expressage.....	603.47
Telephone and telegrams.....	1,164.40
Rent.....	1,460.00
Electricity.....	78.94
Contributions.....	75.00
Social-security tax.....	212.44
Books and reprinting.....	483.74
Photos, etc.....	16.75
Dues and subscriptions.....	221.05
Tickets.....	65.00
Advertising.....	44.80
Office expenses.....	273.07
Professional fees.....	200.00
New York State unemployment insurance.....	643.75
Meeting room rentals.....	31.25
Contribution to American Slavic Youth.....	450.00
Total expenses.....	\$26,235.05
Excess of expenses over income.....	9,849.85

SCHEDULE B-1.—*Income and expenses, Senator Pepper's dinner, held Oct. 12, 1947***Receipts:**

Tickets sold.....	\$3,735.00
Contributions received.....	2,839.00

Total receipts..... \$6,574.00

Expenses:

Hotel Pennsylvania.....	\$2,667.63
Entertainment.....	150.00
Photographs.....	63.55
Stenographer.....	36.00
P. A. C.....	16.00
Advertising.....	99.80
Mailing, printing, and stationery.....	532.34

Total expenses..... 3,561.82

Net income from dinner..... 3,009.18

EXHIBIT C-1—*Statement of Receipts for the year 1947*

Membership contributions.....	\$5,777.00
Contributions.....	3,692.31
Sale of books and pamphlets:	
Adamic books.....	\$104.00
Krzehi.....	290.03
Pirinsky.....	285.00
Literature.....	2.90
	681.93
Tickets.....	167.80
Senator Pepper's dinner:	
Tickets.....	\$3,780.00
Contributions.....	2,839.00
	6,619.00

A98 COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN ALIEN AND NATIONAL GROUPS

EXHIBIT C-1.—Statement of receipts for the year 1947—Continued

Loans receivable, Belgrade.....	\$600. 00
Exchanges (see contra).....	1, 009. 73
Refund of traveling expenses.....	482. 10
Photos.....	16. 75
Refund telephone.....	6. 13
Postage.....	2. 00
Fighting fund.....	2, 689. 98
Refund deposit on hotel rooms.....	367. 00
Refund, New York Times.....	1. 20
Refund from Slavic American.....	1, 419. 07
American Slav Congress Youth.....	484. 79
Petty cash loan, Mara Pelkove.....	2. 00
Macedonian American Peoples League.....	70. 00
American Slav Congress of New York.....	347. 87
Souvenir journal.....	. 52
Total.....	24, 437. 18
Employees' withholding tax and social security.....	1, 542. 08
Total receipts.....	25, 979. 26
Balance in bank and on hand at Jan. 1, 1947.....	12, 409. 68
Total to be accounted for.....	38, 388. 94

EXHIBIT C-2.—Statement of disbursements for the year 1947

Pay roll:	
Regular.....	\$11, 488. 00
Magazine.....	575. 00
	<hr/>
	\$12, 063. 00
Traveling expenses.....	2, 807. 19
Mailing, printing, and stationery:	
Regular.....	\$6, 035. 20
Third congress.....	100. 00
Dinner.....	532. 34
	<hr/>
	6, 667. 54
Telephone, telegrams, cables, etc.....	1, 249. 09
Rent.....	1, 460. 00
Electricity.....	80. 57
Contributions.....	75. 00
Social security tax.....	355. 26
Withholding tax.....	1, 599. 30
Books and reprinting.....	533. 74
Tickets.....	65. 00
Photos.....	65. 00
Dues and subscriptions.....	210. 05
Advertising.....	46. 00
Office expenses.....	211. 59
Third congress expense.....	350. 00
Loan receivable, Ann Perpich.....	103. 35
Exchanges (see contra).....	1, 009. 73
Professional fees.....	200. 00
Furniture and fixtures.....	188. 60
Macedonia American Peoples League.....	127. 00
American Slav Congress of New York.....	431. 66
Tabilha Petro.....	50. 00
Radvlouch.....	25. 00
K. Kostich.....	6. 50
Shoen printing, for Slavic American.....	500. 00
Slavic American.....	1, 000. 00
United Committee of South Slavic Americans.....	250. 00
South Slavic American Youth, contribution.....	450. 00

EXHIBIT C-2—Statement of disbursements for the year 1947—Continued

South Slavic American Youth Council loan.....	\$50.48
South Slavic American Youth.....	426.00
New York State unemployment insurance.....	623.23
Rental rooms.....	31.25
Postage and expressage.....	605.47
Loans receivable, Mara Pelkove.....	7.00
Payments, Senator Pepper's dinner.....	3,077.48
Tax on tickets.....	95.70
Total disbursements.....	37,096.78
Balance in bank and on hand.....	1,292.16
Total accounted for.....	38,388.94

EXHIBIT D.—Statement of income and expenses from Mar. 14, 1947, to Dec. 31, 1947

Income from:	
Subscriptions.....	\$6,419.27
Single issues.....	686.09
Advertising.....	3,728.90
Contributions.....	1,742.25
Total income.....	\$12,576.51
Expenses:	
Magazine printing.....	\$10,549.46
Wages.....	2,590.00
Postage and mailing.....	1,709.85
Art work, photos, etc.....	202.16
Writers' fees.....	705.00
Telephone and telegrams.....	22.41
Traveling expenses.....	541.73
Dinners.....	319.10
Social security tax.....	20.80
New York State unemployment insurance.....	69.93
Messenger service.....	14.50
Bank charges.....	7.67
Subscriptions.....	7.00
Stenotyping.....	41.00
Printing.....	20.40
Registration fees.....	2.00
Office expense.....	1.75
Total expenses.....	16,824.76
Net loss on operation of Slavic American.....	4,248.25

EXHIBIT E-1.—Statement of receipts from Mar. 14, 1947, to Dec. 31, 1947

Subscriptions.....	\$6,419.27
Single issues.....	686.09
Advertising.....	3,728.90
Contributions.....	1,742.25
Exchanges (see contra).....	519.25
American Slav Congress.....	1,000.00
Total receipts.....	14,095.76
Employees' withholding and social security tax.....	314.65
Total to be accounted for.....	14,410.41

A100 COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN ALIEN AND NATIONAL GROUPS

EXHIBIT E-2.—Statement of disbursements from Mar. 14, 1947, to Dec. 31, 1947

Magazine printing-----	\$6,571.42
Art work photos, etc-----	170.66
Writers' fees-----	655.00
Postage and mailing-----	1,709.85
Telephone and telegrams-----	19.71
Pay roll-----	2,015.00
Messenger service-----	14.50
Bank charges-----	7.67
Traveling expenses-----	541.73
Dinners, etc-----	217.60
Subscriptions-----	7.00
Exchanges (see contra)-----	519.25
Stenotyping-----	41.00
Registration fees-----	2.00
American Slav Congress, payments:	
Pay roll-----	\$575.00
Writers' fees-----	50.00
Printing-----	20.40
Photos-----	31.50
Withholding tax-----	171.00
Stockholms restaurant-----	101.50
Social security-----	24.05
Unemployment insurance-----	47.12
Printing of magazine-----	500.00
	<hr/>
	1,520.57
Office expense-----	1.75
	<hr/>
Total disbursements-----	14,014.71
Balance in bank and on hand Dec. 31, 1947-----	395.70
	<hr/>
Total accounted for-----	14,410.41

PIRINSKY EXHIBIT 6

FINANCIAL REPORT, YEAR 1948

NEW YORK 22, N. Y., March 28, 1949.

The EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS,
New York, N. Y.

GENTLEMEN: We have completed the audit of the books and records of the congress for the year 1948 and we are pleased to submit the following:

Exhibit A. Statement of Assets and Liabilities As At December 31, 1948:

Schedule A-1. Loans Receivable and Advances.

Schedule A-2. Loans Payable.

Schedule A-3. Expenses Payable.

Exhibit B. Statement of Income and Expenses For the Year 1948.

Exhibit C. Statement of Receipts and Disbursements For the Year 1948.

COMMENTS

Exhibit A. Statement of assets and liabilities

This exhibit shows the financial status of the congress as at December 31, 1948. The organization has assets aggregating \$3,375.45 and a total indebtedness of \$9,693.62. The liabilities exceed the assets by \$6,318.17.

The exhibit also shows that the deficit as at January 1, 1948, of \$1,781.79 was increased by a loss to the Slavic American of \$12,261.80, less income to the American Slav Congress of \$7,725.42, making a total of \$4,536.38. This left your organization in the red by \$6,318.17.

Exhibit B. Statement of income and expenses

The income for the year 1948 was \$31,210.71, and the expenses totaled \$23,485.29, leaving an excess of income over expenses of \$7,725.42.

Exhibit C. Statement of cash receipts and disbursements

This exhibit reflects the cash receipts and disbursements of the organization (exclusive of the Slavic American, which is shown in exhibit D hereof).

Exhibit D. Slavic American

This exhibit shows income and expenses of the magazine of \$5,947.28, and expenses totaling \$18,209.08, resulting in a loss of \$12,261.80.

Exhibit E. Statements of cash receipts and disbursements (Slavic American)

The receipts of the magazine and the disbursements for its purposes are reflected in this exhibit.

Respectfully submitted.

JACOB D. ROSEN,
Certified Public Accountant.

EXHIBIT A.—Statement of assets and liabilities

As at Dec. 31, 1948

ASSETS	
Cash in bank and on hand:	
American Slav Congress-----	\$212. 27
The Slavic American-----	309. 87
	<u>\$522. 14</u>
Loans receivable, per schedule A-1-----	1, 229. 85
Furniture and fixtures-----	1, 623. 46
	<u> </u>
Total assets-----	\$3, 375. 45
LIABILITIES	
Loans payable, per schedule A-2-----	\$2, 000. 00
Taxes and expenses payable, per schedule A-3-----	7, 693. 62
	<u> </u>
Total liabilities-----	9, 693. 62
DEFICIT	
Deficit at Jan. 1, 1948-----	\$1, 781. 79
Add net income, per exhibit B-----	7, 725. 42
	<u> </u>
Total-----	5, 943. 63
Less excess of expenses over income, per exhibit D (Slavic American)-----	12, 261. 80
	<u> </u>
Net deficiency-----	6, 318. 17

SCHEDULE A-1.—Loans receivable and advances

As at Dec. 31, 1948

American Slav Congress Western Penn.-----	\$500. 00
Belgrade trip, Thach [Tkach]-----	200. 00
Macedonian American Peoples League-----	57. 00
Ann Perpich-----	103. 35
American Slav Congress, Pittsburgh-----	100. 00
Amalgamated Bank (draft)-----	100. 00
George Pirinsky-----	50. 00
V. Muir-----	52. 20
JII Grand Lodge-----	13. 50
F. Pliska-----	12. 25
Vera Mickolaff-----	41. 55
	<u> </u>
Total-----	1, 229. 85

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SCHEDULE A-2.—*Loans payable*

Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union-----	\$1,000.00
Charnsheoski Society -----	1,000.00
Total -----	<u>2,000.00</u>

SCHEDULE A-3.—*Expenses payable*

As at Dec. 31, 1948

American Slav Congress:	
New York Telephone Co.-----	\$44.69
Western Union-----	37.74
Airline Delivery Service Co.-----	6.39
Gensup Stationery Co.-----	13.01
Stinson Distributors Corp.-----	2.03
Underwood Corp.-----	10.54
M. Pallas (photos)-----	30.30
Burke & Dean, photographers-----	30.00
American Russian Institute-----	25.00
Four Continent Book Corp.-----	.48
Tru-Rite, Inc. (stencils)-----	3.50
John Walker Service (mailing and printing)-----	859.42
New York State unemployment insurance-----	47.79
Social security-----	35.40
Audit-----	200.00
Electric, established ½ month-----	4.00
Shalleross Co., stencils-----	14.22
Salaries, in arrears:	
Charles Musil-----	\$300.00
George Pirinsky-----	225.00
	<u>525.00</u>
American Cable & Radio Corp.-----	10.23
Withholding tax-----	131.20
	<u>\$2,030.94</u>
Slavic American:	
New Union Press-----	1,706.84
Advance Printing Co.-----	28.05
Phil Wolfe-----	218.00
Schoen Printing Co.-----	3,589.55
Social security-----	14.40
New York State unemployment insurance-----	19.44
Withholding tax-----	86.40
	<u>5,662.68</u>
Total -----	<u>7,693.62</u>

EXHIBIT B.—*Statement of income and expenses for the year 1948*

Income from—	
Membership contributions-----	\$1,425.00
Contributions-----	3,099.00
Sale of books and pamphlets, etc-----	974.70
Senator Pepper dinner contribution-----	250.00
Fighting fund-----	11,945.81
Sale of A. S. C. emblems-----	469.75
Fourth American Slav Congress-----	13,036.45
Sale of typewriter-----	10.00
Total income-----	<u>\$31,210.71</u>
Expenses:	
Salaries-----	\$11,211.25
Traveling expenses-----	2,489.63
Mailing, printing, and stationery-----	4,210.26
Telephone, telegrams, and cables-----	1,148.94

EXHIBIT B.—*Statement of income and expenses for the year 1948*—Continued

Expenses—Continued

Postage.....	\$538.88
Office expenses.....	209.81
General expenses.....	21.51
Rent.....	1,500.00
Electricity.....	86.03
Dues and subscriptions.....	45.00
Photos.....	145.96
Reprints, records, and books'.....	378.59
Meeting room rentals.....	123.00
Messenger service.....	73.90
Tickets.....	165.00
American Slav Congress, pins and emblems.....	258.06
Professional fees.....	200.00
Bank charges.....	58.07
Contributions.....	226.00
New York State unemployment insurance.....	288.54
Social security.....	106.86
Total expenses.....	\$23,485.29
Net income for the period.....	7,725.42

EXHIBIT C.—*Statement of Receipts for the year 1948*

Membership contributions.....	\$1,425.00
Contributions, State.....	\$1,355.00
Contributions, city.....	144.00
	1,499.00
Fighting fund.....	11,945.00
Senator Pepper dinner contributions.....	250.00
Pirinsky defense fund.....	524.82
Sales, literature.....	61.70
Sale of typewriter.....	10.00
Sales, records.....	881.00
Sales, photos.....	16.00
Subscriptions.....	16.00
American Slav Congress emblems.....	469.75
Refund of travel expenses.....	259.46
Office contributions.....	1,600.00
Slavic American.....	\$100.00
Advertising for Slavic American, deposited to A. S. C. in error.....	250.00
	350.00
Fourth American Slav Congress:	
Registration.....	801.00
Contributions.....	9,305.03
Greetings, ads.....	2,615.25
Advertising for Slavic American.....	355.00
Hotel Stevens, refund.....	1,048.95
	14,125.23
United Committee, South Slavic Americans, loan.....	250.00
Charmeski Society, loan.....	1,000.00
Slavic American Youth, loan.....	75.48
Slavic American Youth, refund of expenses.....	4.02
The Slavic American, refund of taxes.....	326.44
Exchanges.....	164.76
Total.....	35,254.47
Employees withholding tax and social security.....	1,102.46
Total receipts.....	36,356.93
Balance in bank and on hand Jan. 1, 1948.....	1,292.16
Total to be accounted for.....	37,649.09

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Statement of disbursements for the year 1948

Pay roll	\$10,686.25
Traveling expenses	2,749.09
Mailing, printing, and stationery	3,834.66
Telephone, telegrams, and cables	1,144.92
Postage	538.88
Rent	1,500.00
Electricity	92.79
Dues and subscriptions	45.00
Photos	85.66
Reprints, records, and books	353.11
Meeting room rentals	123.00
Messenger service	73.90
Dinner tickets	165.00
American Slav Congress, pins and emblems	258.06
Fourth American Slav Congress, expenses	733.78
Office expense	177.15
General expense	15.51
Contributions, Slavic American Youth Council	120.00
Contributions, other	106.00
Disbursements on behalf of or to Slavic American:	
Printing of magazine	\$8,005.00
Art work and photos, magazine	488.87
Advertising for Slavic American, see receipts fourth	
A. S. C.	355.00
Loans repaid for the Slavic American	1,450.00
Loans to Slavic American	300.00
	10,598.87
Paid to Pirinsky defense fund	524.82
Loans and exchanges	513.26
Social-security tax paid	295.62
Withholding tax paid	1,754.40
New York State unemployment insurance	399.10
Professional fees	200.00
Bank charges	58.07
Purchase of typewriter	\$160.67
Purchase of addressograph	129.25
	289.92
Total disbursements	37,436.82
Balance in bank and on hand Dec. 31, 1948	212.27
Total accounted for	37,649.00

EXHIBIT D.—Statement of income and expenses for the year 1948

Income from—	
Subscriptions	\$2,209.87
Single issues	1,383.13
Advertising	1,056.13
Contributions	1,290.15
Miscellaneous	8.00
Total income	\$5,947.28
Expenses:	
Magazine printing	\$12,480.88
Writers' fees	805.00
Art work and photos	753.01
Postage and mailing	532.03
Salaries	3,235.00
Travel	260.04
Bank charges	5.00
Subscriptions	7.00
General expenses	11.43

EXHIBIT D.—Statement of income and expenses for the year 1948—Continued**Expenses—Continued**

Social security	\$32.35
New York State unemployment insurance	87.34
Total expenses	\$18,209.68
Net loss on operation of Slavic American	12,261.80

EXHIBIT E.—Statement of receipts and disbursements for the year 1948**Receipts:**

Subscriptions	\$2,299.87
Single issues	1,383.13
Advertising	806.13
Contributions	1,290.15
Loans (see repayment by American Slav Congress)	1,450.00
Refund of postage	500.00
Sale of album and book	8.00
Exchanges	75.00
American Slav Congress, loan	300.00
Total receipts	8,112.28
Employees social-security and withholding tax	448.15
Total	8,560.43
Balance in bank and on hand Jan. 1, 1948	395.70
Total to be accounted for	8,956.13

Disbursements:

Magazine printing	2,657.53
Writers' fees	805.00
Art work, photos	46.14
Postage and mailing	1,003.98
Telephone and telegrams	2.70
Pay roll	3,235.00
Travel	260.04
Exchanges	96.00
Bank charges	5.00
Subscriptions	7.00
General expenses	11.43
Checks returned	90.00
Social-security tax paid	33.80
New York State unemployment insurance	45.64
Withholding tax paid	247.00
American Slav Congress	100.00
Total disbursements	8,646.26
Balance in bank and on hand Dec. 31, 1948	309.87
Total accounted for	8,956.13

PIRINSKY EXHIBIT 7**LIST OF ALL PUBLICATIONS, PAMPHLETS AND LEAFLETS ISSUED (COPIES ENCLOSED)****PUBLICATIONS****The Slavic American (A Quarterly Publication).**

Volume I. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4.

Volume II. Nos. 1, 2.

National Convention Journals

American Slav Congress Journal, Detroit, Mich., April 25-26, 1942.
Decisions, National Conference, Pittsburgh, Pa., January 21-22, 1944.
Second American Slav Congress, Pittsburgh, Pa., September 23-24, 1944.
Third American Slav Congress, New York, N. Y., September 20-22, 1946.
Fourth American Slav Congress, Chicago, Ill., September 24-26, 1948.

PAMPHLETS AND LEAFLETS

Minutes of Tri-State Slav Congress, Pittsburgh, Pa., December 3, 1938.
Voice of the American Slav., volume I, No. 1, July 1942.
Produce, 1942.
Voice of the American Slav., volume I, No. 2, May 1943.
Rally to the Defense of the People's Rights.
What I Saw in the Slavic Countries, by Leo Krzycki, 1946.
The Battle For Lasting Peace, 1946.
The American Slav Congress.
Slavic Americans in the Fight for Victory and Peace, by George Pirinsky.
The struggle for Peace and Democracy in U. S. A., 1947
Let the Record Speak, 1948
Call to the 4th American Slav Congress, 1948

MISCELLANEOUS

Action Letters:

May 18, 1947

April 16, 1947

Defeat the Slave Labor Bill

Keep America Free! Help Prevent a New War! Excerpts from report by George Pirinsky.

ASC Bulletin:

April-May 1948

March 1948

January-February 1948

PIRINSKY EXHIBIT 8 [EXCERPT]

CONSTITUTION OF THE AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS ADOPTED AT THE SECOND AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS IN PITTSBURGH, SEPT. 24, 1944

PREAMBLE

We, the Americans of Slav ancestry, reaffirming our faith in the principles set forth in the Declaration of Independence and the Bill of Rights of the Constitution of the United States, and desiring to maintain unity and close cooperation among Americans of Slav origin, do ordain and establish this constitution for the American Slav Congress.

ARTICLE I. NAME

SECTION 1. This organization shall be known as the American Slav Congress.

ARTICLE II. OBJECTS

SECTION 1. The American Slav Congress is a nonpartisan organization of freedom-loving Americans of Slav origin, dedicated to the strengthening of the democratic processes in the cultural, political, social, and economic advancement of our country and its friendship and cooperation with the Slav nations of Europe for the establishment and preservation of a just and durable peace for all democratic nations of the world.

ARTICLE III. MEMBERSHIP

SECTION 1. Every organization having membership of Americans of Slav origin may become a member of the American Slav Congress.

ARTICLE IV. STRUCTURE

SECTION 1. The American Slav Congress being a federation of existing organizations for the purposes herein provided shall be constituted as follows:

1. National convention.
2. National committee.
3. Executive committee.
4. State and district congresses.

ARTICLE V. NATIONAL CONVENTION

SECTION 1. The supreme governing body of the American Slav Congress shall be the national convention.

SECTION 2. The national convention shall meet once every 2 years, at a specific time and place to be selected by the national committee at least 3 months prior to the meeting of the convention.

SECTION 3. The national committee shall have the power by a majority vote to call special conventions, whenever, in its discretion, it may deem it necessary or advisable.

SECTION 4. The national convention shall be composed of delegates duly elected by member organizations. The national committee shall decide as to how many delegates may be elected by said organizations.

SECTION 5. The decisions of the national convention shall guide the national and executive committees in developing the program and activities of the American Slav Congress.

ARTICLE VI. NATIONAL COMMITTEE

SECTION 1. In the interim between the conventions the national committee shall be the governing body of the American Slav Congress.

SECTION 2. The national committee shall consist of (1) the executive committee, (2) the chairman and secretaries of the State committees as long as they hold such office, (3) representatives of each nationality group as elected by the Congress. The national committee shall consist of not more than 150 members.

SECTION 3. The national committee shall meet annually or at the call of the executive committee whenever, in its discretion, it deems it necessary.

SECTION 4. The national committee shall have the power to set up such committees and provide such facilities as it shall deem necessary to carry out the program of the American Slav Congress.

In case of the death, inability to serve, or resignation of any member of the national committee, the national committee shall have the right to fill such vacancy for the unexpired term.

ARTICLE VII. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

SECTION 1. The American Slav Congress shall be administered by an executive committee which shall consist of the following officers: (1) president, (2) three general vice presidents, (3) national secretary, (4) executive secretary, and (5) treasurer. The executive committee shall consist further of one additional vice president for each nationality group.

SECTION 2. All the members of the executive committee shall be elected by the convention for a period of 2 years or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

SECTION 3. The executive committee shall be authorized to hire such administrative personnel as shall be required, in its discretion, to carry out the functions of the American Slav Congress.

ARTICLE VIII. STATE AND DISTRICT CONGRESSES

SECTION 1. Organizations which are members of the American Slav Congress may organize such district, State, or city organizations as they may deem necessary in order more effectively to carry out the decisions of the American Slav Congress in specific districts, cities, or States.

SECTION 2. The district congresses shall operate with full authority, not inconsistent with the decisions of the national convention, national or executive committees, or any of the provisions of the constitution.

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SECTION 3. The district congresses shall have the right to set up their own autonomous administrative structure.

SECTION 4. The district congresses shall act in full cooperation with the national and executive committees, and shall carry out their decisions.

ARTICLE IX. AMENDMENTS

SECTION 1. This constitution may be amended by a majority vote of the national or special convention.

[Daily Worker, New York, August 31, 1935, p. 4]

BULGARIANS IN UNITED STATES MUST ANSWER DIMITROFF'S CALL—HEROIC LEADER OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL AN INSPIRATION AND AN EXAMPLE TO THE TOILERS OF THE WHOLE WORLD

(By George Pirinsky)

The Seventh World Congress of the Communist International closed with Dimitroff's ringing call for a world-wide united front of all toilers to smash fascism and, together with it, capitalism.

The mighty echo of this call still resounds as a revolutionary battle cry in all countries and continents.

The election of Dimitroff to the position of chairman of the executive committee of the Communist International will be greeted by all class-conscious toilers of the world with tremendous struggle against fascism and war, because in him they see the symbol of proletarian courage, the unconquerable will to fight to victory, the great Bolshevik leader of the world-wide struggle against Fascist slavery and war, the great Stalin's loyal and tried comrade in arms.

PROUD OF THEIR HERO—DIMITROFF

The American toilers, who followed the historic battle which he so fearlessly and openly waged against the most ferocious beasts of German fascism at the epochal Leipzig trial, are proud of Dimitroff. All class-conscious world toilers are proud of him.

But of a special character is our pride—the pride of the Bulgarian and Macedonian workers. It is the kind of pride Lenin wrote about in 1914. In the article, "On the National Pride of the Great Russians," he declared:

"* * * We are filled with national pride because of the knowledge that the great Russian Nation, too, has created a revolutionary class; that it, too, has proven capable of giving humanity great examples of struggle for liberation and for socialism; that its contribution is not confined solely to great pogroms, numerous scaffolds, torture chambers, great famines, and great servility before the priests, the tsars, the landowners, and the capitalists."

A TRIED LEADER

Dimitroff was born, raised, and fought among the Bulgarian-Macedonian workers and peasants of the turbulent Balkans. There he grew into a fearless and devoted working class fighter. The 30 years of hard struggle against the Bulgarian and Balkan tyrants made him a tried and steeled leader. The defeat of the Bulgarian workers and peasants in September 1923 didn't discourage him, as the defeat of the Russian workers in 1905 didn't discourage Lenin and Stalin.

Long before the arrest and after he was snatched from the clutches of German fascism by the mighty protest of the toiling masses of all countries, Dimitroff closely followed the development of the revolutionary movement among the Bulgarian-Macedonian workers in the United States. With his help in the form of comradely advice, large sections of them broke away from the deadly sectarian influence of the Socialist Labor Party and aligned themselves with the Communist movement. Through the columns of the Daily Worker, Dimitroff sent revolutionary greetings to the Bulgarian workers and their weekly Sazanie.

GREETES COUNTRYMEN HERE

Previous to his arrest in Germany, Dimitroff expressed delight at the rapid development of the Macedonian People's League, which in a short period of 5 years grew into the largest Macedonian organization in America. And 2

months after arriving in Moscow he sent the warmest comradely greetings to the delegates of the fourth national convention of the league in Chicago. I will never forget the moment I received the letter as national secretary of the Macedonian People's League. The first lines were lines of comradely encouragement and a statement of the Bolshevik position on the Macedonian national question. Dimitroff wrote:

"Fraternal greetings to the Fourth National Convention of the Macedonian People's League.

"I feel myself directly connected with the destiny of the Macedonian people both as a Bulgarian proletarian revolutionist and as a son of a Macedonian family coming from Razlog—the valley of the historic Elinden uprising in Macedonia in 1903."

ADVICE TO DELEGATES

Dimitroff concluded his greetings with the following comradely advice to the delegates:

"Only the united revolutionary struggle of the Macedonian people in close alliance with the workers and peasants of Bulgaria, Yugoslavia, and Greece can bring to victory the Macedonian revolution for liberation.

"Only the Soviet system, as the experiences of the great Soviet Union glaringly proved, can guarantee the final national liberation and the complete national unification.

"In this spirit, I wholeheartedly wish success to your convention.

"Moscow, May 13, 1934.

"G. DIMITROFF."

The convention made this letter the key to the activities of the whole revolutionary movement among the Bulgarian-Macedonian workers of America.

A protest march against the execution of the brave anti-Fascist fighters in Bulgaria was organized to the Bulgarian Embassy in Washington.

The Fifth National Convention of the Macedonian People's League sent \$200 for the support of the victims of white terror in Bulgaria and Macedonia.

The Bulgarian-Macedonian steel and auto workers of Gary, Detroit, Lorain, and Lackawanna became more active in the daily struggles of the masses for higher wages, against deadly speed-up, against deportations and all reactionary laws, against the high cost of living, against fascism and war.

MUST CONTINUE WORK

The militant antiwar, anti-Fascist mass demonstration, held in a heavy rain in Akron, Ohio, on the last day of the fifth national convention of the MPL, June 2, 1935, enraged the rubber barons and their hirelings to madness at the sight of the red flag; and the thousand marching Bulgarian-Macedonian and Akron Negro and white workers.

Now, more than ever, this good work must be continued more tirelessly, more systematically, more widely than ever. The mighty, fighting call of Comrade Dimitroff from the world Bolshevik tribune of the Seventh Congress of the Communist International must rouse to struggle all Bulgarian-Macedonian workers of the great steel and auto factories of the United States. A broad united front of all Bulgarian-Macedonian workers, farmers, storekeepers, and professionals must be built up as an organic part of the American United Front of the working class.

APPENDIX VII

THE GDYNIA-AMERICA LINE, INC.

KUTYLOWSKI EXHIBIT 1

LIST OF SEAMEN AND WORKAWAYS HIRED IN NEW YORK

1947-August 1949

S/S "Baltyk," voyage No. 4, Baltimore, Md., February 20, 1947

Wladyslaw Neuman, Captain, ex *S/S Opole*.

S/S "Baltyk," voyage No. 4, New York, February 28, 1947

Wladyslaw Gronska, Ch. Eng., ex *S/S Kolno*.

Zbigniew Lukowski, II Officer, ex *S/S Kowel*.

Alfons Kulka, Carpenter, ex *S/S Opole*.

Jan Brozonowicz, A. B., ex *S/S Opole*.

Jan Stepniak, A. B., ex *S/S Opole*.

S/S "Tobruk," voyage No. 3, Newport News, Va., January 15, 1947

Wojciech Wisniewski, Fireman, ex *S/S Kowel*.

Anibal Rebelo, Fireman, Portuguese.

Manuel Doliveira, Fireman, Portuguese.

Piotr Bielak, Trimmer, deserted *S/S Krosno* in 1946.

Marian Griparicz, Trimmer, deserted *S/S Kolno* in 1946.

Antonio Rendilheiro, Trimmer, Portuguese.

Marc Irvin Eisenberg, Ass't Stew., United States citizen.

S/S "Kutno," New York, redelivered to U. S. M. C., March 12, 1947

Wlodzimierz Stilger, Fireman, ex *S/S Kolno*.

Wladyslaw Glowacki, Jr. Stew., ex *S/S Kolno*.

Jan Walkiewicz, O. S., ex *S/S Kolno*.

S/S "Krosno," redelivered to U. S. M. C. at Philadelphia, Pa., February 28, 1947

Franciszek Patan, A. B., ex *S/S Kolno*.

S/S "Pulaski," voyage No. 1, New York, August 22, 1947

Jerzy Pocolujew, First Off., ex *M/S General Walter*.

Einar Anneberg, A. B., United States citizen, workaway, for one EB voyage to Copenhagen.

S/S "Pulaski," voyage No. 1, at Boston, September 9, 1947

Feliks Wojcik, A. B., ex *M/S Sobieski*.

Eugeniusz Stasinkiewicz, Greaser, ex *M/S Sobieski*.

Antoni Kusmider, Fireman, ex *M/S Sobieski*.

Stanislaw Kilanski, Greaser, ex *M/S Sobieski*.

Tadeusz Sulkowski, Fireman, ex *S/S Tobruk*.

Dyonizy Gibek, Steward, ex *M/S Sobieski*.

S/S "Pulaski," voyage No. 2, New York, March 22, 1948

Leon Mazur, O. S., ex *M/S Batory*.

Aleksander Orczykowski, O. S., ex *M/S Sobieski*.

Norbert Golunski, III Off., ex *M/S Batory*.

Jan Zuromski, O. S., ex *M/S Batory*, following hospitalization.

Julian Lewandowski, O. S., ex *M/S Sobieski*.

Jan Jablonski, A. B., ex *S/S Boryslaw*.

Zygmunt Domaszewski, Fireman, ex *S/S Boryslaw*.

Josef Urbanowicz, Electr., ex *M/S Batory*.

Mieczyslaw Majewicz, Bosman, ex *M/S Batory*.

Jozef Elandt, A. B., ex *M/S Batory*.

Jerzy Kmiecinski, A. B., ex M/S *Batory*.
Janusz Morawiecki, A. B., ex M/S *Batory*.
Piotr Lipinski, Greaser, ex M/S *Batory*.
Teodor Bielawski, Fireman, ex M/S *Batory*.
Edmund Wichrowski, I Off., ex M/S *Batory*.
Jan Malec, Ass't Eng., engaged in New York, deserter, February 28, 1947.
Edward Zakrzewski, O. S., engaged in New York, ex S/S *Bialystok*.
Jerzy Strausmanas, Lithuanian, ex S/S *Kolno*.
Antoni Kadlubanski, Q/M, ex M/S *Batory*.

S/S "Opole", redelivered to U. S. M. C. in New York on January 25, 1947

Jozef Kulakowski, Galley Boy, ex S/S *Krosno*.

M/S "General Walter", voyage No. 1, New York, July 8, 1947

Maria Borkowska, Stewardess, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
Witold Sokolowski, O. S., ex S/S *Tobruk*.
Ryszard Sebastianski, O. S., ex M/S *Sobieski*.

M/S "General Walter" voyage No. 2, New York, August 17, 1947

Kazimierz Przesmycki, I Off., ex S/S *Pulaski*.

MS "General Walter", voyage No. 2-A, New York, September 1, 1947

Wincenty Korzystko, O. S., ex S/S *Kolno*.
Edmund Pior, O. S., ex M/S *Sobieski*.

S/S "Boryslaw", voyage No. 6, New York, January 12, 1947

Tadeusz Bialek, Fireman, following hospitalization.

S/S "Boryslaw", voyage No. 7/8, New York, June 7, 1947

Charles Holcak, Trimmer, United States citizen, for one EB voyage to Gdynia, Poland.

Antoni Liszkowski, Trimmer, ex S/S *Bialystok*.

S/S "Kilinski", voyage No. 1, San Francisco, Calif., September 6, 1947

Antoni Zieliński, Captain, came by plane from United Kingdom.

Tadeusz Wojciechowski, Ch. Off., ex M/S *Batory*.
Janusz Mvjak, II Off., ex M/S *General Walter*.
Stanislaw Breger, III Off., ex M/S *Batory*.
Stanislaw Wieczorek, III Off., ex M/S *Batory*.
Jaroslaw Meleszkiewicz, R/O Off., ex M/S *Batory*.
Urban Krzyzanowski, Ch. Eng., came by plane from Poland.
Jozef Zoledziowski, II Eng., former seaman came from Canada.
Zbigniew Foltyn, III Eng., ex S/S *Pulaski*.

Tadeusz Krane, IV Eng., ex M/S *Batory*.
Kazimierz Juszcze, Ch. Stew., ex M/S *Batory*.
Boleslaw Preiss, Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Batory*.
Jozef Sowinski, Ass't Eng., ex S/S *Pulaski*.
Franciszek Banas, Ass't Eng., ex S/S *Pulaski*.
Boleslaw Riemer, Electrician, ex M/S *Batory*.
Tomasz Trapszys, B'swain, ex M/S *General Walter*.
Wladyslaw Ciemnoczowski, Carpenter, ex M/S *General Walter*.
Gustaw Gomulka, A. B., ex S/S *Pulaski*.

Roman Lorych, A. B., ex S/S *Pulaski*.
Bogdan Wrzos, A. B., ex M/S *General Walter*.
Bernard Schneider, A. B., ex M/S *General Walter*.
Stefan Iratko, O. S., ex M/S *General Walter*.
Gustaw Karkocha, O. S., ex M/S *General Walker*.
Tadeusz Sidelnikow, O. S., ex S/S *Pulaski*.
Tadeusz Bialek, O. S., ex M/S *Batory*.

Grzegorz Romanow, Greaser, ex M/S *Batory*.
Piotr Milewski, Greaser, ex S/S *Pulaski*.
Zbigniew Gudz, Greaser, ex S/S *Kowel*, following hospitalization.
Jozef Kraszewski, Greaser, ex M/S *General Walter*.
Bronislaw Wozniak, Fireman, ex S/S *Boryslaw*, missed ship.
Leon Laskowski, Fireman, ex S/S *Boryslaw*, missed ship.
Werner Klaczynski, Fireman, ex S/S *General Walter*.
Waclaw Grotowski, Wiper, ex S/S *General Walter*.
Zbigniew Skaczylo, Wiper, ex S/S *General Walter*.
Stanislaw Dziwisz, I Cook, ex M/S *Batory*.

Wladyslaw Urbaniak, II Cook, ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Zbigniew Dworak, Boy, ex M/S *Batory*.
 Henryk Dominikowski, Boy, ex M/S *Batory*.
 Zbigniew Grablewski, Boy, ex M/S *Batory*.
 Zenon Harnata, Boy, ex M/S *Batory*.
 Jan Falenczyk, A. B., ex M/S *General Walter*.
 Emilian Wawrzyniak, Boy, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 John B. Kirkpatrick, United States citizen, Supervisory Chief Engineer.
 Ruel Manes, United States citizen, Supervisory Chief Electrician.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 40, April 18, 1947

Antoni Zieliński, Captain, ex S/S *Baltyk*.
 Jerzy Nierojewski, Captain, ex S/S *Krosno*.
 Alfred Szperalski, Ch. Eng., ex S/S *Baltyk*.
 Włodzimierz Mohuczy, I Officer, ex S/S *Baltyk*.
 Herbert Niemojewski, repatriation.
 Fryderyk Pawłowicz, Cook, United States citizen.
 Edward Muszynski, Steward, former seaman, for one round trip.
 Ignacy Burzynski, Steward, former seaman, for one round trip.
 Franciszek Gortowski, Steward, ex S/S *Baltyk*.
 Antoni Ludwiak, Steward, ex S/S *Baltyk*.
 Józef Sobczak, Steward, ex S/S *Kutno*.
 Antoni Pietrzyk, Steward, former seaman.
 Antoni Strumillo, Steward, ex S/S *Baltyk*.
 Mieczysław Liszko, Electr., ex S/S *Baltyk*.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 41, May 20, 1947

None.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 42, June 20, 1947

Edmund Ruszczyński, II Officer, after hospitalization.

H/S "Batory," voyage No. 43, July 18, 1947

Eligiusz Sienkiewicz, Boy, following hospitalization.
 Jan Pawluk, Boy, for one eastbound trip to Poland.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 44, August 15, 1947

Zenon Szwedowski, Ass't Electr., following hospitalization.
 Walter Heczko, Ass't Prov. Master, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Adam Fink-Finowicki, Clerk, ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Zbigniew Heimrath, Steward, following hospitalization.
 Edmund Rewoliński, Jr. Stew.
 Jerzy Szablowski, Boy, deserted ex S/S *Tobruk*, August 12, 1946, New York.
 Jozef Bieniowski, Boy, United States citizen.
 Czesław Zak, A. B., ex S/S *Krosno*.

M/S "Batory," No. 45, September 12, 1947

Jan Arczyński, II R/O, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Jerzy Sobieszczanski, Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Jozef Sarabaj, Fireman, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Wacław Wojtkowski, Fireman, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Kazimierz Koger, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Kornelia Biernacka, Stewardess, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Tadeusz Stypa, Steward, following hospitalization.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 46, October 11, 1947

Edmund Przewozniak, Purser, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Stanisław Sobis, Ch. Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Henryk Dzieciatko, Ass't Ch. Stew., ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Franciszek Woroch, Bartender, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Władysław Sudol, Jr. Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*, after hospitalization.
 Leon Mrówczyński, II Ch. Stew., after hospitalization.
 Karol Rogala, N't Stew., after hospitalization.
 Julian Drelinkiewicz, Jr. Motorman, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Antoni Tatarski, Deck Ass't, ex M/S *Sobieski*, to attend Maritime School classes in Poland.
 Bronisław Gawlik, Cadet, ex M/S *Sobieski*, to attend Maritime School classes in Poland.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 47, November 10, 1947

Waclaw Marczewski, III R/O, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Jan Michalak, A. B., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Jakub Kaczmarczyk, Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Walerian Sosnowski, Motorman, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Jakub Piatszyk, Cook, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Wladyslaw Piontek, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Klemens Zielinski, Ass't Prov. Master, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Wlodzimierz Siengalewicz, Photograph, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Mieczyslaw Naumowicz, O. S., ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Sylwester Nykiel, Cook, after hospitalization.
 Stefan Juszczak, Steward, former deserter ex M/S *Batory*.
 Franciszek Klusek, Ass't Eng., S/S *Pulaski*; vessel undergoing conversion to oil burning; seaman not needed on board.
 Edward Majewski, Ass't Eng., as above.
 Waclaw Kokornacki, Deck Ass't, as above.
 Franciszek Damiński, Ass't Electr., as above.
 Jan Drapich, O. S., as above.
 Jan Leks, Greaser, as above.
 Czeslaw Szubinski, Greaser, as above.
 Julian Sutor, Fireman, as above.
 Wojciech Wisniewski, Fireman, as above.
 Zdzislaw Hoffman, Fireman, as above.
 Jan Rudnik, Fireman, as above.
 Stanislaw Jaroszewski, Fireman, as above.
 Tadeusz Rapacz, Fireman, as above.
 Jozef Kisiel, Trimmer, as above.
 Jozef Wojcik, Trimmer, as above.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 48, December 10, 1947

Stefan Sadowski, IV Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Aleksander Galecki Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Jerzy Mijas, Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Leon Pokrowski, Ass't Electr., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Stanislaw Grabowiecki, A. B., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Roman Wesolowski, A. B., ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Aleksander Krzywicki, Fireman, ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Jan Kopaczyński, Pantryman, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Jozef Jablonski, Cook, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Stefan Murawski, Ass't Cook, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Leon Pasala, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Stefan Wisiorowski, Deck Stew., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Ryszard Pytlik, Boy, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Anna Baranlak, Stewardess, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Antoni Maliszewski, Printer, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Jozef Kulakowski, Boy, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Juliusz Pocijowski, Boy, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Stanislaw Zelechowski, Boy, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 49, January 20, 1948

Jerzy Podelujew, I Officer, ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Kazimierz Mazur, Boatswain, ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Czeslaw Stankiewicz, AB, ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Stanislaw Smoczyk, AB, ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Jan Piaszkiewicz, II Eng., ex S/S *Pulaski*, after hospitalization.
 Juliusz Dabrowski, Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Jerzy Malinowski, Jr. Motor., ex S/S *Tobruk*, after prolonged stay in New York.
 Mieczyslaw Majszak, Fireman, ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Boleslaw Obraczkiewicz, Ass't Electr., following hospitalization.
 Michal Gryszkiewicz, Prov. Master, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Jan Slaski, Ch. Stew., ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Jan Krawiec, Cook, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Pankracy Laniecki, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Jozef Kolat, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Tadeusz Nurzynski, Jr. Stew., following hospitalization.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 50, February 20, 1948

Hipolit Ratajczak, A. B., ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Jan Zuromski, O. S., following hospitalization.
 Jan Bienia, Steward, missed the ship during previous call.
 Kazimierz Grabowski, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Wladyslaw Ziemba, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Jan Zaleski, Jr. Stew., repatriated to Poland.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 51, March 26, 1948

Jan Jablonski, A. B., ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Jozef Dubiel, Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Zygmunt Dlouhy, Firemen, ex S/S *Pulaski*.
 Wacław Kowalkowski, Steward, deserted on previous call.
 Stanislaw Stala, Jr. Stew., United States citizen, workaway.
 Janina Sarabaha, Stewardess, following hospitalization.
 Aleksy Danilow, Laundryman, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Zdzislaw Malinski, Boy, following hospitalization.
 Agnieszka Buch, Stewardess, deserter from previous voyage; stowed away.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 52, April 19, 1948

Stanislaw Mossakowski, Ass't Eng., ex S/S *Pulaski*, following hospitalization.
 Wladyslaw Winiarski, Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Stanislaw Lezaj, O. S., following hospitalization.
 Mieczyslaw Mazur, Steward, following hospitalization.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 53, May 19, 1948

Stanislaw Palulis, I Off., ex S/S *Pulaski*, following hospitalization.
 Jakub Dawidowski, Boatswain, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Pawel Moczulski, Clerk, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Mieczyslaw Sikorowicz, Motorman, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Antoni Dakowicz, Jr. Mot., ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Harry A. Barratt, Steward, *Danish*, after hospitalization.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 55, July 16, 1948

Jozef Gorecki, Q/M, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Sylwester Nykiel, Jr. Cook, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Czeslaw Czarkowski, Boy, following hospitalization.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 55, July 16, 1948

Franciszek Stadnik, Storekeeper, ex M/S *Sobieski* for vacation in Poland.
 Edmund Dera, A. B., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Wladyslaw Jazyk, Q/M, ex M/S *Sobieski* for vacation in Poland.
 Tadeusz Krukiewicz, A. B., ex M/S *Sobieski* for vacation in Poland.
 Jan Rejmer, O. S., ex M/S *Sobieski* for vacation in Poland.
 Franciszek Dawidowski, Deck boy, ex M/S *Sobieski* for vacation in Poland.
 Feliks Kmiecik, Ch. Fireman, ex M/S *Sobieski* for vacation in Poland.
 Stanislaw Schodowski, Fireman, ex M/S *Sobieski* for vacation in Poland.
 Aleksander Zolnierz, Fireman, ex M/S *Sobieski* for vacation in Poland.
 Jan Stromski, A. B., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Alfons Gradowski, A. B., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Michał Urbaniak, Carpenter, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Roman Samsonowicz, Deck Boy, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Stanislaw Gogul, I Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Tadeusz Służewski, III Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Roman Niezgodzki, Electr., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Czeslaw Kilian, Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Zdzislaw Jabczynski, Motorman, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Leon Glowacki, Chef, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Stanislaw Smikala, Ch. Stew., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Wacław Kubiacyk, Ass't Butcher, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Bronisława Kapitula, Stewardess, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Ryszard Kwaskiewicz, Boy, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Julia Piotrowska, Stewardess, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Waldemar Kiecol, Scullion, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Roman Bordel, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Kazimierz Wociał, Jr. Cook, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Wacława Leszczynska, Laundress, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.

Jan Rogalewski, Boy, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Kornelia Buryń, Laundress, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Leokadja Majewska, Linen Stew., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Mieczysław Roszczyk, Printer, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Antoni Jagiello, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Aleksander Sopolinski, Bartender, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Oskar Czubkowski, Deck Stew., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Stanisław Kolodziej, Galley Boy, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Stanisław Pytlik, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Stanisław Szymkiewicz, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Zbigniew Sawicki, Scullion, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Franciszek Ostrowski, Cook, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Zofia Jozwiak, Stewardess, following hospitalization.
 Stanisław Dąbrowski, Boy, following hospitalization.
 Konrad Zaworski, Boy, following hospitalization.
 Marian Bochenki, Steward, missed the ship on previous call.
 Władysław Nowak, Steward, missed the ship on previous call.
 Bolesław Lewanski, Jr. Stew., United States citizen, workaway.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 56, August 14, 1948

Waleria Haremza, Saleslady, following hospitalization.
 Czesław Szubinski, Motorman, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Zenon Hrobni, Boy, following hospitalization.
 Wacław Rosochacki, Motorman, former seaman; repatriated to Poland after prolonged stay in United States of America.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 57, September 13, 1948

Rudolf Brumer, Ass't Electr., ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Adam Adameczyk, Motorman, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Ryszard Polosa, A. B., former seaman; repatriated to Poland.
 Zdzisław Sokolowski, Cook, following hospitalization.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 58, October 11, 1948

Bolesław Rakowski, Deck Acc't, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Józef Klusiewicz, Q/M, ex M/S *Sobieski*, following hospitalization.
 Mieczysław Hrychiewicz, Boy, following hospitalization.
 Czesław Praceł, Chef, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Maria Liedtke, Stewardess, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Maria Nowosad, Stewardess, following hospitalization.
 Lucjan Pieta, Boy, repatriated to Poland; request Polish Consulate.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 59, November 9, 1948

Antoni Buszewski, II Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 60, December 10, 1948

Leon Radwanski, Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Stefan Gosz, Ass't Ch. Stew., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Władysław Majewski, A. B., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Jan Chabowski, A. B., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Józef Szulakiewicz, Fireman, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Józef Dzygala, Cook, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Antoni Pietrzyk, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*.
 Walter Kolowski, Steward, United States citizen, workaway.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 61, February 3, 1949

Boris Ouspensky, Doctor, United States citizen, one round voyage.
 Ignacy Sosin, Deck Ass't, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Kazimierz Twarowski, Storekeeper, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Ludwik Wojniusz, Q/M, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Władysław Bielanski, II R/O, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Michał Bochenki, Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Jan Kalinowski, Ass't Eng., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Karol Rittermann, Ass't Electr., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Adam Rydz, Clerk, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Franciszek Nych, Ch. Stew., ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Lucja Rebelkowna, Nurse, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Tadeusz Maciejczyk, Deck Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Stefan Książek, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Antoni Pietrzyk, Steward, ex M/S *Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.

Marian Pocijewski, Steward, ex *M/S Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Ryszard Wolski, Steward, ex *M/S Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Dominik Czarnik, Galley Boy, ex *M/S Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Ziemowit Sas, Galley Boy, ex *M/S Sobieski*, for vacation in Poland.
 Mikolaj Konosz, Cook, following hospitalization.
 Leon Zudrak, A. B., repatriation, former seaman.
 Spiridon Ampafielos, IV R/O, Greek.
 Nicolas Paraskevas, Motorman, Greek.
 Emanouil Karamaligos, Motorman, Greek.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 62, March 6, 1949

Helena Sztab, Stewardess, missed the ship in February 1949.
 Antoni Kowalczyk, Boy, deserter during previous voyage.
 Sydney Thomas, Supercargo, Canadian, surveyor of Halifax Shipyards to prepare specification of repairs on board during the voyage to Halifax Shipyards.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 62-A, April 8, 1949

Felician Michalowski, Doctor, ex *M/S Sobieski*.
 Witold Szablowski, Ass't Purser, left behind in New York during the previous call.
 Wladyslaw Maczuga, Motorman, came into New York on *M/S Sobieski* on which he was found drunk after both ships met in Halifax, N. S.
 Nikodem Degorski, Ass't Eng., came into New York on *M/S Sobieski* on which he was found drunk after both ships met in Halifax, N. S.
 Tomasz Lechniewski, Steward, following hospitalization.
 Stanislaw Lorent, Steward, following hospitalization.
 Andrzej Mirosław, Deck Stew., following hospitalization.
 Tzilianos Panagiotis, Steward, Greek.
 Theodore Deliyankis, Steward, Greek.
 Dimitri Moriatis, Steward, Greek.
 Vasilios Pongas, Jr. Steward, Greek.
 Paul E. Engstrom, Steward, United States citizen, workaway to Southampton.
 Holger P. W. Nielsen, Steward, United States citizen, workaway to Copenhagen.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 63, May 6, 1949

Tadeusz Stepkowski, Ch. Eng., ex *M/S Sobieski*.
 Stanislaw Blachowski, O. S., following hospitalization.
 Anna Magiera, Stewardess, following hospitalization.
 Jozef Lesniak, Boy, following hospitalization.
 Stanislaw Wilga, Boy, repatriation; request Polish Consulate.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 64, June 6, 1949

Adam Glowacki, Cook, ex *M/S Sobieski*, following hospital.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 65, July 6, 1949

None.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 66, August 9, 1949

Henryk Kudelski, Boy, following hospitalization.

M/S "Batory," voyage No. 67, September 9, 1949

Jadwiga Cybulska, Nurse, following hospitalization.

M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 1, May 29, 1947

Stanislaw Pytlik, Steward, ex *S/S Kutno*.
 Raffaele di Franceso Comforti, Galley Boy, Italian.

M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 2, July 1, 1947

Dyonizy Gibek, Steward, ex *M/S General Walter*.
 Julian Lewandowski, Steward, ex *M/S General Walter*.
 Mateo Matas, Jr. Stew., Italian, following vacation in New York.

M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 3, Aug. 2, 1947

Edward Pacewicz, Captain, our former captain.
 Lech Korgol, Galley Boy, missed the ship on previous call.

M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 4, September 3, 1947

Czeslaw Grzelak, Acting Ass't Purser, our New York office staff.
 Osvaldo Belli, Motorman, Italian.

*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 5, October 4, 1947*Adam Adamski, Ch. Purser, ex *M/S Batory*.

Stanislaw Gregorczyk, Steward, following hospitalization.

Kazimierz Grabowski, Steward, former seaman; resident of New York.

Nicolò Sersich, Ass't Electr., Yugoslav, workaway to Genoa.

*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 6, November 5, 1947*Franciszek Nych, Ch. Stew., ex *M/S Batory*.Stanislaw Smikala, Ass't Ch. Stew., ex *M/S Batory*.Marian Kurkiewicz, Ass't Ch. Stew., ex *M/S Batory*.Aleksander Sopolinski, Bartender, ex *M/S Batory*.Mieczyslaw Burak, Steward, ex *M/S Batory*.Jozef Morzuch, Ass't Eng., ex *S/S Pulaski*.Wladyslaw Wieniarski, Ass't Eng., ex *S/S Pulaski*.Leon Radwanski, Ass't Eng., ex *S/S Pulaski*.Wladyslaw Bielanski, III R/O, ex *S/S Pulaski*.Jozef Kulakowski, Deck Boy, ex *M/S General Walter*.*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 7, December 8, 1947*Mieczyslaw Wisniewski, I R/O, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Jan Walczak, III R/O, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Stanislaw Gogul, I Eng., ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Bogdan Langhamer, IV Eng., ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Jan Kalinowski, Ass't Eng., ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Alojzy Rodinger, Ass't Eng., ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Jan Hintz, Ass't Eng., ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Kazimierz Wojcik, Deck Ass't, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Hugon Schneider, Prov. Master, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Jan Krawiec, Pantryman, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Leopold Zabielski, Ass't Butcher, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Sylwester Nykiel, Ass't Butcher, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Jozef Dzygalo, Cook, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Edward Nowak, Steward, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Wladyslaw Nowak, Steward, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Stanislaw Grochmal, Steward, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Marian Poczekaj, Steward, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Stefan Książyk, Steward, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Sylwester Kielas, Steward, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Jozef Jezak, Steward, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Tadeusz Maciejczyk, Steward, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Ryszard Wolski, Steward, ex *M/S Batory*, return from holiday.Helena Jurkiewicz, Laundress, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Marianna Korpowska, Stewardess, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Aleksy Danilow, Laundryman, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Julia Piotrowska, Stewardess, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Ziemowit Sas, Boy, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Roman Samsonowicz, Boy, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Wladyslaw Sowinski, Boy, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Hieronim Kolodziejczyk, Boy, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Henryk Boksa, Boy, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Henryk Brenk, Boy, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Wladyslaw Wysocki, Boy, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Franciszek Staniszewski, Boy, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Dominik Czarnik, Boy, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Leszek Danieleczyk, Boy, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.Edmund Gniateczyk, Steward, return from holiday on *M/S Batory*.*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 8, January 23, 1948*Czeslaw Wasielewski, II Off., ex *M/S Batory*.Bronislaw Bartold, Ass't Eng., ex *M/S Batory*.Czeslaw Kilian, Ass't Eng., ex *M/S Batory*.Boleslaw Rakowski, Deck Ass't, ex *M/S Batory*.

Mieczyslaw Roszczyk, Printer, following hospitalization.

Leopold Bala, Wiper, ex *M/S Batory*.Waclawa Leszczynska, Laundress, ex *M/S Batory*.Anna Bielska, Laundress, ex *M/S Batory*.*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 9, February 25, 1948*Mieczyslaw Sikorowicz, Jr. Mot., following hospitalization, *M/S "Sobieski"*,* *voyage No. 10, March 31, 1948*

Ignacy Sosin, Deck Asst, ex M/S *Batory*
M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 11, May 7, 1948
Alojzy Pytel, Q/M, following hospitalization.
Marian Mochenski, Steward, following hospitalization.
Julian Waliszewski, Breadcutter, following hospitalization.
M/ "Sobieski, voyage No. 12, June 11, 1948
Jan Chabowski, O. S., following hospitalization.
Emilian Kasprzyk, Steward, following hospitalization.
Leokadja Majewska, Laundrywoman, following hospitalization.
Roman Pawlowski, Jr. Mot., following hospitalization.
Marshall Jarach, United States citizen, workaway to Genoa.
M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 13, July 15, 1949
Roman Moller, R/O, return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Aleksander Bielczyk, Q/M, return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Jozef Szulakiewicz, O. S., return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Wladyslaw Majewski, A. B., return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Stanislaw Skrzypczak, Carpenter, return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Jan Trzonkowski, A. B., return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Jan Puszka, A. B., return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Jacek, Filipek, Fireman, return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Franciszek Nierzwicki, Fireman, return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Jerzy Lewkowicz, Deck Boy, return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Jozef Warszczak, Deck Boy, return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Zdzislaw Podkocki, Q/M, return from holiday on M/S *Batory*.
Edward Ameryk, Fireman, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Bruno Delik, I Eng., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Karol Ritterman, Ass't. Eng., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Boleslaw Preiss, Ass't. Eng., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Edmund Rzepka, Ass't Electr., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Marian Simon, III Eng., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Leon Sroka, Jr., Stew., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Jan Przyworski, Ass't Butcher, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Zdzislaw Zdrzalik, O. S., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Józef Bienkowski, Laundryman, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Tadeusz Fronczak, Galley Boy, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Stefan Marzec, Cook, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Ryszard Mazuchowski, Galley Boy, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Franciszek Woroch, Cant. Stew., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Roman Borowiec, Stew., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Stefan Kuczma, Scullion, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Czeslaw Pufanek, Steward, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Helena Zukowska, Laundress, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Antoni Pietrzyk, Deck Stew., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Henryk Pisowacki, Jr. Cook, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Maria Nitkiewicz, Stewardess, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Jozefa Zmyslowska, Stewardess, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Franciszek Nowak, Steward, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Jerzy Jurkiewicz, Scullion, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Antoni Strumillo, Steward, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Julian Baginski, Galley Boy, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Wladyslaw Ziembha, Steward, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Stefan Szaj, Steward, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Stefan Goncz, Ass't Ch. Stew., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Leon Goncz, Baker, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Kazimierz Andrzejewski, Galley Boy, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Leokadja Bugaj, Laundress, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Waclaw Majzner, Cook, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Stanislaw Owsianowski, Ch. Purser, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Adam Rydz, Clerk, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Piotr Balun, Printer, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.
Kazimierz Rogalewski, Boy, following hospitalization.
Eugeniusz Helewski, Ass't Prov. Mast., ex M/S *Batory*.
Jerzy Cyrkler, Confect., ex M/S *Batory*.
Andrzej Doba, Motorman, ex M/S *Batory*.
Enrico Ponte, Steward, Italian, following vacation in the United States of America.

*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 14, August 20, 1948*Czeslaw Olszewski, II Off., ex M/S *Batory*.Michat Lorek, Butcher, ex M/S *Batory*.

Leopold Sliwowski, Steward, former seaman.

Zygmunt Nowakowski, Barber, ex M/S *Batory*.Zenon Jasiak, Boy, ex M/S *Batory*, following hospitalization.*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 15, September 24, 1948*Stanislaw Smikala, Ch. Stew., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Leon Glowacki, Chef, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Leokadja Majewska, Linen Stewardess, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Waclaw Lipin, Jr. Cook, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Stanislaw Kolodziej, Galley Ass't, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Macław Jastrzebski, Steward, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Jan Lieder, Steward, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Stanislaw Pytlik, Steward, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Marian Pocijowski, Steward, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Zenon Jatkowski, Boy, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Jan Rogalewski, Boy, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.

Stanislaw Grochmal, Steward, following hospitalization.

Kazimierz Makos, Boy, ex M/S *Batory*, following hospitalization.Franciszek Ponezek, Boy, ex M/S *Batory*, following hospitalization.*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 16, Oct. 29, 1948*Tadeusz Sluzewski, II Eng., ex M/S *Batory*.Czeslaw Lojewski, Boy, ex M/S *Batory*.*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 17, December 6, 1948*Michal Kochanczyk, Supercargo, ex M/S *Batory*.

Luigi Olzai, Steward, Italian, deserter (July voyage).

*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 18, January 21, 1949*Jadwiga Cybulska, Nurse, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Joachim Szware, III R/O, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Ludwik Rutkowski, Stew., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Stefan Kirylowicz, Stew., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Pawel Bonk, Stew., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Antoni Zolkos, Stew., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Zbigniew Wisniewski, Deck Ass't, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Antoni Maliszewski, Printer, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Kamilla Lakoma, Stewardess, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Wladyslaw Jezyk, Q/M, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Zbigniew Sawicki, Boy, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Ryszard Kulinski, Boy, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Czeslaw Pracel, I Cook, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Stanislaw Jedrzynski, Ass't Eng., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Aleksander Sieron, Ass't Eng., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Czeslaw Przesmycki, Deck Ass't, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Roman Niezgodzki, Electr., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Henryk Brzeski, Baker, return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.Leopold Woloszyn, A. B., return from holiday on the M/S *Batory*.*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 19, February 25, 1949*

Wladyslaw M. Lotkowski, Ch. Off., former seaman engaged for two round voyages to Genoa.

George Szczerbinski, Ch. Stew., United States citizen, our New York office staff for one round voyage.

Ajax Pate Stellakis, III R/O, Greek, for one round voyage.

Steven Shewchuk, Electr., United States citizen, for one round voyage.

Giuseppe Piccione, A. B., Italian, for one round voyage.

David George Milev, O. S., United States citizen, for one round voyage.

Aniello Izzo, Motorman, Italian, workaway.

Silvio Stemberga, Italian, former deserter, M/S *Sobieski* No. 7.*M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 20, April 1, 1949*Wincenty Natkanski, Doctor, ex M/S *Batory*, following hospitalization.

Augustyn Kos, Ass't Eng., following detention by the police in New York.

Antonino Gorgone, Steward, Italian, one voyage to Italy.

Filipo Rando, Steward, Italian, one voyage to Italy.
 Mario Boscolo, Steward, Italian, one voyage to Italy.
 Leandro G. B. Varosio, Steward, United States citizen, one trip to Italy.
 Ferruccio Ercolani, Boy, following detention by the police in New York.

M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 21, May 7, 1949

Wiktor Zwalinski, Ch. Eng., ex *M/S Batory*.
 Franciszek Nych, Ch. Stew., returned from holiday on *M/S Batory*.
 Henryk Baranski, Boy, ex *M/S Batory*.
 Bernard Dolny, Boy, ex *M/S Batory*.
 Tadeusz Fronczak, Boy, following hospitalization.
 Brunetto Meschl, Ass't Eng., Italian, workaway.
 Luigi Gentile, Boy, Italian, after serving jail term in New York (for smuggling).

M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 22, June 10, 1949

Liberia Zaratini, Stewardess, Italian, ex *S/S Jagiello*, was landed and hospitalized in emergency at Miami, Fla.

M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 23, July 15, 1949

None.

M/S "Sobieski," voyage No. 24, August 19, 1949

Zbigniew Wachulka, Jr., Motorman, deserted the *M/S Sobieski* on February 25, 1949.

KUTYLOWSKI EXHIBIT 2

M/S "Batory" No. 63, Stowaway, G. Eisler,
 CORRESPONDENCE AND CABLES

MAY 8, 1949.

POLAMERYKA, New York:

Embarked first 412, tourist 424, total 836, including deportee and insane case. Additionally come one stowaway first class passage paid, following passengers aboard 951, Schmitz 953, Jensen 946, Jensen Edna and Betty 967, Hansen hospital, Hansen following passengers not aboard 951, Christensen 964, Christensen 983, Person 705, Blichert 999, Webber.

PURSER.

MAY 9, 1949.

PURSER, "BATORY":

Yours ninth presume stowaway has proper documents which case include passenger manifesto, inform full name, nationality, port of debarkation, there-after issuing ticket for records totaling 837.

MAY 11, 1949.

MASTER, "BATORY":

Demand immediate reply to our last message concerning stowaway.

POLAMERYKA.

MAY 11, 1949.

PURSER, "BATORY":

Telegraph date and place of birth stowaway, include on separate sheet form I 434 and indicate as stowaway.

MAY 11, 1949.

POLAMERYKA, New York:

Rytel tenth stowaway Gerhard Eisler German disembarking Gdynia ticket issued aboard. Please check if suitcase belonging Miss Poulikowa is left in New York telegraph.

PURSER.

A122 COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN ALIEN AND NATIONAL GROUPS

MAY 12, 1949.

POLAMERYKA,
New York, N. Y.:

Stowaway February 20, 1897, Leipzig, Germany.

PURSER.

MAY 12, 1948.

GDYNIA AMERICA LINE, INC.,
32 Pearl Street, New York:

Your radio MH 59 CK 14 May 12 0342 GMT PC master *Batory*.

POLAMERYKA.

MAY 14, 1949.

MASTER, "BATORY":

Purported interview with you regarding stowaway widely circulated. Telegraph whether you granted interview and, if so, résumé of contents.

POLAMERYKA.

MAY 16, 1949.

POLAMERYKA,
New York, N. Y.:

Passenger correspondent Yaffe asked captain what he intends to do with stowaway. He replied will land him Gdynia. If United States requests delivery, he can do nothing without line's permission and our diplomatic authorities. He knew nothing of stowaway's case, and the name meant nothing to him. Hence he has no time to study affairs countries he visits. That's all.

MASTER.

MEMORANDUM

MAY 16, 1949.

As requested by Director R. Kutylowski, the laws and regulations were checked, in order to answer the question put forth, namely, "Can the vessel collect passage money from a stowaway, and does this (collection of passage) change his status from such (as a stowaway) to the status of a passenger?"

In order to answer this question it was first necessary to establish the definition of a stowaway, as established in American laws. Court decisions, prior to June 11, 1940, in most instances, refer to a stowaway as "one who conceals himself on board an outgoing vessel for the purpose of obtaining free passage."

Prior to this date, which could not be exactly checked, the act of June 11, 1940, as amended by the act of April 4, 1944, section 1, states: "That any person, without the consent of the owner, charterer, or master, of any vessel, and with the intent to obtain without paying therefor, transportation on such vessel, to any place, within or without the United States, who shall board, enter, or secrete himself aboard such vessel, and shall be thereon at the time of departure of said vessel from said port, wharf, or harbor, or other place within the jurisdiction of the United States, including the Canal Zone, or who, with such intention, having boarded or secreted himself aboard such vessel, within or without the jurisdiction of the United States, shall remain aboard any such vessel after such vessel has left such place, and shall be thereon within the jurisdiction of the United States, including the Canal Zone, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, subject to a fine not exceeding \$500, or imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, or both, at the discretion of the court" (58 Stat. 188; 18 U. S. C. 469).

From the foregoing, it seems that a stowaway is considered to be one who does not pay for his passage.

The question mentioned above involves a problem whether a stowaway can change his status by paying for transportation. We could not find any definite court decisions regarding this, indicating that such change could take place. But one of the court decisions refers to Rule No. 23, promulgated by the Commissioner of Immigration, which deals with the problem whether a stowaway should be, and can be, examined by the immigration and customs authorities, with a view of being admitted to the United States. Amongst others, this rule

states the following: "While these regulations cover all ordinary cases of stowaways, and are in practice but found to be of almost uniform application, yet cases may rarely arise in which the alien, though a stowaway, may nevertheless be entitled to inspection and to admission, if found to belong to none of the excluded classes. For example, the alien, though originally a stowaway, may have been, because of particular facts of his case, accepted by the vessel as a passenger, and manifested in such a way as to substantially comply with the law, or may have been employed as a member of the crew, or the causes which lead the alien to stowaway may have been such so as to bring his case of 'proviso' to section 2 of the Immigration Act, and entitle him to special consideration. Exceptional cases of this character should be promptly brought to the attention of the Department, with a full statement of facts and a request for instructions" (Federal Reporter, vol. No. 193, p. Nos. 229-230).

There is also a court decision (*United States v. Sandrey*, Federal Reporter, vol. No. 48, p. 550) to the effect that the stowaways who were accepted as crew members, and duly signed in the articles, should be permitted to land as seamen. The fact that such seaman deserts while in port does not affect the master's responsibility (no fine for bringing him into the country). The above indicates that a change of status may be permissible (although it should be noted that this decision is dated December 26, 1891).

The immigration regulations require that every stowaway be manifested and presented for inspection in the same manner as are other aliens, and the fact that they were stowaways should be indicated in the manifest (U. S. C. No. 148-149). The forementioned regulation seems to indicate that even if the status of the stowaway is changed to that of a seaman or passenger, the fact that he is a stowaway should be indicated.

On the basis of the above-mentioned regulations, it seems to be possible for the captain to accept passage money from the stowaway, and report him on the passenger's manifest, although he should clearly indicate that this particular passenger boarded the vessel as a stowaway.

Considering the above regulations, it seems that the particular incident we are interested in does not fall into this category. As mentioned above, the characteristics of a stowaway are that he boards the vessel with no intention to pay the passage, which is not this case.

The respective regulations established that no alien shall depart from the United States, except at a port of departure, and unless there has been issued, in accordance with these regulations, a valid permit to depart, or he is exempted from these regulations in obtaining a permit to depart. The categories of aliens not entitled to depart (State Department regulations pursuant to the act of May 22, 1918, as amended) are listed in the respective act, and amongst others, they state that to this category belong: "(f) Any alien who is a fugitive from justice, on account of an offense punishable in the United States, (g) Any alien whose presence is needed as a witness in, or as a party to, any criminal case pending in a Federal court, or which is under investigation."

From the above, it appears that although in common language a man boarding a vessel without a ticket would be considered as a stowaway, in this particular case the intention of the man boarding the vessel was not to "obtain, without pay therefor, transportation," but to escape justice, and a suitable description of his status would be "a fugitive from justice."

In appraising the situation resulting from the above, we should keep in mind the terms of Public Law No. 114, Stat. No. 55, of June 21, 1941, which amends the act of May 22, 1918, and which established the penalty for willful violation of the provisions of said act, and also penalties with regard to people who willfully or knowingly participate in such violation.

In the act of May 22, 1918, referred to above, it is made unlawful: "(b) For any person to transport or attempt to transport from or into the United States, any person with knowledge, or reasonable cause to believe, that the departure or entry of such other person is forbidden by this act;"

Taking the above into consideration, it should be stated that although, on the basis of certain court decisions, and some immigration laws, there is a possibility of accepting passage money from a stowaway, it is apparent that by taking such a stand, we may jeopardize the position of the line and the vessel, because of implications resulting from specific regulations regarding departure of aliens, as described above.

M/S *Batory*, voy. 63 eb.

REPORT

Today, May 6, 1949, at 4:30 p. m. a gentleman called at the purser's office on first class and asked to buy a ticket. The man thus proved to be a stowaway, and his personal details are as follows:

Name: Gerhardt Eisler.

Date and place of birth: February 20, 1897 at Leipzig, Germany.

Citizenship: German, no passport.

Last address in USA: 212 East 12th St., NYC.

Mr. Eisler stated that he had for a long time been trying to get transportation to Europe, but had failed, and as he had to get to Germany for family reasons, he just walked on board as a visitor, paying the usual 25 cents ticket. He was in possession of 300 dollars, and expected that once at sea, he would be able to buy his passage.

Mr. Eisler has been accommodated in the hospital and has paid Dollars 227.50 (cheapest first class price). He will land at Gdynia, and from there travel to Berlin, in transit.

At Sea, May 6, 1949.

GERHARDT EISLER.

M. BOROWICZ, *Chief Purser.*

[Translation]

M/S "Batory," *At Sea, May 16, 1949.*

EXTRACT FROM SHIP'S LOGBOOK NO. 14, PAGE 91, MAY 6, 1949

Today, May 6, 1949, at 4:30 p. m., a gentleman called at the first-class purser's office, and wanted to buy a ticket. The personal data of this man, who is a stow-away, is as follows:

Name: Gerhardt Eisler.

Date and place of birth: February 20, 1897, at Leipzig, Germany.

Citizenship: German, no passport.

Last address in U. S. A.: 212 East 12th St., N. Y. C.

Mr. Eisler stated that for a long time, he had been trying to get over to Europe, to Germany, for family reasons; but his efforts were unsuccessful, and he just walked on board, as a visitor, paying 25 cents for a ticket. He was in possession of \$300, and wanted to buy a ticket at sea.

Mr. Eisler was accommodated in the hospital, and paid \$227.50 (cheapest first-class price). He will land at Gdynia, and from there will proceed, in transit, to Berlin.

T. WOJCIECHOWSKI,
Chief Officer, M/S "Batory."

EXTRACT FROM THE LOGBOOK NO. 14, PAGE 21, MAY 14, 1949

Today at 1800, the stowaway, Gerhart Eisler was removed from the vessel by force (by Scotland Yard).

T. WOJCIECHOWSKI, *Chief Officer.*

True copy.

J. CWIKLINSKI, *Captain, M/S "Batory."*

[True copy]

M/S *Batory*, Voy. 63 EB

REPORT

Today, May 6, 1949, at 4:30 p. m., a gentleman called at the purser's office on first class and asked to buy a ticket. The man thus proved to be a stowaway, and his personal details are as follows:

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in possession of \$300, and expected that once at sea, he would be able to buy his passage.

Mr. Eisler has been accommodated in the hospital and has paid \$227.50 (cheapest first-class price). He will land at Gdynia, and from there travel to Berlin, in transit.

At Sea, May 6, 1949.

GERHARDT EISLER.

True copy.

M. BOROWICZ, *Chief Purser.*

J. Cwiklinski, *Captain, M/S "Batory."*

[Translation]

MAY 17, 1949.

Re: M/S *Batory*, voyage No. 63.

The Embassy of Poland, Washington.

Enclosed we are sending you a memorandum on the American act concerning illegal passengers (stowaways) as well as an extract from the prewar "instructions for Gdynia America Line vessels" establishing the mode of procedure on the part of the purser in case passengers who had not undergone inspection or illegal passengers who are found on board the vessel. We do not know whether the above instructions are on board the vessel or whether they constituted the basis for the action on the part of the purser and the captain.

Moreover, we have established the fact that there is a custom in the American and other merchant marines by virtue of which the captain and the purser of the vessel respectively are duty bound to make all efforts to collect from an illegal passenger the costs connected with his illegal passage on board the vessel.

At the same time we take the liberty of calling the Embassy's special attention to the concluding recommendations of the memorandum analysing the American law regulations, advising against the adoption of a stand that might make the vessel and the line liable to penalties for giving aid to an illegal passenger.

Respectfully yours,

GDYNIA AMERICA LINE, INC.,
(Initials.)

[Translation]

INSTRUCTION FOR G. A. L. VESSELS—INSTRUCTION FOR THE PURSER [INTENDENT]

Sec. 24: If, in spite of strict watch over means of access, there appear on board the vessel passengers with tickets not provided with the stamp "examined" or if the name of a passenger does not appear on the passenger list submitted, the purser shall be obligated to—

- (1) telegraph immediately to the office of the port of departure the passenger's name and ticket number;
- (2) examine closely the validity of the passport, the entry visa (reentry permit), and the steamship ticket;
- (3) make a special copy of the registered questionnaire, to be delivered with [covering] letter to the office of the port of departure.

The above shall apply to passengers whose names have not been placed on the passenger list delivered on board the vessel, even if they have the stamp "examined."

Sec. 25: Every illegal passenger (stowaway) found shall immediately be reported to the captain, and a protocol drawn up: on an EB [eastbound] voyage, in Polish and in four copies, two of them for the office of the company and one for the state police. In addition there shall be prepared, along with a transcript from the vessel's log, the captain's recommendation to the state police, for the punishment of the culprit, in the sense of Sec. 285 of the Criminal Code, for unlawful boarding of vessel and passage, whereby the company has been exposed to a loss in the amount corresponding to the price of passage.

On a west-bound voyage, besides the above-mentioned protocols, a translation into English, shall likewise be prepared [and sent] to the office in New York as well as to the United States emigration authorities.

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Independently of this, the name and data concerning the illegal passenger (stowaway) shall be entered on a separate American passenger list on a WB voyage or on a passenger list on an EB voyage, and likewise on the American outgoing manifest.

On voyages to South America, Argentina, the vessel pays a penalty of 10 gold pesos for each revealed and reported illegal passenger; but in case of failure to inform the authorities, 50 gold pesos. During the vessel's stay in an Argentine port the illegal passenger shall be put ashore for the purpose of confinement and transfer to the vessel shortly before departure from the port.

The departure of an illegal passenger from Argentina shall be certified by the emigration authorities or the office of the captain of the port [*prefektura morska*] in the port of departure.

The agent shall be obligated to deposit with the authorities surety for the illegal passenger in the amount of 1,000 gold pesos, which shall be returnable only after submission of a certification attested by an Argentine consul and stating that the illegal passenger has landed in a non-Argentine port.

MAY 25, 1949.

MASTER, "BATORY":

Please airmail from Southampton protocols and log-book extracts concerning discovery east-bound stowaway.

MAY 27, 1949.

NORMAN D. LITTELL, Esq.,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR: At the suggestion of Harold Deming, Esq., we forward herewith copies of the cables exchanged with the vessel in connection with the eastbound stowaway, Gerhardt Eisler, and also photostatic copy of the ship's manifest and report of departure of alien.

We shall review our files in this matter, and at the beginning of next week, shall forward you any material we deem necessary for your files.

Very truly yours,

GYDNIA AMERICA LINE, INC.,
(Initials.)

JUNE 2, 1949.

HAROLD DEMING, Esq.,
New York 4, N. Y.

DEAR SIR: Enclosed please find a set of the documents pertaining to the M/S *Batory* matter, prepared for a special criminal attorney who may take part in the conference today.

I also enclose herewith the translation of the extract from the ship's logbook, and the purser's report, for Mr. Norman D. Littell's files.

Very truly yours,

GYDNIA AMERICA LINE, INC.,
(Initials.)

[Radiogram]

JUNE 3, 1949.

MASTER, "BATORY":

Conference legal representatives United States Government confirmed our view in best interests of line that you give United States authorities fullest aid in endeavoring discover how Eisler succeeded stowing away on vessels departure New York.

Representatives of United States will board ship at quarantine to question officers and crew. This is to instruct you to see to it that officers and crew answer all questions pertinent to this inquiry asked by any United States official showing his credentials. However the press should be told that in view United States Government inquiry it is believed improper to give interviews to press.

KUTYLowski.

[Translation]

JUNE 9, 1949.

*The Consul General of Poland,
New York.*

We are sending herewith our interoffice memoranda covering the events on the M/S *Batory* during the period of June 3-6, 1949, inclusive.

Some of the enclosures referred to in our memoranda are already in the possession of the consul, and the missing ones will be sent within the very near future.

Respectfully yours,

GDYNIA AMERICA LINE, INC.
(Initials.)

[Translation]

No. 392/24/49.

CONSULATE GENERAL OF POLAND IN NEW YORK,
June 11, 1949.

Citizen ROMAN KUTYLowski,
Director, Gdynia America Line, New York City:

I wish to acknowledge receipt of the memorandum sent with the letter of June 9, 1949. To date I have not received the enclosures in question.

At the same time I wish to point out that the facts described in the report of June 5, 1949, on pages 4 and 5, do not correspond to the true course of the matter and have been distorted.

JAN GALEWICZ,
Consul General of Poland.

[Enclosure]

JUNE 13, 1949.

HAROLD DEMING, Esq.,
New York 4, N. Y.

DEAR MR. DEMING: I was informed by Mr. Kutylowski that you wish to receive certain papers made out during the stay of the M/S *Batory* in New York.

Enclosed please find a memorandum dated June 3, 1949, covering the events in connection with issuance of passes for our office party to board the cutter in order to meet the vessel at Quarantine, and the statements taken from the captain and the crew members on board M/S *Batory* with regard to the Eisler incident.

If any additional papers are needed, please do not hesitate to call me up.

Very truly yours,

GDYNIA AMERICA LINE, INC.
(Initials.)

[Translation]

JUNE 13, 1949.

*The Consul General of the Polish Republic,
New York.*

Referring to our letter of June 9 of this year we are sending herewith the enclosures referred to in our memoranda. We have marked each enclosure, indicating where it is to be enclosed.

Respectfully yours,

GDYNIA AMERICA LINE., INC.
(Initials.)

[Translation]

JUNE 16, 1949.

The Consul General of the Republic of Poland, New York:

In reply to the letter of June 11, 1949, we herewith send three pages constituting part of our memorandum of June 5, 1949. Pages 5, 6, and 7-a of the above-mentioned memorandum should be removed and destroyed and replaced by pages 5, 6, 7, enclosed in this letter.¹

¹ See Memorandum of June 5, 1949, on page A140.

We hope that the present text of the above-mentioned memorandum will be accepted by you.

Respectfully yours,

Gdynia America Line, Inc.
(Initialed.)

Enclosures.

[Enclosure]

MEMORANDUM ¹

To: Director R. Kutylowski.

From: Mr. W. Talmont.

in his own car. I informed the Captain and the rest of our party about this. The Captain had his doubts whether he should proceed at all in view of the fact that the solemn promise given to him by the Inspectors, that the three men will be returned to the ship within one hour, was not kept. Also the matter of prestige was brought into discussion. This controversial issue was finally solved after discussion with an Immigration inspector, who after calling his office, informed Consul Galewicz that it is agreeable for him that the Captain proceed with Consul Galewicz in the consular car, and that he will follow them in his own car. After this, the party consisting of Consul Galewicz, Captain Cwiklinski and two Immigration inspectors (in business suits) left the vessel.

The investigation of the crew was proceeding orderly and there were still several seamen remaining for checking. About 7 P. M., the questioning of the crew was finished, and the investigating party left the vessel.

As no word was, as yet, received from the party at 70 Columbus Avenue, about 10 P. M., the undersigned and Mr. Sztam, on Director R. Kutylowski's instructions, went to contact the inspector in charge at 70 Columbus Avenue in order to ascertain the present status of this matter. We were informed that the investigation of those taken to the Immigration offices is finished and that they are about to proceed to the vessel. It was understood that this meant the end of the investigation, for the time being, and that the vessel and the crew were cleared. About 10:30 P. M., the party from 70 Columbus Avenue returned and confirmed the information obtained over the telephone. In addition, the Consul General stated that he brought Captain Cwiklinski to 70 Columbus Avenue without any escort and was present when he was questioned, and was also permitted to look through the statement prepared. He considered these facts very gratifying.

From the above, we understood that no further action on the part of the Immigration authorities is contemplated, and the vessel may be permitted to depart as scheduled. Nevertheless, all precautionary measures which were taken in connection with the possibility of shortages in the crew in case some men were called before the Grand Jury, were maintained until the vessel's departure. It was decided that a statement to be made by the Captain be prepared to be distributed to the press just before the departure of the vessel.

It should be pointed out that in the course of the day, several statements were made by Immigration inspectors which indicated that the vessel may be permitted to depart as scheduled. They were checking arrangements for the clearance and taking draft of the vessel, as well as to time required for checking the passengers boarding the ship.

It also should be stated that the merchants usually coming to the vessel were admitted and a number of packages were purchased by the seamen for their families.

JUNE 21, 1949.

NORMAN D. LITTELL, Esq.,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR: With reference to your conversation with Director R. Kutylowski on the day of the departure of our M/S *Batory*, enclosed please find the following clippings from New York newspapers:

Journal of Commerce, May 20, 1949.

New York Times, May 23, 1949.

New York Herald Tribune, May 27, 1949.

We are forwarding copy of this letter to the Polish Embassy in Washington.

Very truly yours,

Gdynia America Line, Inc.
(Initialed.)

¹ This memorandum was marked "Void."

WASHINGTON 4, D. C., June 22, 1949.

Mr. R. KUTYLOWSKI,
Gdynia America Line, Inc., New York 4, N. Y.

DEAR MR. KUTYLOWSKI: This will acknowledge receipt of a letter of June 21 from a member of your staff containing the three articles mentioned by you.

James W. Ryan, who made the erroneous statements regarding the law in his published letter, is not "Charles Rhyne," whom I know and who is the chairman of the section on international and comparative law of the American Bar Association.

I am in touch with Mr. Corbin regarding the further developments in the *Batory* case, and will see him and Mr. Deming when in New York from Monday, June 27, to Wednesday, June 29.

Kindest regards.

Sincerely yours,

NORMAN M. LITTELL.

[Interoffice correspondence]

CONFIDENTIAL

From: New York.

To: Gdynia.

Subject: M/S *Batory*, Voy. Nos. 63 and 64, Stowaway, Gerhard Eisler. By courtesy of Capt. Jan. Cwiklinski, M/S *Batory*, left New York July 6, 1949.

JUNE 24, 1949.

We believe that you are more or less informed about the happenings in this matter which took place on this side. Nevertheless, it seems in order to give you a more precise picture of such.

After receipt of the cable on May 9, 1949, informing us that there is one stowaway on board M/S *Batory*, as a matter of routine, we asked the vessel for additional information which was received on May 11, 1949. At this time we informed the immigration office about the stowaway, and were asked to obtain the date and place of his birth. This additional information was received on May 12, 1949, and the immigration authorities were informed accordingly.

The investigation resulting therefrom caused the following people from our office to be subpoenaed to appear before the grand jury on May 18, 1949: Director Roman Kutylowski, Mr. Czeslaw Grzelak, Mr. S. Y. Smith, Mr. Alexander Shelow, Mr. R. E. Corbett, and Mr. S. C. Sztam. They all appeared as requested and gave their depositions.

Foreseeing that the investigation will be pursued and some action taken by United States authorities, in connection with this matter, we approached our attorneys, Messrs. Haight, Deming, Gardner, Poor & Havens, and consulted with them on various aspects of this incident. These conferences were attended by two more attorneys retained by the Polish Embassy in Washington. Furthermore, we took several precautionary steps in order to avoid delay in the departure of the vessel, and arranged for several men to stand by in case any replacements in the crew became necessary.

The events which took place from June 2, 1949, to the date of departure of the vessel are covered by five office memorandums which give the full picture of the happenings. In addition to this, three separate memorandums were made covering the following subjects: Legal assistance, precautionary measures, and the separate matter of Mr. Czeslaw Grzelak. All the above memorandums attached hereto.

We believe that this material will give you a sufficient picture of the events on our side resulting from Mr. Eisler's stowing away on our M/S *Batory* until the departure of the vessel on June 6, 1949.

CORBIN, BENNETT & DELEHANTY,
New York 4, July 1, 1949.

ISAIAH MATLACK, Esq.,
United States Courthouse,
New York, N. Y.

MY DEAR MR. MATLACK: I have tried unsuccessfully to reach you by telephone both here and in New Jersey, hence this note, which I am sending to both places.

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Following your telephone call of the other day, asking whether the purser, whom you desire to interview, is arriving on the *Batory* tomorrow, I asked for that information, and am told that he is not on the ship on this trip to New York. I also inquired as to when they expected him to return here, and they assume and expect that in the normal course of events he will be returning on the next voyage of the *Batory*, or on some other ship that may sail for New York prior to the next departure of the *Batory* from Gdynia.

Trusting that this is the information you want, and that it will meet your every requirement for the present, and further assuring you that as soon as I have any further information as to when the purser will arrive I will let you know, and do everything in my power to make him available for you to interview in my presence.

Sincerely yours,

CORBIN, BENNETT & DELEHANTY,
New York 4, N. Y., July 1949.

NORMAN M. LITTELL, Esq.,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR NORMAN: Thanks for yours of June 30 with enclosures, all of which are instructive and very helpful to me.

It is now 4:30 in the afternoon, and I have been trying to reach Mr. Matlack both here and in Jersey ever since our telephone conversation this morning, but without success. I left messages that I had called him at both places, for fear that he may think that I ignored his request for information concerning the purser, and I have written him per enclosed copy, addressing one to New York and the other to New Jersey.

I talked with Mr. Deming around luncheon time today, and he thought that what we agreed upon by way of information to be given to Mr. Matlack was all right. Mr. Deming will be away over the holiday, but said that his partner, Mr. Haight would be in charge of the matter should any of us desire to communicate with his firm on any developments. Mr. Deming also said that if necessary he could get back to the city within an hour or two, should any emergency arise. I told him that I would be around and available at my uptown number tomorrow and Sunday, should anyone want to reach me.

I doubt that any untoward thing will happen. I am sending a copy of this letter to Mr. Haight, and another copy to Mr. Kutylowski for their information.

With best regards.

Sincerely,

HAROLD.

CORBIN, BENNETT & DELEHANTY,
New York 4, July 1, 1949.

ROMAN KUTYLOWSKI, Esq.,
President, Gdynia America Line, Inc.,
New York, N. Y.

DEAR MR. KUTYLOWSKI: Here is a self-explanatory letter that I have written Mr. Littell this afternoon. Lest you have mislaid my unlisted uptown number, it is Templeton 8-5025.

Sincerely,

HAROLD H. CORBIN,

[Translation]

JULY 5, 1949.

The Consulate General of Poland in New York:

In conformity with the oral agreement, we are herewith sending you a copy of Attorney Harold H. Corbin's letter, and enclosures.

Respectfully yours,

GDYNIA AMERICA LINE, INC.,
(Initialed R. K. in single combination.)

KUTYLOWSKI EXHIBIT 3

M/S "Batory," No. 63, STOWAWAY, G. EISLER, MEMORANDA

MEMORANDUM

THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1949.

To: Director R. Kutylowski.

From: Mr. W. Talmont.

On Thursday, June 2, as previously agreed upon, we were to have a conference at Mr. Deming's office with Mr. Norman D. Littell, attorney from Washington, at which time all aspects of the case were to be discussed, and the necessary measures decided.

In the morning, we were informed by Mr. Deming that Mr. Littell is delayed but will arrive later, so that we may have the conference at 2 p. m. At that time, I was informed by Director Kutylowski that it is his intention to invite for this conference the Consul General, Jan Galewicz. When we met at Mr. Deming's office, there was also Mr. Harold H. Corbin, who was to be the counsel for the line with regard to the problems involving criminal law. Therefore, the people present at this conference were Consul General Jan Galewicz, Director Roman Kutylowski, and Mr. W. Talmont from Gdynia America Line, Inc., and Messrs. Harold Deming, Harold H. Corbin, and Norman D. Littell, attorneys.

At the beginning of the conference, after Mr. Deming introduced the people attending, Mr. Littell pointed out that despite all the difficulties, he believes that it will be possible to find a favorable solution for all the complications which arose.

The discussion started on the subject of tactics which should be applied in this matter, and, in particular, whether the line's representative should contact the respective American authorities in order to ask them their intentions with regard to the vessel and its crew. After a lengthy discussion, it was agreed that Mr. Corbin, on behalf of the line, will contact the district attorney, and discuss the matter with him in a spirit of cooperation, and also offer evidence on hand (extracts from the logbook and purser's report).

As a second point of the meeting, it was discussed who should proceed on the cutter to meet the vessel. It was suggested that the consul general, Director Kutylowski, as director of the line, and Mr. Corbin, attorney for the line, should proceed on the cutter and board the vessel at Quarantine. It was decided that the party, as mentioned above, will proceed to the vessel.

At this point, Mr. Harold Deming brought up the subject of the Purser Borowicz not being on board the vessel. He stated that in accordance with the extract from the logbook, he is the most important witness for American authorities, and there is no doubt that they will dissent the fact of his absence. Director Kutylowski stated that the absence of the purser was presumably caused by the normal course of operation of the company's vessels, and that, to his knowledge, the purser, although important, may not be the main person involved in the incident of the discovery of a stowaway on board *Batory*, because the protocol indicates that Eisler made his first appearance at the first-class purser's office, where the chief purser never stays. According to the crew list, all his assistants remain on board. The consul general and Director Kutylowski disliked the idea of being obligated to American authorities for bringing Mr. Borowicz by plane or otherwise, for investigation in the United States. After a lengthy discussion during which Messrs. Deming, Corbin, and Littell insisted that this matter be given due consideration, and the cable dispatched, it was suggested that the consul general should cable the respective Polish authorities in order to obtain the required information. This matter was left open for further consideration.

Afterward, we proceeded with the discussion as to the extent of cooperation we are ready to grant the American authorities.

The American attorneys pointed out that full cooperation should be given, and no facts, disregarding where they took place, should be withheld. The consul general took the position that he cannot permit that all the things which occurred on board the vessel outside of the American territorial waters, and do not have any bearing on the facts how and when Eisler was discovered on board the vessel, be subject to investigation. He believes that no court has the right to ask the

captain and the crew members questions pertaining to the events in Southampton, correspondence or exchange of cables by the captain and the Polish authorities or the line's officials, and so forth. He stated that this is a matter of prestige of the Polish Government and the Polish vessel, and that these things should be given proper consideration. He was informed by those present that the proceedings before the grand jury are such that whenever a witness has a question which he feels that he should not or does not wish to answer, he states so to the foreman of the jury, and asks that he be taken before the judge to argue his viewpoint. During the argument before the judge, he has the right to have his counsel who can argue the legal aspects of such question and its bearing on the case. The ruling by the judge is final, and if the judge rules that the witness should answer such question, he is compelled to do so or may be indicted for contempt of court. The American attorneys felt that we cannot offer our cooperation to the American authorities and at the same time make reservations and limitations as to the extent of such cooperation. If any efforts are made to avoid answering certain questions, it may have a detrimental bearing on the whole case, and may give the impression that we are withholding certain information. The above-mentioned stressed that it is their belief that no questions not having direct bearing on the matter will be asked, and that they believe that the authorities investigating the matter would limit same only to the question how and under what circumstances Eisler boarded the vessel and was discovered. Notwithstanding this, the consul general argued his viewpoint very strongly, and at a certain moment, it developed that we cannot proceed any further with the consultation without the consul general contacting the Embassy. The consul general tried several times to reach the Embassy over the telephone but did not succeed.

In view of the above, this conference was adjourned. The decisions reached during such were suspended pending results of consultation of the consul general with the Ambassador. Consul Galewicz and Director Kutylowski then left for Washington in order to discuss the problems with the Ambassador.

GDYNIA AMERICA LINE, INC.,
New York, N. Y., June 3, 1949.

Confirmation of cable sent to Master, *Batory*.

Conference legal representatives United States Government confirmed our view in best interests of line that you give United States authorities fullest aid in endeavoring discover how Eisler succeeded stowing away on vessel's departure New York. Representatives of United States will board ship at quarantine to question officers and crew. This is to instruct you to see to it that officers and crew answer all questions pertinent to this inquiry asked by any United States official showing his credentials. However, the press should be told that in view United States Government inquiry it is believed improper to give interviews to press.

KUTYLOWSKI.

JUNE 3, 1949.

Re M. S. *Batory*.

At about 12:45 p. m., Mr. Sztam, our landing agent, presented at the custom house, to Mr. Joseph J. Flynn, assistant surveyor of the port of New York, an application, in the usual form, for cutter passes to meet the M. S. *Batory*, due New York June 4, in favor of—

(1) Mr. R. Kutylowski, Director, Gdynia America Line, Inc., New York.

(2) Jan Galewicz, consul general of the Republic of Poland, in New York.

(3) Mr. Harold Harlow Corbin, attorney for the Gdynia America Line, Inc., New York.

Mr. Sztam advised that he was told by Mr. Flynn that the line already has a number of cutter passes and that he could not give Mr. Sztam a decision on the application until 4 or 4:30 p. m., and that Mr. Sztam should telephone him by that time.

Mr. Sztam telephoned Mr. Flynn about 4:10 p. m. and states that he was advised at that time that the application for the passes is refused and that further, all cutter passes, temporary or semi-annual, will not be honored tomorrow, except the pass issued to Mr. Sztam, the landing agent. When Mr. Sztam protested, he was advised by Mr. Flynn that these orders came from the immigration authorities.

Mr. Sztam then telephoned Mr. Gibney, inspector in charge, Boarding Division, Barge Office, protesting to him in the matter, and was advised by Mr. Gibney that he was sorry, there was nothing he could do about it and that the orders came from Washington. Mr. Gibney stated further that actually Washington had ordered that nobody from the line would be permitted to board the ship from cutter, but that the immigration department in New York requested the presence of at least one member of the landing staff as absolutely necessary.

Mr. Sztam, at our request, telephoned Mr. Flynn as to whether the newspapermen were being permitted to board the ship from the cutter, and was advised in the affirmative. Mr. Sztam then asked Mr. Flynn whether he could come over to see him personally, and Mr. Flynn agreed.

Mr. Sztam, at about 4:30 p. m., went to see Mr. Flynn to intercede for at least two cutter passes for his two assistants in the landing department, as they are absolutely necessary for the smooth operation of the discharge of passengers arriving on the ship. He felt that possibly Mr. Flynn could issue two special passes for them, but was told that there was nothing that could be done. Mr. Flynn said that there is a possibility that visitors will not be allowed inside the customs lines on the pier, despite their being in possession of permits issued in the custom house which normally permits them inside the customs lines. Mr. Sztam then asked Mr. Flynn whether employees of the line holding "employee passes" could be permitted inside the line, and was told that the immigration department would make this decision.

At about 4:55 p. m., Mr. Sztam called Mr. P. Esperdy, assistant enforcement officer of the United States Immigration Service, New York district, and requested his advice in this connection. He was told that no one would be allowed inside the custom lines until the ship docks, and that only at that time will the immigration authorities make a decision as to who, if anyone, will be permitted inside the customs lines and/or the ship.

Incidentally, it is our understanding that Mr. Flynn, Mr. Esperdy, and Mr. T. Doser, accounting enforcement officer of the immigration department, are boarding the ship from the cutter.

S. Y. S.

MEMORANDUM

FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 1949.

To: Director R. Kutylowski.
 From: Mr. W. Talmont.
 Subject:

About 12 noon, the undersigned received a telephone call from Director Kutylowski, asking me to arrange for a conference with Mr. Corbin in our office. At that time, in view of the fact that it was getting late, and it was necessary to file the application with the customhouse for passes to board the cutter, the undersigned asked Director Kutylowski who will proceed on the cutter in order to board the vessel at Quarantine. Director Kutylowski stated that the passes should be obtained for himself, Consul General Galewicz and Mr. Harold H. Corbin. I passed on this decision to Mr. S. Y. Smith.

The conference with Mr. Corbin was arranged for 3 p. m. with the understanding that Mr. Corbin will contact Mr. Deming and inform him accordingly. The following people were present at this conference: Consul General Jan Galewicz, Director Roman Kutylowski, Mr. Harold Deming, Mr. Harold H. Corbin, Edward J. Bennett from Corbin, Bennett & Delehanty, Mr. W. Talmont, Mr. S. Y. Smith, and also Mr. S. C. Sztam being called in whenever necessary. During this conversation, Mr. Corbin informed those present that he received, in the forenoon, a telephone call from Mr. Littell, authorizing him to go ahead and contact the district attorney in accordance with the decision reached in our previous conference on June 2. Mr. Corbin proceeded accordingly.

The United States district attorney was not familiar with the matter, and directed Mr. Corbin to see a United States assistant district attorney, Mr. Matlak, who was specially assigned to this matter by Washington. Mr. Corbin stated that he saw the afore-mentioned district attorney and discussed the matter with him. Mr. Matlak's attitude toward the whole case was rather pleasant. He stated that the grand jury might wish to see several men from the vessel, but that his final orders were not, as yet, received. Mr. Corbin pointed out that he and his colleagues still maintain their opinion, as expressed in yesterday's

conversation, with regard to the absence of the Purser Borowicz, and that their opinion proved to be correct. The district attorney was highly disappointed at not having the witness which he considered the main figure in this incident and stated that this fact can be considered as a sign of bad faith. Mr. Corbin stated that it would be most helpful if we could now state that Mr. Borowicz will be made available. This matter was argued further on lines similar to those of Thursday's conference, and finally the consul general agreed to cable the respective Polish authorities on this subject.

About this time, those present at the conference were informed by Mr. Smith and Mr. Sztam that not only extra passes were refused but also all regular passes issued to the line's representatives to go to the vessel by cutter were canceled, and that only Mr. Sztam, as landing agent, will be permitted to board the vessel at Quarantine. Several telephone calls were made to Washington in order to ascertain what the situation is. The consul general also instructed his office to make a formal request at the customhouse for issuance of such a pass. Shortly afterward, he was informed that such pass was denied. The developments which took place with regard to the passes are covered by Mr. Smith's memorandum, copy of which is attached hereto.

We proceeded with the discussion of other matters, and in view of the fact that the passes were denied and the captain may have instructions not to give any information without the presence of the consul general, it was decided that a cable to the master, stating that full cooperation should be given the American authorities, should be sent soonest. The text was drafted, and copy of the cable is attached hereto.

The matter of what questions asked by the American authorities should be answered by the crew members was discussed again at length, and it was pointed out that the scope of the inquiry is clearly indicated in the cable and that all pertinent questions should be answered.

After the cable was dispatched, the conference was adjourned. GAL staff remained in the office in order to make all necessary arrangements for the arrival and departure of the vessel. This subject shall be covered by a separate memorandum.

MEMORANDUM

SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1949.

To: Director R. Kutylowski.

From: Mr. W. Talmont.

On Saturday morning, it was estimated that N/S *Batory* will arrive at Quarantine at about 11:30 a. m., and will dock at pier 88, North River, at 1 to 1:30 p. m. The boarding party left on the cutter at 9 a. m. Approximately at that time, Director Kutylowski informed the undersigned that he had heard from Mr. Corbin and that Mr. Littell informed him (Mr. Corbin) that passes will at least be issued for Mr. Corbin and Consul Galewicz, with the possibility that Director Kutylowski will also obtain permission. Immigration authorities in New York, however, denied knowledge of such an order, and the cutter left in the meantime. Contact was made with Mr. Corbin, who confirmed that he heard from Mr. Littell that he has permission to board the vessel, and that as soon as such permission will be related to the New York authorities, he will contact the office in order to proceed to the *Batory*. A like confirmation came from the consul general, and, therefore, a tugboat was ordered to stand by at pier 1. From that time on there were forthcoming conflicting reports. The New York authorities were not informed about such orders, and when the Embassy and Mr. Littell insisted that such permission was granted, nobody could proceed to the vessel because there was no clearance from the customhouse. About 11 a. m., all concerned gathered in Director Kutylowski's office, and were waiting for the forthcoming decisions. About the same time, we received information from United States Immigration that the question of who will be permitted, from our office as well as from the consulate, to board the vessel at pier 88 shall be decided by an officer in charge of the boarding party who is proceeding on *Batory* toward New York.

In order to avoid further confusion and pin down the authorities, Mr. Corbin ascertained that Mr. Pennington on board the *Batory* has orders to admit him and Consul General Galewicz. About 12 noon, we were informed that the vessel passed Quarantine, but a little while later information came that the ship had anchored near pier No. 6, Staten Island. About 1 p. m., information came that

the vessel lifted anchor and is proceeding to pier 58. Approximately at that time, the undersigned left the office in order to go to the pier earlier and make the necessary arrangements for maintaining contact between our office and the ship, in case the telephone connection between the vessel and the office should not be established immediately. When the undersigned arrived at the pier, the ship was about to dock. The pier was guarded very closely by a great number of immigration officers, a special detachment of the border patrol, brought from the Canadian border (about 30 men), New York City police, and our Burns Agency guards. At first my pass was not recognized by the officers in charge, but after a short argument, I was allowed to board the vessel. After boarding the vessel, the first thing I did was to contact Capt. Jan Cwiklinski. Captain Cwiklinski informed me that at Quarantine a large party of American officers came on board, and that a representative from Immigration stated that he wants to take the captain's statement regarding the Eisler case. At that time, the captain was on the bridge, and could not relinquish his duties. As the officer stated that this statement should be taken immediately, the captain proceeded toward Staten Island and anchored the vessel, afterward making a full statement of all circumstances connected with Eisler's case. The captain further stated that it is his strong belief that nobody from the vessel had helped Eisler in his escape. He also stated that the authorities involved treated him kindly, and no particular incidents took place.

The remaining group of our office party with the consul general and Mr. H. Corbin then arrived. Everybody was admitted on the basis of passes issued by our office, with the exception of our public relations man, Mr. Joseph Ellner, and his assistant, Mr. Czeslaw Grzelak, and Mr. George Szczerbinski. Mr. Grzelak was later admitted, and this matter is covered by a separate memorandum.

The immigration authorities in great force were proceeding with a very thorough and strict check-up of passengers on board, and toward the end of this investigation we learned that 111 were detained and will be transported to Ellis Island for further investigation. It appeared that most of the detentions were based on the following clauses: "Doubtful visitor," "doubtful citizenship," with several cases of formalities in connection with bonding, and a few medical detentions.

Not until late in the afternoon did the Immigration start checking the crew. During this afternoon, Consul Galewicz, Director Kutylowski, and Messrs. S. Y. Smith and H. H. Corbin, in the presence of the undersigned, proceeded in taking statements from the people who had direct contact with the discovery of Mr. Eisler on board the vessel and the ensuing developments. The statements in question are attached hereto. In order to ascertain what the developments were at Quarantine, at the request of the consul general, the undersigned checked of whom the boarding party consisted. On the basis of official information obtained by Mr. S. C. Sztam, it was established that on the cutter there were 5 United States customs officers, 3 doctors, 23 immigration officers, and 24 "passes," which means that there also were 23 newspapermen and Mr. Sztam. At Quarantine, the vessel picked up two additional doctors.

When Immigration started checking the crew, it was obvious that this questioning is not limited to the usual interrogation practiced in order to ascertain the admissibility of the seamen and their rights for shore leave. The immigration officers were also asking questions with regard to Eisler's escape. They were not going into any political problems; nor were they asking any details regarding the events in Southampton. It was obvious from the beginning of the interrogation that most of the crew, if not all, will be detained on board the vessel. As the developments were shaping up, it was obvious that the immigration authorities, although very strict, are ready to cooperate to a certain extent with the requirements of the vessel, and G.A.L. as agents for the vessel. There was an acute case of a toothache on board the ship, and after certain argument the undersigned succeeded in obtaining permission for bringing a dentist on board or taking the seaman to the dentist in town for the necessary treatment. The immigration officer in charge assigned a special inspector who was waiting until after midnight hoping that there will be a chance of finding a dentist who could perform the necessary treatment. Furthermore, toward evening the Immigration, in cooperation with the undersigned and Mr. Sztam, prepared a list of people who should be admitted on board the vessel during her stay in New York. This list comprised all of our attorneys, a number of employees from the office, and also some people who had to investigate some injury and cargo claims pending in New York.

At the request of the undersigned, the immigration officer in charge consented to admit on board the vessel four merchants who usually supply the sailors with foodstuffs and goods for their families in Poland. At first, the immigration authorities were rather reluctant to grant this unusual request, but when it became known that all the crew members, including the captain, are to be detained on board, they consented to such. The following precautions were taken for the night by the United States authorities about 11:30 p. m.: The vessel was guarded both on the pier and at the gate by the border patrol and the police, with one police motorboat standing by. The immigration officers were in charge and also the men from Burns Agency were placed at different points on the pier and on the vessel. It was also requested by the immigration authorities that all the exits from the vessel be closed, leaving only one entrance and exit in the immediate vicinity of the gangplank at which several watchmen were placed. At that time no restrictions were applied to the line's officials, who were permitted to go ashore and return whenever necessary.

It should be noted that the misspelling of the name of one seaman caused quite considerable confusion during the interrogation of the crew. At a certain moment the immigration inspectors started to look for a crew member whom they called "Nidicki," whose name did not appear on the crew list. The immigration inspectors were particularly disturbed by this because on quarantine they asked the captain whether the manifest and the crew list are complete and exact. The captain answered this question by stating that they were prepared by people in whom he had full confidence. The immigration authorities requested that the man be produced immediately, and, if not produced, they will stop interrogation of the crew, take off all of the crew members from the vessel, and make a search on board. At that moment it occurred to the captain that it may be a misspelling of the name, and that there was a new crew member "Hlodnicki," a ship delegate of the Polish Transport Workers Union, who was already interrogated by Immigration. After checking all particulars, the immigration inspectors admitted that a misspelling of the name took place, and proceeded with further investigation.

At this particular moment it should be mentioned that from the time the boarding party came on board the captain was confronted with the difficult problem of handling the press. Our press relations officer, Mr. Joseph Ellner, was not permitted to go on board the vessel, and, therefore, the captain was in this respect on his own, with whatever help could be given him by the undersigned. It should be stated that, although the newspapermen were very insistent in having a statement from the captain, they fully understood his position as taken from the very beginning—that is, that the matter is being investigated by the United States authorities, and that it would be improper on the part of the captain to issue any statements as long as such investigation is in progress. In the meantime, in connection with many rumors with regard to the seizure of the vessel, the captain made several very fortunate statements, such as "I am still in command," "Business as usual," and alike. His calmness and friendly attitude toward the press won him admiration and respect on the part of the newspapermen.

About 11 p. m. we received final word from Immigration that the whole crew, including the captain, is being detained. There was a short argument as to who should announce this decision to the crew, the captain or the representatives of the line. The immigration officer in charge of crew interrogation did not wish to leave the vessel until such announcement be made, and finally the captain ordered that this decision of Immigration be announced in his name by his press officer. The reaction of the crew, although indignant, was calm and understanding. Many crew members proceeded with their usual work.

It was agreed that the undersigned will remain on board the vessel overnight, and will be relieved by someone from the office on Sunday morning. There were no particular events after midnight. The undersigned brought some newspapers for the crew, tried to explain the situation to the crew delegate, and so on.

M/S "BATORY,"
New York, N. Y., June 4, 1949.

I have been captain of the M/S *Batory* for 3 years and 2 months. Before this, I spent the war years in Holland. My complete history is in the New York files of the Line.

The M/S *Batory* sailed on May 6, 1949, from New York, and it was not until May 12 that I first saw Eisler personally.

On the 6 of May, about 3, the pilot left the ship and we proceeded further. About 5 or 5:30, the purser reported that there is a stowaway on board. He told me the name, but this name did not mean anything to me as I had never seen or heard of Mr. Eisler. I told him to make an official report and send this report to the officer on the bridge, and to make an official entry in the logbook.

After 2 or 3 days, the purser finished checking all passengers in first and tourist class. The purser sent a telegram to GAL, New York. In this telegram was mentioned that a stowaway is on board, and this stowaway has declared that he will pay for his passage and he is going to Germany. The purser then got a telegram from GAL asking the name of the stowaway. He gave the name, and then we got another telegram from GAL asking the purser to give full details. We sent the details about the stowaway.

On the 12th of May, midnight, I got several telegrams from the press. Mean-time, I met Mr. Yaffe, correspondent, who intended to send a report about Mr. Eisler to the American press. To avoid confusion, I called Eisler because he (Mr. Yaffe) was writing in his report that he had an interview with Mr. Eisler. I called Eisler in the presence of the purser and Mr. Yaffe, and asked Eisler if he agrees with the things which are in Mr. Yaffe's report. He said yes. The report mentioned that he (Eisler) came on board ship after paying 25 cents for a ticket, and nobody gave him help. Mr. Yaffe sent this report. This was the first time I met Mr. Eisler.

I sent a telegram to GAL in Gdynia on the same day. The contents were that Gerhard Eisler, political refugee, was discovered on board the ship as a stowaway. Please inform authorities and give any further instructions. I also sent a telegram to GAL London asking that Director Antkowiak and the Polish consul be personally present on board the ship on arrival at Southampton. I got a telegram from the Polish consul Ziemiowski to keep Eisler in custody and not to hand him over to any authorities before their arrival. Then the story about Southampton which you gentlemen already know.

Question by Mr. Corbin. Was the ship out of territorial waters when Eisler was first discovered?

Answer by the Captain. I am not sure of the limit, but I think we were out of territorial waters.

Question. What is the normal procedure for handling stowaways?

Answer. The normal procedure for handling stowaways is to deliver them in Gdynia to Polish authorities for their decision.

Question. Why did you intend taking him to Gdynia?

Answer. Because everybody refuses to accept a stowaway at the next port of call.

Question. Did you know anything about Eisler paying for his ticket?

Answer. I knew nothing about Eisler paying for his passage before receiving report from the purser. That was in the purser's hands. I had no knowledge of who Eisler really was until May 12 when I got the information from telegrams and from the radio. We put him in the hospital as we were filled to capacity and it was the only available space.

Question. Who first reported that Mr. Eisler was on board?

Answer. Mr. Borowicz gave me the first report. Mr. Tibaek was the first man to speak to Eisler.

Question. Was Eisler searched for anything? Did he produce a 25-cent ticket?

Answer. I don't know.

Today, the ship made Quarantine about 10:45 a. m., and there came on board about 50 people. The immigration man in a green uniform and another man talked with me on the bridge. They showed me a list of the passengers and crew members on the ship, and asked me if it was my signature, and whether I knew if it was correct. I said yes after explaining to them that the list was compiled by men in whom I had faith. I told one of the men who later questioned me in the officer's smoking room the story as I told you above, and produced cables and the extract from the logbook. He took copies of these with him. He also questioned Mr. Tibaek, Danish assistant purser, and Mr. Bluszcz, the chief wireless operator.

Question. Where did Eisler stay during the trip?

Answer. He made the whole trip in the hospital.

The Immigration man asked me. Can you say the same things as told us before the Grand Jury?

Captain. Yes, of course. It is the truth.

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Question by Mr. Corbin. Did anyone say that they would come back to see you later?

Answer. No appointments were made to come back later, and no instructions were given. I was told that I could move around as I pleased, but, as usual, I have to wait for the examination of the crew.

MR. JERZY PIASECKI, ASSISTANT PURSER

I was working in the office before. Last couple of years I was chief steward on American boats. Before the war, for a few years after the war for a total of about 12 years. I am sailing since May of last year. Interviewed about an hour and a half ago by immigration official. I do not know his name but know his face because he used to come aboard *M/S Batory*. The conversation was about our stowaway from the last trip, Gerhard Eisler.

I told him all that I knew which was a little more than the newspapers. The day of leaving New York, 4:30 p. m., the chief steward started giving table tickets and he came to the desk and asked to see the captain and I asked him on what kind of business and he said he (Eisler) had no ticket as he was a stowaway on board ship. I took him to the purser and later orders were received from purser to accommodate him because he was paying first-class fare. I took the money and tried to accommodate him. I had to accommodate him in the hospital but he was getting his food in the first-class dining room and I told him that he was supposed to pay the lowest first-class fare of \$227.50. He accepted and paid the money. Next morning I went to the chief purser, got a receipt and gave it to him. He paid in cash and I saw three \$100 bills when he was paying. He received chief purser's receipt for cash and I stated that was only security money for his passage.

No ticket was issued since we have no tickets to issue on the ship. We only gave him a receipt for first-class passage, minimum rate.

When I took this money from him and gave him the receipt, I knew who he was because he made a statement to us as to why he boarded the ship as a stowaway. He said that he could not get passage on any line across the Atlantic because of the season and he figured that he could pay the passage at sea. He paid 25 cents, visitor's fee, and came up to the purser at 4:30 that same afternoon.

He came on the day of departure from New York which was the sailing date May 6 at about 4:30 p. m. I was not interested in how he got on the ship. Due to the fact that the passengers were watching New York's skyline at departure, it was about four and a half hours after he came and revealed himself. The pilot left the ship at 3:05 p. m. and he reported about 1 hour and a half later.

I told the story to the immigration men today just about the same way and they did not ask about the previous purser. They asked if the purser received any telegrams prior to departure or the day when we left and I said I did not know but doubted it very much whether they did receive any. Every mail on the date of departure is handled through the purser's office and we would know if his papers were delivered.

If he had any baggage I did not know. According to what I saw at Southampton, he had a suitcase with him, a book, a hat, and something else, but nobody was sure whether it was his or another passenger's because there was another passenger in the hospital with him and the suitcase might have belonged to the other passenger. There was one deportee in the hospital with him and they were accommodated in the same place.

Asked why we did not put his name down and all particulars in our confirmation, we stated just one stowaway. We could not find in our files any telegrams of previous stowaways because according to my knowledge we did not have any for a long time so we just stated one stowaway.

Nothing was asked about grand-jury proceedings and nothing was said between us about ships sailing on Monday or whether I got to go with it or not. No further instructions received and they did not say whether they would be back to see me.

POUL TIBAEK, SECOND PURSER

On arrival at Quarantine, I was called to the captain's cabin about the statement to be given to the manifests and about 10 minutes later an immigration official asked me to give statements in the Eisler case. The same men inter-

viewed me that interviewed Mr. Piasecki. One man talked with me. Can't remember what was said when I first saw Eisler on board.

I said he came down to the purser's office about 4:30 on May 6 but dinner was not served yet. When asked at what distance the ship was at sea then I replied about 50 miles at sea but I am not a ship expert. Eisler came to us stating that he did not have a ticket but had money and was quite willing to pay for his passage, if possible. I made it clear to him that he was considered a stowaway. I took him to the chief purser, Mr. Borowicz, introduced him and told him the story. I had never heard the name "Eisler" before.

As a seaman aboard the ship for 2 years, I very rarely read the newspapers and never heard the name before. When taken to the chief purser, Eisler was informed that no first-class accommodations were left over, and he paid the cheapest rate in first-class and he was accommodated in the hospital.

I became acquainted with the name one day before we reached Southampton. A United States citizen going to Copenhagen has asked me whether there was anyone on board called Eisler because he thought that he had heard mentioned on the loudspeaker the name Eisler. I told him that I did not hear that on the loudspeaker and I did not call anybody and the passenger told me about Eisler and that was the first time I heard about the stowaway.

The official did not even ask me the name of the purser. He asked me some questions about a passenger called "Yaffe," an American journalist. Asked if I saw Eisler in Yaffe's company at any time, I answered that I did not notice but I heard that Mr. Yaffe gave an interview to Copenhagen newspapermen on arrival at Copenhagen telling them that he knew Eisler quite well but did not want to make any story until it was official.

When asked what cabin Mr. Yaffe occupied, I went to the purser's office and looked up the passenger list and showed him that Mr. Yaffe occupied No. 25 and after that he wanted me to get hold the steward and stewardess attending cabin No. 25. I did so and they made their statements in my presence. The cabin steward said that he did not see Mr. Eisler together with Mr. Yaffe in the cabin and the stewardess said she did not know Mr. Yaffe's name or Mr. Eisler's name or know them by face. He asked me who else was working in the office and I told him Mr. Piaseski and Mr. Suszka. Mr. Suszka only understands Polish and German and that he was not present when Eisler appeared in the purser's office for the first time. I told him nobody else was there and he said how about Mr. Moczulski, was he there? I answered that he was working in the tourist class and crew office and that he is never in the first-class purser's office. He wanted me to get hold of Mr. Moczulski and I did and he made a statement but I was not present and that is all that happened.

I asked him whether there would be any consequences toward my position and he answered that he will have to ask his boss in Washington and he expected to know for sure about Monday morning whether I have to stay over to appear before the grand jury. Mr. Tibaek and Mr. Piasecki were the first men to speak to the immigration official.

When asked why we did not telegraph Mr. Eisler's name to the New York office earlier than we did, I said that I can prove from the ship's files that for 2 years it was a matter of routine that we telegraphed New York the total number of passengers embarked in New York and further details. I said that we telegraphed about 3 or 4 days after the ship sailed and he did not ask to see the records. I told him that it was only a question of the total number of passengers on board and no names since it was not the practice to telegraph the names of passengers but only the total number of passengers, and, therefore, it was normal not to mention Eisler's name, merely describing him as a stowaway.

I prepared the message myself and submitted it to the chief purser who signed it and he took it to the captain for signature and then to the wireless station. This last information about the preparation and signing and sending of the telegram was not asked of me but I just gave this for your information, and it can be proved that telegrams are always sent 3 or 4 days after we sail.

Nothing was said to the steward and stewardess except who Mr. Yaffe has been seeing on the voyage.

Witnesses showed us carbon copies of receipt No. G-039002 dated "on sea May 6, 1949," and was signed by the chief purser reading: "\$227.50 received from Mr. Gerhard Eisler (stowaway) for passage paid from New York to Gdynia in first-class accom."

ZYGMENT BLUSZCZ, CHIEF RADIO OFFICER

I spoke to a gentleman who said he was from the United States Government and he asked if I knew when Gerhard Eisler came on board. Of course I said I knew about Eisler at the moment the CBS correspondent came to the wireless room with some messages to be sent. Entrusted in secrecy, I cannot divulge any messages and they said we know about them because we got them from the New York office.

The first time I realized who Gerhart Eisler was when Mr. Yaffee came to me with these messages to be sent. He asked me if anybody from the crew knew Gerhart Eisler and I said I do not know but I do not think so because our knowledge of English is limited and we do not mix with the passengers. The first knowledge of it to most of the crew was probably when the ship came to Southampton.

Then a conversation ensued where the interrogator stated that he knows some Poles and that he was taking some course in Scotland with these Poles. I would like very much to cooperate but I do not know anything about the case.

There was no indication of my appearing before the grand jury and nothing was said about my not sailing with the ship on Monday.

He asked me if we on board expected some representatives of the United States to come on board on this arrival and I said we supposed that someone would appear figuring that you would come on board on the instructions of your Government but I told him that we had no instructions from the ship.

PAWEL MOCZULSKI, CLERK IN TOURIST CLASS PURSER'S OFFICE

I was interviewed after docking and they asked me about Eisler, whom he met, saw, and associated with and because I am in tourist class I do not know what happened in first class. I did not know anything about Eisler being on ship until the ship reached Southampton. I was asked why since I am agriculture educated did I pursue the calling of a seaman and I answered because I like the sea. I have no political views since my only interest is in my wife and children and I answered that they are beautiful and that is all his job. There was nothing said about the grand jury.

I wanted permission to go ashore and they asked me why am I so interested in leaving the ship, and I said I wanted to go to the theater and have some entertainment.

Nothing was said to me about my return with the ship on Monday and I did not ask either.

MEMORANDUM

SUNDAY, JUNE 5, 1949.

To: Director R. Kutylowski.

From: Mr. W. Talmont.

On Sunday morning, the vessel resumed her normal activities. It is understood that unloading and loading of the vessel was proceeding normally with only certain difficulties resulting from the fact that the cargo officers and the crew members were not allowed to go to the pier. The undersigned left the vessel again in order to bring the newspapers for the crew, and also contacted the immigration office in charge in order to make sure that the moment a dentist is found, the ailing seaman will be permitted to proceed for treatment. Small groups of newspapermen were running about but they did not have any particular news to follow-up.

About 10:15 a. m., Mr. T. Avery, Assistant Chief, Investigation Section, from Immigration, approached the undersigned and informed me that on orders from Washington, Immigration will interrogate the crew once again. I argued with him, but he stated that nothing can be done, so I informed the captain accordingly. I also informed Director R. Kutylowski in the office, who in turn informed the consul general and Mr. Corbin.

At the same time, Mr. Avery made a statement, off the record, regarding the admissibility of Mr. Grzelak. The above is covered by a separate memorandum.

At 10:30 a. m., Mr. Avery came back with an Immigration man and asked the captain to make all the necessary arrangements for the interrogation of the crew. It was agreed that the checking of the crew will start at 11 a. m. After making arrangements with the immigration inspectors, the captain instructed the

crew's delegate, Mr. Klusek, that the crew should be informed about the Immigration order, and go to the tourist class dining room in groups of five from each department in accordance with the crew list. Mr. Klusek objected, and stated that he believes the vessel should not permit the American authorities to subject the crew to another custom's investigation, that such an investigation was made yesterday and none should be made today. He requested to be given time to contact the Polish consul general, and started to call him up. Later I learned that the consul general overruled his objections. In the meantime, the announcement was made to the crew over the loudspeakers by the press relations officer, and at 11 a. m., Immigration started interrogating the crew. As we ascertained, the questions which were asked the crew were strictly connected with the Eisler case, namely with regard to his boarding and discovery on the vessel. There also were questions when and what was heard by the crew with regard to Eisler being on board the vessel. The investigation which was ordered lasted for several hours. About 4 p. m., the crew delegate, Mr. Klusek, informed Mr. Smith and the undersigned that Assistant Purser Tiback and Piasecki are being questioned and detained in separate rooms. The same information was brought by the purser's clerk, Mr. J. Tews.

Mr. Smith and I immediately went to the cabins indicated by the crew members in order to protest, but we found them empty. We quickly went to the tourist class dining room and saw two inspectors taking Mr. Tiback and Mr. Piasecki toward the exits leading off the vessel. We stopped them near the first-class purser's office and asked them what they intended to do with these two men. The inspector in charge stated that they are being taken to 70 Columbus Avenue for further interrogation and they should be returned in an hour or so. They also stated that one man, namely, Chief Steward M. Czekalski, was already taken to 70 Columbus Avenue. To this, we pointed out that it is wholly improper to take the detained seamen from the vessel without informing the captain, who receipted such seamen on the detention order signed at the request of the immigration authorities. We stated that in such case, the immigration inspectors should notify the captain, and if requested, sign a statement releasing the captain from the obligation resulting from his signing the detention order. The inspector in charge agreed that this would be the proper procedure, but as the men are only going to be away for an hour or so, no statement to this effect seems to be necessary. The captain agreed with this. The two men were taken away making a total of three at 70 Columbus Avenue. Director Kutylowski was informed about these developments and took part in the discussion with the immigration inspectors.

Afterward, we summoned Mr. H. H. Corbin and Consul General Galewicz, asking them to come over to the ship, in view of these new developments. About 2½ hours passed and the men still had not returned. We considered calling up the immigration authorities and finding out what the present status of this matter is. Before we could phone, an immigration inspector, who was present when Mr. Tiback and Mr. Piasecki were taken away, came back and when we asked what happened to these two men, he stated that they are still at 70 Columbus Avenue. After a while, this same inspector returned with an armed immigration inspector in uniform, called the undersigned aside, and informed him that he is here to ask the captain and the Hospital Steward Bojanowski to accompany him to 70 Columbus Avenue. I stated that I will pass on his request to the captain, and went to inform the party consisting of Consul Galewicz, Director Kutylowski, H. H. Corbin, and the captain, of this new development. A discussion of this situation followed during which the captain pointed out that he would not, under any conditions, leave the vessel with an armed and uniformed guard. I immediately went to see the inspector in charge, and he (inspector) explained that the guard was brought because the Steward Bojanowski was to be taken to 70 Columbus Avenue at the same time, and the inspector agreed that the captain will proceed separately, only with him and¹ in his own private car.

I informed the captain and the rest of our party about this. At that time, I learned that it was argued whether the captain should comply with the request of the immigration authorities to go over to 70 Columbus Avenue. If they wished to interrogate him, they should come over on board the vessel on which the captain was held as a crew member without the privilege of shore leave. Furthermore, the captain had his doubts whether he should proceed at

¹ The last 3 pages of this memorandum are changed and substitutions made therefor in memorandum of June 16, 1949, on p. A127.

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all in view of the fact that the solemn promise given to him by the inspectors, that the three men will be returned to the ship within 1 hour, was not kept. Consul Galewicz challenged both the advisability of the captain going to 70 Columbus Avenue at all, and also the possibility of him going together with the immigration inspector. A lengthy discussion followed in which Mr. Corbin stated several times that he does not see anything wrong in the captain proceeding to 70 Columbus Avenue to give the statements required to the immigration authorities, and saw nothing in going in the company of the immigration inspector. Consul Galewicz stated that as a matter of prestige of the vessel and the Polish flag, he does not think it's possible for the captain to go to the immigration office in the company of anybody else but himself (Consul Galewicz). The consul declared that he is willing to undertake to bring the captain within 15 minutes to 70 Columbus Avenue. At this point, the undersigned stated that in accordance with American regulations, the captain, as a seaman, without privilege of shore leave, may be taken at any time to Ellis Island, and then remain in their custody and at their disposal. Under the circumstances, it seemed advisable to comply with the immigration request or they may use enforcement measures. Director Kutylowski personally discussed this matter with the inspector in charge. Shortly afterward, the inspector informed Consul Galewicz that it is agreeable for him that the captain proceeds with Consul Galewicz in his car, and that the immigration inspectors will follow them. After this, the party consisting of Consul Galewicz, Captain Cwiklinski and two immigration inspectors (in business suits) left the vessel.

The investigation of the crew was proceeding orderly and there were still seamen remaining for checking. About 7 p. m., the questioning of the crew was finished, and the investigating party left the vessel.

As no word was, as yet, received from the party at 70 Columbus Avenue, about 10 p. m., the undersigned and Mr. Satam, on Director Kutylowski's instructions, went to contact the inspector in charge at 70 Columbus Avenue in order to ascertain the present status of this matter. We were informed that the investigation of those taken to the immigration offices is finished and that they are about to proceed to the vessel. It was understood that this meant the end of the investigation, for the time being, and that the vessel and the crew were cleared. About 10:30 p. m. the party from 70 Columbus Avenue returned and confirmed the information obtained over the telephone. In addition, the consul general stated that he brought Captain Cwiklinski to 70 Columbus Avenue without any escort and was present when he was questioned, and also was permitted to look through the statement prepared. He considered these facts very gratifying.

From the above, we understood that no further action on the part of the immigration authorities is contemplated, and the vessel may be permitted to depart as scheduled. Nevertheless, all precautionary measures which were taken in connection with the possibility of shortages in the crew in case some men were called before the grand jury, were maintained until the vessel's departure. It was decided that a statement to be made by the captain be prepared to be distributed to the press just before the departure of the vessel.

It should be pointed out that in the course of the day several statements were made by immigration inspectors which indicated that the vessel may be permitted to depart as scheduled. They were checking arrangements for the clearance and taking draft of the vessel, as well as time required for checking the passengers boarding the ship.

It also should be stated that the merchants usually coming to the vessel were admitted and a number of packages were purchased by the seamen for their families.

MEMORANDUM

MONDAY, JUNE 6, 1949.

To: Director R. Kutylowski.
From: Mr. W. Talmont.

On Monday, the captain's press release was prepared in the office, and also the sick seamen, one man and one woman, proceeded with the immigration guards for treatment. The clearance of the vessel was taken care of on board. No further incidents were noted.

A press conference was arranged for in the American bar, and the newspapermen were invited, over the loudspeakers. There were about 50 news-

papermen and photographers, and the captain's press interview should be considered as very successful. Copy of the captain's statement is attached.

The departure of the vessel was delayed for about 30 minutes because of additional mail delivered by the post office, and delay in checking the passengers by immigration.

The vessel left New York at about 12:31 p. m.

Now that my ship, the *M/S Batory*, my crew and I are leaving on our regular schedule for Southampton, Copenhagen, and Gdynia, I feel compelled to express my gratitude to the American press and the American people for their fair and temperate attitude. The fact that both the press and the American public treated the incident of our return to these shores on our peaceful mission with complete understanding, and, I may say, with a characteristic sense of humor, is to me proof that the more than two centuries of sympathetic ties of friendship between America and my country, Poland, cannot be dissolved by an incident in which we played an entirely accidental part.

JAN CWIKLINSKI, Master, *M/S "Batory."*

MEMORANDUM

JUNE 10, 1949.

To: Director R. Kutylowski.

From: Mr. W. Talmont.

Subject: Legal assistance.

The press releases and action taken by the immigration authorities and the district attorney with regard to the company's executives resulted in the necessity of employing attorneys who could give all the advice necessary. In the very beginning of the case, our legal advisers, Messrs. Haight, Deming, Gardner, Poor & Havens, were advised about the situation, and, at first, were assisting Mr. Talmont in gathering all the necessary laws, and in checking with him his opinion, forwarded to the Embassy in Washington, with regard to the status of a stowaway on board the vessel. Later, Mr. Deming advised our people, called before the grand jury, as to his opinion on the subject. At that time, it was agreed that all the aspects of this case will be thoroughly examined, and a brief of the legal American and international regulations which may be involved, will be prepared. Also, the necessity of retaining a criminal attorney with regard to problems involving criminal law, were discussed.

About a week before the arrival of the vessel, the Embassy informed our office that they had retained Mr. Norman D. Littell, as adviser to the Embassy and the line in this matter. It developed that Mr. Littell is a good acquaintance of Mr. Deming's and that they expect perfect cooperation. The above mentioned agreed that Mr. H. H. Corbin should be retained as a third counsel for the line.

A number of conferences covering the subject were held, and during the stay of the ship in port, Mr. Deming, who remained in his office with his entire staff ready to start any required action, was in constant contact with the people on board the vessel. Mr. H. H. Corbin stayed on board the ship for a considerable length of time, or was in contact with our Mr. Talmont. Mr. Littell was in Washington representing the line and the vessel before the central authorities. At the time of departure, both Mr. Corbin and Mr. Littell were on board the vessel.

After the departure, Mr. Talmont personally informed Mr. Deming about all the developments on board the ship. It should be noted that on Saturday, June 4, 1949, the necessity of informing the representatives of our underwriters, John C. Monroe, was brought up. At that time, Mr. Deming advised that we should postpone this action until some further developments in this matter.

MEMORANDUM

JUNE 10, 1949.

To: Director R. Kutylowski.

From: Mr. W. Talmont.

Subject: Precautionary measures.

In view of the possibility that the captain and a few crew members of *M/S Batory* may be detained in New York for a hearing before the grand jury, we

felt it important to make arrangements that the vessel leave the port of New York on schedule, and, therefore, a number of people were contacted in order to keep them as replacements if necessary.

We finally had standing by two captains with suitable diplomas, and also a man who could serve as assistant purser. These people were standing by from Friday, June 3, to Monday, June 6, inclusive.

The respective expenses were charged against the vessel.

W. T.

REGISTRATION STATEMENTS FILED BY THE GDYNIA-AMERICA LINE, INC., UNDER
THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT OF 1938

UNITED STATES, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington, D. C.

EXHIBIT A ¹ TO REGISTRATION AND EXEMPTION STATEMENTS

Under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended

Registration No. 81

Furnish this exhibit for all partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of the Registrant or Agent, as the case may be, and for all employees or other individuals who render services or assistance to the Registrant or Agent for or in the interests of any foreign principal of the Registrant or Agent.

This exhibit will not be accepted for filing unless it is reasonably complete and accurate.

1. (a) Full name: Roman Marius Kutylowski.

(b) All other names ever used and when each was used: None.

(c) All present business addresses: Gdynia-America Line, Inc., 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.

(d) All present residence addresses: 214 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn 2, N. Y.

2. (a) Date and place of birth: January 12, 1895, St. Petersburg, Russia.

(b) Citizenship or nationality: Polish.

(c) If present citizenship not acquired by birth, indicate when, where, and how acquired: By virtue of restoration of Poland after end of World War I.

3. All visits to or residence in foreign countries during the past 5 years:

Name of foreign country	Purpose of visit	Date and port of each departure from and entry into United States
England, Poland.....	Company business.....	Left, 12/8/45, N. Y.; return, 2/1/46, N. Y.
Canada.....	do.....	Left, 4/10/46, N. Y.; return, 4/12/46, N. Y.
Belgium, France, Poland, England.....	do.....	Left, 2/27/47, N. Y.; return: 3/28/47, N. Y.
Italy, Poland.....	do.....	Left, 12/9/47, N. Y.; return: 1/17/48, N. Y.
Belgium.....	do.....	Left, 7/2/48, N. Y.; return: 7/12/48, N. Y.
Venezuela, Dutch West Indies, Colombia, U. S. Canal Zone, Cuba.....	do.....	Left, 8/23/48, N. Y.; return: 9/3/48; Florida
Poland.....	do.....	Left, 12/10/48, N. Y.; return, 1/15/49, N. Y.

4. All clubs, societies, committees, and other nonbusiness organizations in the United States or elsewhere, including any active or reserve military or naval forces, of which you have been a member, director, officer, or employee during the past 2 years: None.

5. (a) A full description of all activities of any kind in which you are presently engaged for or in the interests of the Registrant or Agent or any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent. I am president of Gdynia America Line, Inc., general agents for Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., in United States and Canada. (I have been the holder of a general power of attorney from Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., authorizing me to act on behalf of said company in the United States and Canada. This power of attorney has now expired, but it will be renewed.)

(b) A brief description of all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which you are presently engaged: None.

6. Furnish the following information as to all amounts received by you, as compensation or otherwise, during the 3 months preceding the filing of this

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on March 7, 1949.

exhibit, directly or indirectly from the Registrant or Agent or from any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent.

Name of person from whom received: Gdynia America Line, Inc.

Purpose for which received: Salary.

Amount received: \$4,197.30.

7. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts delivered by you during the past 3 months: None.

(b) All newspapers, magazines, articles, books, pamphlets, press releases, moving pictures, radio programs and scripts, and other publications, prepared or distributed by you or by others for you, or in the preparation or distribution of which you rendered any services or assistance, during the past 6 months: In my capacity as president of Gdynia America Line, Inc., I have checked and/or edited press releases, circulars, radio scripts, etc., mentioned in the supplemental registration statement with which this exhibit A is filed.

8. List all of your connections, not fully described above, with all foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

I certify that I have read the information set forth in this exhibit and am familiar with the contents thereof and that the information herein contained is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

MARCH 4, 1949.

R. KUTYLOWSKI.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington, D. C.

EXHIBIT A¹ TO REGISTRATION AND EXEMPTION STATEMENTS

Under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended

Registration No. 81

Furnish this exhibit for all partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of the Registrant or Agent, as the case may be, and for all employees or other individuals who render services or assistance to the Registrant or Agent for or in the interests of any foreign principal of the Registrant or Agent.

This exhibit will not be accepted for filing unless it is reasonably complete and accurate.

1. (a) Full name: Jorgen V. Hoffmann.

(b) All other names ever used and when each was used: None.

(c) All present business addresses: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.

(d) All present residence addresses: 8 Hawthorne Lane, Valley Stream, Long Island, N. Y.

(2. (a) Date and place of birth: September 7, 1902; Copenhagen, Denmark.

(b) Citizenship or nationality. United States citizen.

(c) If present citizenship not acquired by birth, indicate when, where, and how acquired. Acquired by naturalization, March 18, 1941, United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York, Brooklyn, N. Y.

3. All visits to or residence in foreign countries during the past 5 years:

Name of foreign country: Denmark.

Purpose of visit or stay in foreign country: Visit.

Date and port of each departure from and entry into United States: March 15, 1948, N. Y.; April 10, 1948, N. Y.

4. All clubs, societies, committees, and other nonbusiness organizations in the United States or elsewhere, including any active or reserve military or naval forces, of which you have been a member, director, officer, or employee during the past 2 years.

Name and address of organization	Nature of connection with organization	Duration of connection
Frederik Lodge No. 857, F. A. M.	Member	Since 1937.
Foreign Remittance Club	do	Since 1947.
Danish Luncheon Club	do	Since 1945.

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on March 7, 1949.

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5. (a) A full description of all activities of any kind in which you are presently engaged for or in the interests of the Registrant or Agent or any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent: Acting treasurer of Gydnia American Line, Inc.

(b) A brief description of all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which you are presently engaged: Treasurer of P. K. O. Trading Co., 25 Broad Street, New York, N. Y.

6. Furnish the following information as to all amounts received by you, as compensation or otherwise, during the 3 months preceding the filing of this exhibit, directly or indirectly from the Registrant or Agent or from any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent.

Name of person from whom received: Gydnia America Line, Inc.

Purpose for which received: Salary.

Amount received: \$1,850.

7. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts delivered by you during past 3 months: None.

(b) All newspapers, magazines, articles, books, pamphlets, press releases, moving pictures, radio programs and scripts, and other publications, prepared or distributed by you or by others for you, or in the preparation or distribution of which you rendered any services or assistance, during the past 6 months: None.

8. List all of your connections, not fully described above, with all foreign governments, foreign political parties, or official or agencies thereof: None.

I certify that I have read the information set forth in this exhibit and am familiar with the contents thereof and that the information herein contained is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JORGEN V. HOFFMANN.

MARCH 4TH, 1949.

MAR. 5, 1945.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington, D. C.

SUPPLEMENTAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT¹

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended

Registration No. 81

For Six Months Period Ending February 3, 1945

1. (a) Name of Registrant: Gydnia America Lines, Inc.

(b) All other names used by Registrant during the period: No other names.

(c) Address of principal office: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.

(d) Name of person or persons in charge of principal office: Roman Marius Kutylowski, president and treasurer; David Israels, vice president and general traffic manager; A. Trzeciecki, secretary.

3. If Registrant is a nonbusiness membership organization, state—

(a) Approximate number of members in the United States: Not applicable.

(b) Approximate number of members outside the United States: Not applicable.

4. (a) All persons who became partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.

5. (a) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which began to operate during the period: None.

(b) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which ceased to operate during the period: None.

6. All persons who at any time during the period were foreign principals of Registrant.

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on March 5, 1945.

Name and principal address	Is person still a foreign principal of Registrant?
Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., 51 Bishopsgate, London E. C. 2, England.....	Yes.
Polish Steamship Agency, Ltd., Plantation House, Fenchurch St., London E. C. 3, England.....	Yes.
Alfred Falter, 50 East 72d St., New York, N. Y., and 48 Blackburn Ave., Ottawa, Canada.....	Yes.
Baltic Union Shipbrokers, Ltd., 24 St. Mary Axe, London E. C. 3, England.....	Yes.

7. Describe fully all activities of Registrant during the period for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6.

General agency: Registrant acts as agent with respect to vessels of said foreign principals while they are in United States ports in connection with such general agency. Registrant handles such vessels, makes arrangements for their berthing, unloading, loading, supplies, crews, cargoes, collecting of freight, disbursements of moneys received from said foreign principals for such purposes, and advising said foreign principals regarding shipping matters generally.

Similar services have been rendered during the 6 months' period by registrant with respect to five coastal type vessels bareboat chartered by the United States of America to the Republic of Poland, and time chartered back to the United States of America, such vessels being operated for the Republic of Poland as bareboat chartered owner by Polish Steamship Agency, Ltd., until such operation was recently taken over by Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd.

8. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant engaged during the period: None.

9. Furnish the following information as to all employees and other individuals, except those named under item 4, who during the period rendered any services to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6:

(a) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have previously been filed.

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of any changes during period in activities for Registrant or its foreign principals	Has connection with Registrant ended?
Roman Kutylowski, 214 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y.	None.....	No.
David Israels, 147-11a Roosevelt Avenue, Flushing, L. I., N. Y.	None.....	No.
A. Trzeciecki, 3425 165th Street, Jamaica, L. I., N. Y.	None.....	No.

(b) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have not been previously filed.

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services or assistance rendered	Has connection with Registrant ended?
Jorgen Hoffman, 8 Hawthorne Lane, Valley Stream, L. I.	Accountant.....	No.
Stanislaw Szram, 561 First St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Landing Agent.....	No.
Zofia jWachtl, 10 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Secretary to president.....	No.
Sophi a Lozynska, 190 Driggs Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Secretary to general traffic manager.....	No.
Stella Kordas, 313 W. 91st St., New York.....	Switchboard operator and accountant's assistant.....	No.
Barbara Malec, 65 W. 87th St., New York.....	Stenographer and clerk.....	No.
Rena Littauer, 50-05 43d Ave., Woodside, L. I., N. Y.	Typist.....	No.
Mildred Lewandowska, 233 23d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Switchboard operator.....	No.
Stephanie Sciora, 180 2d Ave., New York, N. Y.	Switchboard operator.....	No.
Stanislaw Jurgas, 14 W. 88th St., New York.....	Assistant to purchasing agent.....	No.

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10. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the period covered by this statement. The information may, if Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest semiannual fiscal period, provided the period covered is indicated and future statements are furnished on the same basis:

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:

During the period covered by this supplemental statement, registrant received in furtherance of or in connection with its activities the total sum of \$1,060,636, from the sources and in the amounts specified below:

War Shipping Administration.....	\$597, 733
British Ministry of War Transport.....	22, 691
United States Lines.....	1, 608
Polish Shipowners Association.....	24, 252
Despard & Co.....	14, 423
Lloyds Underwriters.....	6, 036
Kerr Steamship Line.....	17, 086
Lamport & Holt.....	374, 287
Lykes Bros.....	2, 500
Total	1, 060, 636

The dates on which said funds were received and the individual amounts are so numerous that Registrant believes that literal compliance with the question calling for the individual dates and amounts would be inappropriate and unduly burdensome. Accordingly, Registrant asks that such compliance be waived.

(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows: ¹ None.

(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows: ²

The amount reported under (a) has been disbursed by Registrant on behalf of its foreign principals and in connection with Registrant's activities hereinabove specified, as follows:

Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd.....	\$400, 956
Polish Steamship Agency, Ltd.....	659, 597
Baltic Union Shipbrokers, Ltd.....	83
Total.....	1, 060, 636

The individual disbursements in connection with Registrant's activities are so numerous that Registrant believes that literal compliance with the questions calling for the individual dates and amounts of the disbursements would be inappropriate and unduly burdensome.

11. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, radio broadcasts arranged or sponsored by Registrant or delivered by officials or employees of Registrant, during the period: None.

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by Registrant, or by others for Registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which Registrant rendered any services or assistance, during the period: None.

(c) Preparation and distribution of publications referred to in answer (b) above: None.

(d) Compliance with the filing, labeling, and reporting provisions of Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and Rule 400 thereunder.

(1) Were copies or summaries of all communications and publications referred to in answer to (a) and (b) above filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress? If not, explain why copies or summaries of any such communications and publications were not filed.

(2) Were all such communications and publications labeled in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such communications and publications were not so labeled.

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

(3) Were reports of the delivery, distribution, or other dissemination of all such communications and publications made to the Department of Justice in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such reports were omitted.

12. (a) Any changes during the period, not fully described above, in Registrant's affiliations, associations, or other connections with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

(b) Any changes during the period in Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combinations of individuals: None.

13. (a) Any changes during the period in the ownership of or supervision, direction, or control over Registrant by any organization, group, or individual: None.

(b) Any subsidy or other financial assistance received by Registrant during the period directly or indirectly from—

Any individual who is a citizen of, or resides in, a foreign country.

Any organization created in, or under the laws of, any foreign country or having its principal place of business in a foreign country.

Any foreign government or foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof.

None.

14. File the following exhibits with this statement:

Exhibit A.—File an Exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each of the following persons for whom an Exhibit A has not previously been filed:

(a) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.

(b) All employees or other individuals who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit B.—File a copy of any changes during the period in the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 6 for whom an Exhibit C has not previously been filed.

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of any changes during the period in its charter, constitution, bylaws, or other instruments of organization.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) between the Registrant and each business firm or other organization named under item 11 (c), and copies of all changes during the period in similar contracts previously filed.

EXHIBIT A

An exhibit A has previously been filed for all of the officers and directors of Registrant. It is understood that an exhibit A is not required to be filed for each of the employees specified in the answer to 9 (b). If an exhibit A is required for such employees, Registrant requests that the necessary part of forms of exhibit A be furnished to Registrant, and such exhibit will then be promptly prepared and filed as an amendment to this supplemental statement.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

ROMAN MARIUS KUTYLowski.
DAVID ISRAELS.
A. TRZECIESKI.

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths, by a majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in

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the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the statement shall be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the Registrant.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York this 3d day of March 1945.

[SEAL]

JORGEN V. HOFFMANN, *Notary Public*.

My commission expires March 30, 1946.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington, D. C.

SUPPLEMENTAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT

*Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended*¹

Registration No. 81

For Six Months' Period Ending August 3, 1945

1. (a) Name of Registrant: Gdynia America Line, Inc.
(b) All other names used by Registrant during the period: No other names.
(c) Address of principal office: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.
(d) Name of person or persons in charge of principal office: Roman Marius Kutylowski, president and treasurer; David Israels, vice president and general traffic manager; A. Trzeciecki, secretary.
3. If Registrant is a nonbusiness membership organization, state—
(a) Approximate number of members in the United States. Not applicable.
(b) Approximate number of members outside the United States. Not applicable.
4. (a) All persons who became partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.
(b) All persons who ceased to be partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.
5. (a) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which began to operate during the period: None.
(b) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which ceased to operate during the period: None.
6. All persons who at any time during the period were foreign principals of Registrant.

Name and principal address: Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., 51 Bishopgate, London E. C. 2, England.

Is person still a foreign principal of Registrant? Yes.

Since the date of the last supplemental statement, for period ending February 3, 1945, the affairs of the Polish Steamship Agency, Ltd., Plantation House, Fenchurch St., London E. C. 3, England (listed as a foreign principal in the last supplemental statement), have been taken over and are now being administered by Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd.

7. Describe fully all activities of Registrant during the period for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6.

General agency: Registrant acts as agent with respect to vessels of said foreign principal while they are in United States ports in connection with such general agency. Registrant handles such vessels, makes arrangements for their berthing, unloading, loading, supplies, crews, cargoes, collecting of freight, disbursements of moneys received from said foreign principal for such purposes, and advising said foreign principal regarding shipping matters generally.

With respect to the five coastal type vessels bareboat chartered by the United States of America to the Republic of Poland, and time chartered back to the United States of America, as reported in previous supplemental statements, during the 6 months' period covered by this supplemental statement registrant has received on behalf of the Republic of Poland as bareboat charterer the time charter hire paid by the United States of America during said 6 months' period,

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on September 17, 1945.

and registrant has transmitted such moneys to Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., under covering Treasury Department license.

8. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant engaged during the period: None.

9. Furnish the following information as to all employees and other individuals, except those named under item 4, who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6:

(a) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have previously been filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of any changes during period in activities for Registrant or its foreign principals	Has connection with Registrant ended?
Roman Kutylowski, 214 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y.	None	No.
David Israels, 147-11a Roosevelt Avenue, Flushing, N. Y.	None	No.
A. Trzeciecki, 8425 165th Street, Jamaica, L. I., N. Y.	None	No.

(b) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have not been previously filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services or assistance rendered	Has connection with Registrant ended?
Jorgen Hoffmann, 8 Hawthorne Lane, Valley Stream, L. I.	Accountant	No.
Stanislaw Sztam, 561 First St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Landing agent	No.
Zofia Wachtl, 10 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Secretary to president	No.
Sophia Lozynska, 190 Driggs Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Seety to genl traffic mgr.	No.
Stella Kordas, 313 W. 91st St., New York ...	Switchboard operator & accountant's asst.	No.
Barbara Malec, 65 W. 87th St., New York ...	Stenographer & clerk	No.
Rena Littaner, 50-05 43d Ave., Woodside, L. I., N. Y.	Typist	No.
Mildred Lewandowska, 233 23d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Switchboard operator	No.
Stanislaw Jurgas, 14 W. 88th St., New York.	Asst. to purchasing agt.	No.

10. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the period covered by this statement. The information may, if Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest semiannual fiscal period, provided the period covered is indicated and future statements are furnished on the same basis:

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:

During the period covered by this supplemental statement, registrant received in furtherance of or in connection with its activities the total sum of \$1,326,652, from the sources and in the amounts specified below:

War Shipping Administration	\$708, 261
Lamport & Holt	481, 970
British Ministry of War Transport	94, 354
National City Bank	4, 480
Polish Consulate	8, 863
Strachan Shipping Co.	2, 622
Funch, Edye & Co.	15, 000
Dichmann, Wright & Pugh, Inc.	800
Texas Transport & Terminal Co.	921
Miscellaneous	9, 381
Total	1, 326, 652

(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:¹ None.

(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:²

The amount reported under (a) above has been disbursed by registrant on behalf of its foreign principal, with the exception of approximately 5 percent, which has remained with registrant and will be so disbursed during the next 6 months' period.

The individual disbursements in connection with registrant's activities are so numerous that registrant believes that literal compliance with the question calling for the individual dates and amounts of the disbursements would be inappropriate and unduly burdensome.

11. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts arranged or sponsored by Registrant or delivered by officials or employees of Registrant, during the period. None.

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by Registrant, or by others for Registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which Registrant rendered any services or assistance, during the period. None.

(c) Preparation and distribution of publications referred to in answer to (b) above. None.

(d) Compliance with the filing, labeling, and reporting provisions of Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and Rule 400 thereunder.

(1) Were copies or summaries of all communications and publications referred to in answer to (a) and (b) above filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress? If not, explain why copies or summaries of any such communications and publications were not filed. [Blank.]

(2) Were all such communications and publications labeled in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such communications and publications were not so labeled. [Blank.]

(3) Were reports of the delivery, distribution, or other dissemination of all such communications and publications made to the Department of Justice in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such reports were omitted. [Blank.]

12. (a) Any changes during the period, not fully described above, in Registrant's affiliations, associations, or other connections with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof. None.

(b) Any changes during the period in Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combinations of individuals. None.

13. (a) Any changes during the period in the ownership of or supervision, direction or control over Registrant by any organization, group or individual. None.

(b) Any subsidy or other financial assistance received by Registrant during the period directly or indirectly from—

Any individual who is a citizen of, or resides in, a foreign country.

Any organization created in, or under the laws of, any foreign country or having its principal place of business in a foreign country.

Any foreign government or foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof. None.

14. File the following exhibits with this statement:

Exhibit A.—File an Exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each of the following persons for whom an Exhibit A has not previously been filed:

(a) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.

(b) All employees or other individuals who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6.

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

Exhibit B.—File a copy of any changes during the period in the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not in writing a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 6 for whom an Exhibit C has not previously been filed.

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of any changes during the period in its charter, constitution, bylaws or other instruments of organization.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) between the Registrant and each business firm or other organization named under item 11 (c), and copies of all changes during the period in similar contracts previously filed.

EXHIBIT A

An exhibit A has previously been filed for all of the officers and directors of registrant. It is understood that an exhibit A is not required to be filed for each of the employees specified in the answer to 9 (b). If an exhibit A is required for such employees, registrant requests that the necessary part of forms of exhibit A be furnished to registrant, and such exhibits will then be promptly prepared and filed as an amendment to this supplemental statement.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

ROMAN MARIUS KUTYLowski.

DAVID ISRAELS.

A. TEZCIESKI.

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths, by majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the statement shall be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the Registrant.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York this 1st day of September, 1945.

[SEAL]

JORGEN V. HOFFMANN, Notary Public.

My commission expires March 30, 1946.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington, D. C.

SUPPLEMENTAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended¹

Registration No. 81

For Six Months Period Ending February 3, 1946

1. (a) Name of Registrant: Gdynia America Line, Inc.
- (b) All other names used by Registrant during the period: No other names.
- (c) Address of principal office: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on April 4, 1946.

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(d) Name of person or persons in charge of principal office: Roman Marius Kutylowski, President and Treasurer; David Israels, Vice President and General Traffic Manager (until his death January 6, 1946); A. Trzeciecki, Secretary.

3. If Registrant is a nonbusiness membership organization, state—

(a) Approximate number of members in the United States: Not applicable.

(b) Approximate number of members outside the United States: Not applicable.

4. (a) All persons who became partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.

(b) All persons who ceased to be partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of Registrant during the period.

Name and address of official: David Israels, 147-11a Roosevelt Ave., Flushing, N. Y.

Date connection ended: January 6, 1946.

Reason for ending connection: Death.

5. (a) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which began to operate during the period: None.

(b) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other components or affiliated groups or organizations which ceased to operate during the period: None.

6. All persons who at any time during the period were foreign principals of Registrant.

Name and principal address: Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., 47 Whitcomb Street, London, W. C. 2, England.

Is person still a foreign principal of Registrant? Yes.

7. Describe fully all activities of Registrant during the period for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6.

General agency: Registrant acts as agent with respect to vessels of said foreign principal while they are in United States ports in connection with such general agency. Registrant handles such vessels, makes arrangements for their berthing, unloading, loading, supplies, crews, cargoes, collecting of freight, disbursements of moneys received from said foreign principal for such purposes, and advising said foreign principal regarding shipping matters generally.

With respect to the five coastal type vessels bareboat chartered by the United States of America to the Republic of Poland, and time chartered back to the United States of America, as reported in previous supplemental statements, during the 6 months' period covered by this supplemental statement registrant has received on behalf of the Republic of Poland as bareboat charterer the time charter hire paid by the United States of America during said 6 months period, and registrant has transmitted such moneys to Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., under covering Treasury Department licenses.

8. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant engaged during the period: None.

9. Furnish the following information as to all employees and other individuals, except those named under item 4, who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6:

(a) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have previously been filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of any changes during period in activities for Registrant or its foreign principals	Has connection with Registrant ended?
Roman Kutylowski, 214 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y.	None.....	No.
David Israels, 147-11a Roosevelt Ave., Flushing, N. Y.	None.....	Yes (died 1/6/46).
A. Trzeciecki, 8425 165th Street, Jamaica, L. I., N. Y.	None.....	No.

(b) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have not been previously filed :

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services or assistance rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Jorgen Hoffmann, 8 Hawthorne Lane, Valley Stream, N. Y.	Accountant.....	No.
Stanislaw Sztam, 561 First St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Landing agent.....	No.
Zofia Wachtl, 10 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Secretary to president.....	No.
Sophia Lozynska, 190 Driggs Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Secretary to general traffic manager.....	No.
Stella Kordas, 313 W. 91st St., New York, N. Y.	Switchboard operator and accountant's assistant.....	No.
Barbara Malec, 65 W. 87th St., New York, N. Y.	Stenographer and clerk.....	No.
Rena Littauer 50-05 43d Ave., Woodside, N. Y.	Typist.....	No.
Mildred Lewandowska, 233 23d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Switchboard operator.....	Yes (11/1/45).
Stanislaw Jurgas, 14 W. 88th St., New York, N. Y.	Assistant to purchasing agent.....	No.
Samuel Y. Smith, 21-84 Davidson Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.	General passenger traffic manager.....	No.
Mary Watts, 39 Oakland St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Switchboard operator.....	No.

10. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the period covered by this statement. The information may, if Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest semiannual fiscal period, provided the period covered is indicated and future statements are furnished on the same basis :

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows :

During the period covered by this supplemental statement, registrant received in furtherance of or in connection with its activities the total sum of \$1,027,246, from the sources and in the amounts specified below :

British Ministry of War Transport.....	\$64,556
Furness, Withy & Company.....	10,887
Norton, Lilly & Company.....	19,396
Lamport & Holt.....	190,024
Robert C. Herd & Co.....	26,827
Kerr Steamship Line.....	26,772
Freighting Co.....	8,500
Funch, Edye & Co.....	6,172
Simpson, Spence & Young.....	13,770
War Shipping Administration.....	660,342
Total	1,027,246

(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows :¹ None.

(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows :²

The amount reported under (a) above has been disbursed by registrant on behalf of its foreign principal, with the exception of approximately 5 percent,

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

which has remained with registrant and will be so disbursed during the next 6 months' period.

The individual disbursements in connection with registrant's activities are so numerous that registrant believes that literal compliance with the question calling for the individual dates and amounts of the disbursements would be inappropriate and unduly burdensome.

11. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts arranged or sponsored by registrant or delivered by officials or employees of registrant, during the period: None.

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by registrant, or by others for registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which registrant rendered any services or assistance, during the period: None.

(c) Preparation and distribution of publications referred to in answer to (b) above: None.

(d) Compliance with the filing, labeling, and reporting provisions of Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and Rule 400 thereunder.

(1) Were copies or summaries of all communications and publications referred to in answer to (a) and (b) above filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress? If not, explain why copies or summaries of any such communications and publications were not filed. Inapplicable.

(2) Were all such communications and publications labeled in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such communications and publications were not so labeled. Inapplicable.

(3) Were reports of the delivery, distribution, or other dissemination of all such communications and publications made to the Department of Justice in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such reports were omitted. Inapplicable.

12. (a) Any changes during the period, not fully described above, in Registrant's affiliations, associations, or other connections with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

(b) Any changes during the period in Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combinations of individuals: None.

13. (a) Any changes during the period in the ownership of or supervision, direction or control over Registrant by any organization, group, or individual: None.

(b) Any subsidy or other financial assistance received by Registrant during the period directly or indirectly from—

Any individual who is a citizen of, or resides in, a foreign country.

Any organization created in, or under the laws of, any foreign country or having its principal place of business in a foreign country.

Any foreign government or foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof.

None.

14. File the following exhibits with this statement:

Exhibit A.—File an Exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each of the following persons for whom an Exhibit A has not previously been filed:

(a) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.

(b) All employees or other individuals who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit B.—File a copy of any changes during the period in the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not in writing a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 6 for whom an Exhibit C has not previously been filed.

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of any changes during the period in its charter, constitution, bylaws, or other instruments of organization.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) between the Registrant and each busi-

ness firm or other organization named under item 11 (c), and copies of all changes during the period in similar contracts previously filed.

EXHIBIT A

An exhibit A has previously been filed for all of the officers and directors of registrant. It is understood that an exhibit A is not required to be filed for each of the employees specified in the answer to 9 (b). If an exhibit A is required for such employees, registrant requests that the necessary part of forms of exhibit A be furnished to registrant, and such exhibits will then be promptly prepared and filed as an amendment to this supplemental statement.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

ROMAN MARIUS KOTYLOWSKI.
A. TRZECIESKI.

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths, by a majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the statement shall be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the Registrant.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York this 3d day of April, 1946.

[SEAL]

JORGEN V. HOFFMANN, *Notary Public*.

My commission expires March 30th, 1948.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Washington, D. C.

SUPPLEMENTAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 as Amended¹

Registration No. 81

For Six Months Period Ending August 3, 1946

1. (a) Name of Registrant: Gdynia America Line, Inc.
- (b) All other names used by Registrant during the period: No other names.
- (c) Address of principal office: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.
- (d) Name of person or persons in charge of principal office: Roman Marius Kutylowski, President and Treasurer; A. Trzecieski, Secretary.
3. If Registrant is a nonbusiness membership organization, state—
 - (a) Approximate number of members in the United States: Not applicable.
 - (b) Approximate number of members outside the United States: Not applicable.
4. (a) All persons who became partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant during the period:

Name and address of official: Louis Richard Komer, 2235 Maurice Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.

Date connection began: February 1946.

Position, office, or nature of duties: Director.
- (b) All persons who ceased to be partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.
5. (a) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which began to operate during the period: None.

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on September 4, 1946

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(b) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which ceased to operate during the period: None.

6. All persons who at any time during the period were foreign principals of Registrant:

Name and principal address: Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., 47 Whitcomb Street, London, W. C. 2, England.

Is person still a foreign principal of Registrant? Yes.

If not, give date connection ended.

7. Describe fully all activities of Registrant during the period for in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6.

General agency: Registrant acts as agent with respect to vessels of said foreign principal while they are in United States ports in connection with such general agency. Registrant handles such vessels, makes arrangements for their berthing, unloading, loading, supplies, crews, cargoes, collecting of freight, disbursements of moneys received from said foreign principal for such purposes, and advising said foreign principal regarding shipping matters generally.

With respect to the five coastal type vessels bareboat chartered by the United States of America to the Republic of Poland, and time chartered back to the United States of America, as reported in previous supplemental statements, during the 6 months' period covered by this supplemental statement registrant has received on behalf of the Republic of Poland as bareboat charterer the time charter hire paid by the United States of America during said 6 months' period, and registrant has transmitted such moneys to Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., under covering Treasury Department licenses.

In March 1946, the S/S *Kiclee*, one of the five ships mentioned above, was sunk in a collision.

8. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant engaged during the period: None.

9. Furnish the following information as to all employees and other individuals, except those named under item 4, who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6:

(a) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have previously been filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of any changes during period in activities for Registrant or its foreign principals	Has connection with Registrant ended?
Roman Kutylowski, 214 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y.....	None.....	No.
A. Trzeciecki, 8425 165th Street, Jamaica, L. I., N. Y.....	None.....	No.

(b) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have not been previously filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services or assistance rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Jorgen Hoffmann, 8 Hawthorne Lane, Valley Stream, N. Y.	Accountant.....	No.
Stanislaw Sztam, 561 First St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Landing agent.....	No.
Zofia Wachtl, 10 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Secretary to president.....	No.
Sophia Lozynska, 190 Driggs Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Secretary to general manager.....	No.
Stella Kordas, 313 W. 91st St., New York, N. Y.	Switchboard operator and accountant's assistant.	No.
Barbara Malec, 65 West 87th St., New York, N. Y.	Stenographer and clerk.....	No.
Rena Littauer, 50-05 43d Ave., Woodside, N. Y.	Typist.....	No.
Stanislaw Jurgas, 14 West 88th St., New York, N. Y.	Assistant to purchasing agent.....	No.

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services or assistance rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Samuel Y. Smith, 21-84 Davidson Ave., Bronx, N. Y.	General passenger traffic manager.....	No.
Mary Watts, 39 Oakland St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Switchboard operator.....	No.
F. Duda, 117 Prospect Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, freight department.....	No.
S. Citkowitz, 167 Grand St., Jersey City, N. J.	Messenger.....	Yes.
H. A. Hjortholm, 827 73d St., Brooklyn, N. J.	Assistant passenger traffic.....	No.
M. Kowalik, 28 Cottage St., Bayonne, N. J.	Stenographer.....	Yes.
S. Micula, 57 Oak St., Yonkers, N. Y.	Clerk.....	Yes.
E. Paluszek, 548 Leonard St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Typist.....	No.
H. Gawron, 50 Norwood Ave., Plainfield, N. J.	Stenographer.....	No.
M. Jaffe, 1426 Walton Ave., Bronx, N. Y.	Manager prepaid department.....	No.
M. Sajewicz, 3712 23d St., Woodside, L. I.	Typist-clerk.....	No.
W. J. Fiderkiewicz, 422 South 10th Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.	Clerk.....	Yes.
A. Kurzynska, 6919, 19th Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.
W. Talmont, 126 East 34th St., New York, N. Y.	Assistant bookkeeper.....	No.
G. Mizjewski, c/o 32 Pearl St., New York City.	Booking clerk.....	No.
T. Regulinski, 65 West 57th St., New York City.	Clerk.....	No.
F. Wojtkowska, 142 Joyce Ave., Staten Island.	Clerk.....	No.
T. Dwulit, 115 14th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	Yes.
Z. Markowska, 1888 Gerritsen Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
A. Urbanski, c/o 32 Pearl St., New York City.	Messenger.....	No.
A. M. Shelo, c/o 32 Pearl St., New York City.	Asst. pass. tr. man.....	No.

10. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the period covered by this statement. The information may, if Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest semiannual fiscal period, provided the period covered is indicated and future statements are furnished on the same basis:

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:

War Shipping Administration.....	\$1, 016, 968
Lamport & Holt Line.....	77, 269
British Ministry of War Transport.....	181, 784
Leval & Company.....	39, 370
East Asiatic Co. Account Tickets.....	89, 039
Batory Prepaid Tickets.....	312, 516
Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd.....	46, 412
United States Lines.....	1, 189
Cork Insulation Co.....	27, 056
Royal Netherlands Steamship Co.....	31, 800
Total.....	1, 823, 397

(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:¹ None.

(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:²

The individual disbursements in connection with registrant's activities are so numerous that registrant believes that literal compliance with the question calling for the individual dates and amounts of the disbursements would be inappropriate and unduly burdensome.

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

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Reference Gdynia America Line, Inc., supplemental statement for 6 months' period ending February 3, 1946, question 10 (c), the 5 percent of the amount reported under 10 (a) which had not been expended as of February 3, 1946, has now been expended.

11. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts arranged or sponsored by Registrant or delivered by officials or employees of Registrant, during the period:

Name of persons by whom delivered: Marian Cieplak, Michael Librach, Zofia Ordynska.

Number of speeches, lectures, and talks delivered: None.

Number of radio broadcasts delivered: 13.

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by Registrant, or by others for Registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which Registrant rendered any services or assistance, during the period. (Indicate each type of publication by an "X".)

(1) Press releases -----	X	(12) Radio programs-----	X
(2) News bulletins-----		(13) Radio scripts-----	X
(3) Newspapers-----		(14) Moving pictures-----	
(4) Articles-----		(15) Lantern slides-----	
(5) Books-----		(16) Still pictures-----	
(6) Magazines-----		(17) Posters-----	
(7) Pamphlets-----		(18) Photographs-----	
(8) Circulars-----	X	(19) Charts-----	
(9) Form letters-----	X	(20) Maps-----	
(10) Reprints-----		(21) Other publications-----	
(11) Copies of speeches, lectures, talks, or radio broadcasts-----			

(c) Preparation and distribution of publications referred to in answer to (b) above.

Description of publication	By whom written, edited, or prepared	By whom printed, produced, or published	By whom distributed
Circulars and form letters.	Registrant-----	Registrant-----	Distributed to agents in United States and Canada in connection with passenger service between United States, England, Denmark, and Poland, also with parcel and money order service between United States and Poland.
Press releases-----	Registrant-----	Foreign language newspapers in United States of America and Canada.	Published in these newspapers in connection with services mentioned above.
Radio programs and radio scripts.	Registrant-----	Registrant-----	Broadcast over Station WBYN, Brooklyn, Inc.

(d) Compliance with the filing, labeling, and reporting provisions of Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and Rule 400 thereunder.

(1) Were copies or summaries of all communications and publications referred to in answer to (a) and (b) above filled with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress? If not, explain why copies or summaries of any such communications and publications were not filed.

The broadcasts referred to above were not political propaganda, but merely advertised the services referred to above (i.e., passenger service between United States of America, England, Denmark, and Poland, and parcel and money order service between the United States and Poland.

(2) Were all such communications and publications labeled in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such communications and publications were not so labeled.

Same reason as (1).

(3) Were reports of the delivery, distribution, or other dissemination of all such communications and publications made to the Department of Justice in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such reports omitted.

Same reason as (1).

12. (a) Any changes during the period, not fully described above, in Registrant's affiliations, associations, or other connections with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

(b) Any changes during the period in Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combinations of individuals: None.

13. (a) Any changes during the period in the ownership of or supervision, direction or control over Registrant by any organization, group, or individual: None.

(b) Any subsidy or other financial assistance received by Registrant during the period directly or indirectly from—

Any individual who is a citizen, or resides in, a foreign country.

Any organization created in, or under the laws of, any foreign country or having its principal place of business in a foreign country.

Any foreign government or foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof.

None.

14. File the following exhibits with this statement:

Exhibit A.—File an Exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each of the following persons for whom an Exhibit A has not previously been filed:

(a) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.

(b) All employees or other individuals who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit B.—File a copy of any changes during the period in the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not, in writing, a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 6 for whom an Exhibit C has not previously been filed.

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of any changes during the period in its charter, constitution, bylaws, or other instruments of organization.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) between the Registrant and each business firm or other organization named under item 11 (c), and copies of all changes during the period in similar contracts previously filed.

EXHIBIT A

An Exhibit A has previously been filed for all of the officers and directors of registrant except Louis Richard Komer, and that because the necessary part of forms of Exhibit A have not yet been furnished to registrant. As soon as forms of Exhibit A are received, they will be filled out and returned as an addendum to this report.

It is understood that an Exhibit A is not required to be filed for each of the employees specified in the answer to 9 (b).

EXHIBIT E

Registrant's agreements with its agents in the United States and Canada for publicity in connection with passenger service abroad and parcel and money-order service abroad are merely routine business dealings to advertise the services of the Gdynia America Line, and it would therefore be unduly burdensome to file all the correspondence connected therewith, much of it being telephone and telegram arrangements. If further information other than given above and in item 11 (c) is required, it will be furnished promptly upon request.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits and that he is

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(they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

ROMAN MARIUS KUTYLowski.
A. TRZECIESKI.

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths, by a majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the statement shall be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the Registrant.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York this 30th day of August 1946.

[SEAL]

JORGEN V. HOFFMAN,
Notary Public

My commission expires March 30, 1948.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Washington, D. C.

SUPPLEMENTAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents' Registration Act of 1938, as Amended

Registration No. 81

For Six Months Period Ending February 3, 1947

1. (a) Name of Registrant: Gdynia America Line, Inc.
- (b) All other names used by Registrant during the period: No other names.
- (c) Address of principal office: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.
- (d) Name of person or persons in charge of principal office: Roman Marius Kutylowski, president and treasurer; A. Trzecieski, secretary.
3. If Registrant is a nonbusiness membership organization, state—
 - (a) Approximate number of members in the United States. Not applicable.
 - (b) Approximate number of members outside the United States. Not applicable.
4. (a) All persons who became partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.
- (b) All persons who ceased to be partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.
5. (a) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which began to operate during the period: None.
- (b) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which ceased to operate during the period: None.
6. All persons who at any time during the period were foreign principals of Registrant.

Name and principal address: Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., Gdynia, Poland.

Is person still a foreign principal of Registrant? Yes.

7. Describe fully all activities of Registrant during the period for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6.

General agency: Registrant acts as agent with respect to vessels of said foreign principal while they are in United States ports in connection with such general agency. Registrant handles such vessels, makes arrangements for their berthing, unloading, loading, supplies, crews, cargoes, collecting of freight, disbursements of moneys received from said foreign principal for such purposes, and advising said foreign principal regarding shipping matters generally.

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on March 5, 1947.

With respect to the four coastal type vessels and one liberty type vessel bareboat chartered by the United States of America to the Republic of Poland, and time chartered back to the United States of America, as reported in previous supplemental statements, during the 6 months' period covered by this supplemental statement registrant has received on behalf of the Republic of Poland as bareboat charterer the time charter hire paid by the United States of America during said 6 months' period, and registrant has transmitted such moneys to Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., under covering Treasury Department licenses.

During this period, registrant has completed redelivery of one of the above-mentioned vessels to the United States Maritime Commission and is in the process of redelivering the others.

8. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant engaged during the period: None.

9. Furnish the following information as to all employees and other individuals, except those named under item 4, who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6:

(a) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have previously been filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of any changes during period in activities for Registrant or its foreign principals	Has connection with Registrant ended?
Roman Kutylowski, 214 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y.....	None.....	No.
A. Trzeciecki, 8425 165th Street, Jamaica, L. I., N. Y.....	None.....	No.
Louis Richard Komer, 2235 Maurice Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.....	None.....	No.

NOTE.—No exhibit A has been filed for Mr. Komer, since no exhibit A form has been received by registrant to date, although a request was made that such form be sent registrant when the last 6 months' statement was filed on February 19, 1947, by telegram to Chief of Foreign Agents, Registration Section, Department of Justice. As soon as such exhibit A form is received, registrant will promptly fill it out for Mr. Komer.

(b) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have not been previously filed.

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Jorgen V. Hoffmann, 8 Hawthorne Lane, Valley Stream, N. Y.	Chief accountant.....	No.
Stanislaw C. Sztam, 561 1st St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Landing agent.....	No.
Zofia Wachtl, 10 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Secretary to president.....	No.
Sophia Lozynska, 190 Driggs Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Secretary to freight manager.....	Yes.
Stella Kordas, 313 W. 91st St., New York, N. Y.	Accountant's assistant and sec.....	No.
Barbara Malec, 65 W. 87th St., New York, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.
Rena Littauer, 50-05 43d Ave., Woodside, N. Y.	Typist.....	No.
Stanislaw Jurgas, 14 W. 88th St., New York, N. Y.	Clerk, parcel dept. warehouse.....	No.
Samuel Y. Smith, 21-84 Davidson Ave., Bronx, N. Y.	General passenger traffic manager.....	No.
Mary Watts, 39 Oakland St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
Franciszek Duda, 117 Prospect Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, freight dept.....	No.
H. A. Hjortholm, 827 73d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk, Scandinavian traffic.....	Yes.
E. Paluszek, 548 Leonard St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Typist.....	No.
H. Gawron, 50 Norwood Ave., Plainfield, N. J.	Secretary-stenographer.....	No.
M. Jaffe, 1426 Walton Ave., Bronx, N. J.	Manager prepaid dept.....	No.
M. Sajewicz, 3712 23d St., Woodside, Long Island.	Clerk.....	Yes.

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Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
A. Kurzynska, 6919 19th Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.
W. Talmont, 126 E. 34th St., New York, N. Y.	Asst. bookkeeper.....	No.
G. Mizejewski, 148 Eastern Way, Rutherford, N. J.	Booking clerk.....	No.
T. Regulinski, 65 W. 87th St., N. Y. C.....	Clerk.....	Yes.
F. Wojtkowska, 142 Joyce Ave., Staten Island.	Clerk.....	No.
Z. Markowska, 1888 Gerritsen Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
E. Urbanski, 84-25 52d Ave., Elmhurst, L. I.	Clerk.....	No.
A. M. Shelow, c/o 32 Pearl St., New York, N. Y. C.	Asst. passenger traffic manager.....	No.
J. Crowe, 215-29 Murdock Ave., Queens Village, L. I.	Telephone operator.....	No.
J. Sarnowski, 154 Hopkins, Jersey City, N. J.	Messenger.....	No.
S. Kaminski, 202 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	No.
J. C. Berthelsen, 42 72d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk-Scandinavian traffic.....	No.
L. Madvig, 326 St. John's Pl., Brooklyn 17, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.
J. Szezerbinski, 120 8th Ave., Sea Cliff, L. I.	Crew dept. clerk.....	No.
D. Pitura, 2724 Matthews Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.
J. Sorensen, 645 Ocean Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Asst. bookkeeper.....	No.
H. Szyrwiel, 675 Elizabeth St., Perth Amboy, N. J.	Stenographer.....	No.
J. Kruzynski, 6426 82d St., Elmhurst, N. Y.	Messenger.....	Yes.

10. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the period covered by this statement. The information may, if Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest semiannual fiscal period, provided the period covered is indicated and future statements are furnished on the same basis:

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows: None.

(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:¹

Received for Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd.

Amount: \$1,778,398.

NOTE.—This figure includes freight on ships belonging to Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., and charter hire from the War Shipping Administration on ships time chartered to the War Shipping Administration, and also proceeds from sale of prepaid tickets on the M/S *Batory*.

Registrant believes that a complete break-down of the figure listed above would be unduly burdensome, in view of the many items which make this total. However, upon request, Registrant will submit promptly any further information required.

(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:²

The individual disbursements in connection with Registrant's activities are so numerous that Registrant believes that literal compliance with the question calling for the individual dates and amounts of the disbursements would be inappropriate and unduly burdensome.

Registrant stands ready to furnish any detailed information desired.

11. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts arranged or sponsored by Registrant or delivered by officials or employees of Registrant, during the period:

Name of person by whom delivered: Michael Librach, Zofia Ordynska.

Number of speeches, lectures, and talks delivered: None.

Number of radio broadcasts delivered: 27.

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by Registrant, or by others for Registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which Registrant rendered any services or assistance, during the period. (Indicate each type of publication by an "X.")

(1) Press releases-----	X	(12) Radio programs-----	X
(2) News bulletins-----		(13) Radio scripts-----	X
(3) Newspapers-----		(14) Moving pictures-----	
(4) Articles-----		(15) Lantern slides-----	
(5) Books-----		(16) Still pictures-----	
(6) Magazines-----		(17) Posters-----	
(7) Pamphlets-----		(18) Photographs-----	
(8) Circulars-----	X	(19) Charts-----	
(9) Form letters-----	X	(20) Maps-----	
(10) Reprints-----		(21) Other publications-----	
(11) Copies of speeches, lectures, talks, or radio broadcasts--			

(c) Preparation and distribution of publications referred to in answer to (b) above.

Description of publication	By whom written, edited, or prepared	By whom printed, produced, or published	By whom distributed
Circulars and form letters	Registrant.....	Registrant.....	Distributed to agents in United States and Canada in connection with passenger service between United States, England, Denmark, and Poland, also with parcel and money order service between United States and Poland.
Press releases-----	Registrant.....	Foreign language newspapers in United States and Canada.	Published in these newspapers in connection with services mentioned above.
Radio programs and radio scripts.	Registrant.....	Registrant.....	Broadcast over Station WBYN—Brooklyn, Inc.

(d) Compliance with the filing, labeling, and reporting provisions of Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and Rule 400 thereunder.

(1) Were copies or summaries of all communications and publications referred to in answer to (a) and (b) above filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress? If not, explain why copies or summaries of any such communications and publications were not filed.

The broadcasts referred to above were not political propaganda, but merely advertised the services referred to above (i. e., passenger service between United States, England, Denmark, and Poland, and parcel and money order service between the United States and Poland.

(2) Were all such communications and publications labeled in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such communications and publications were not so labeled.

Same reason as (1).

(3) Were reports of the delivery, distribution, or other dissemination of all such communications and publications made to the Department of Justice in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such reports were omitted.

Same reason as (1).

12. (a) Any changes during the period, not fully described above, in Registrant's affiliations, associations, or other connections with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

(b) Any changes during the period in Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combinations of individuals: None.

13. (a) Any changes during the period in the ownership of or supervision, direction or control over Registrant by any organization, group, or individual: None.

(b) Any subsidy or other financial assistance received by Registrant during the period directly or indirectly from—

Any individual who is a citizen of, or resides in, a foreign country.

Any organization created in, or under the laws of, any foreign country or having its principal place of business in a foreign country.

Any foreign government or foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof.

None.

14. File the following exhibits with this statement:

Exhibit A.—File an Exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each of the following persons for whom an Exhibit A has not previously been filed:

(a) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.

(b) All employees or other individuals who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit B.—File a copy of any changes during the period in the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not in writing a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 6 for whom an Exhibit C has not previously been filed.

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of any changes during the period in its charter, constitution, bylaws, or other instruments of organization.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof, between the Registrant and each business firm or other organization named under item 11 (c), and copies of all changes during the period in similar contracts previously filed.

EXHIBIT A

An Exhibit A has previously been filed for all of the officers and directors of Registrant except Louis Richard Komer, and that because the necessary part of forms of Exhibit A have not yet been furnished to Registrant. As soon as forms of Exhibit A are received, they will be filled out and returned as an addendum to this report.

It is understood that an Exhibit A is not required to be filed for each of the employees specified in the answer to 9 (b).

EXHIBIT E

Registrant's agreements with its agents in the United States and Canada for publicity in connection with passenger service abroad and parcel and money order service abroad are merely routine business dealings to advertise the services of the Gdynia American Line, and it would therefore be unduly burdensome to file all the correspondence connected therewith, much of it being telephone and telegram arrangements. If further information other than given above and in item 11 (c) is required, it will be furnished promptly upon request.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

A. TRZECIESKI.

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths, by a majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the statement shall

be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the Registrant.)
 Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York, this 1st day of March 1947.
 [SEAL]

JORGEN V. HOFFMANN,
Notary Public.

My commission expires March 30, 1949.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington, D. C.

EXHIBIT A TO REGISTRATION AND EXEMPTION STATEMENTS ¹

Under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended

Registration No. 81

Furnish this exhibit for all partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of the Registrant or Agent, as the case may be, and for all employees or other individuals who render services or assistance to the Registrant or Agent for or in the interests of any foreign principal of the Registrant or Agent.

This exhibit will not be accepted for filing unless it is reasonably complete and accurate.

1. (a) Full name: Louis Richard Komer.

(b) All other names ever used and when each was used: Born Louis Richard Komorowski, but now use exclusively Louis Richard Komer, and have done so for most of my life.

(c) All present business addresses: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.

(d) All present residence addresses: 2255 Morris Avenue, Bronx 53, New York.

2. (a) Date and place of birth: New York, N. Y., August 18, 1904.

(b) Citizenship or nationality: United States of America.

(c) If present citizenship not acquired by birth, indicate when, where, and how acquired. [Blank.]

3. All visits to or residence in foreign countries during the past 5 years.

Name of foreign country: England.

Purpose of visit or stay in foreign country: Business.

Date and port of each departure from and entry into United States: Departed by rail via Halifax, December 31, 1944; entered at Philadelphia, March 14, 1946.

4. All clubs, societies, committees, and other nonbusiness organizations in the United States or elsewhere, including any active or reserve military or naval forces, of which you have been a member, director, officer, or employee during the past 2 years: None.

5. (a) A full description of all activities of any kind in which you are presently engaged for or in the interests of the Registrant or Agent or any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent: Freight traffic and operations manager. All matters pertaining to booking, solicitation and stowage of freight and operation of line's vessels.

(b) A brief description of all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which you are presently engaged: None.

6. Furnish the following information as to all amounts received by you, as compensation or otherwise, during the 3 months preceding the filing of this exhibit, directly or indirectly from the Registrant or Agent or from any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent:

Date funds received: Semimonthly.

Name of person from whom received: Gdynia-America Line, Inc.

Purpose for which received: Salary for services.

Amount received: \$1,680 (3 months).

7. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts delivered by you during the past 3 months: None.

(b) All newspapers, magazines, articles, books, pamphlets, press releases, moving pictures, radio programs and scripts, and other publications, prepared or

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on May 6, 1947.

distributed by you or by others for you, or in the preparation or distribution of which you rendered any services or assistance, during the past 6 months: None.

8. List all of your connections, not fully described above, with all foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

I certify that I have read the information set forth in this exhibit and am familiar with the contents thereof and that the information herein contained is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

LOUIS RICHARD KOMER.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington, D. C.

SUPPLEMENTAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents¹ Registration Act of 1938 as Amended

For Six Months' Period Ending August 3, 1947

1. (a) Name of Registrant: Gdynia America Line, Inc.
- (b) All other names used by Registrant during the period: No other names.
- (c) Address of principal office: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.
- (d) Name of person or persons in charge of principal office: Roman Marius Kutylowski, president and treasurer; A. Trzeciecki, secretary.
3. If Registrant is a nonbusiness membership organization, state—
- (a) Approximate number of members in the United States. Not applicable.
- (b) Approximate number of members outside the United States. Not applicable.
4. (a) All persons who became partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.
- (b) All persons who ceased to be partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.
5. (a) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which began to operate during the period.
- Name and address of branch, unit, group, or organization: Chicago Branch Ticket Office, 203 North Wabash Avenue, Chicago 1, Ill.
- Nature of connection with Registrant: To sell tickets allotted and space for certain cabins, all as directed by head office in New York.
- Name and address of person in charge: Felix Dospil, 203 North Wabash Avenue, Chicago 1, Ill.
- (b) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which ceased to operate during the period: None.
6. All persons who at any time during the period were foreign principals of Registrant.
- Name and principal address: Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., Gdynia, Poland.
- Is person still a foreign principal of Registrant? Yes.
7. Describe fully all activities of Registrant during the period for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6.
- General agency: Registrant acts as agent with respect to vessels of said foreign principal while they are in United States ports in connection with such general agency. Registrant handles such vessels, makes arrangements for their berthing, unloading, loading, supplies, crews, cargoes, collection of freight, and passage money, disbursements of moneys received from said foreign principal for such purposes, and advising said foreign principal regarding shipping matters generally.
- The four coastal type vessels and one Liberty-type vessel bareboated by the United States of America to the Republic of Poland and time chartered back to the United States of America, which have been reported in previous supplemental statements, have all been redelivered to the United States.
- During this period registrant received from the United States Maritime Commission the S/S *Mexico Victory*, pursuant to an application to purchase previ-

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on October 1, 1947.

ously filed with the United States Maritime Commission. The purchase price of the vessel was paid entirely in cash. The vessel is now located on the west coast, getting ready to enter general commercial service. The troopship accommodations having been removed.

During this period registrant commenced operation of the passenger vessels *Batory* and *Sobieski*; the *Batory* arriving in New York April 14 and departing for Europe April 14 on her first trip; the *Sobieski* arriving in New York May 25 and departing for Europe May 29 on her first trip. Since that time these two ships have maintained a regular monthly schedule.

8. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant engaged during the period: None.

9. Furnish the following information as to all employees and other individuals, except those named under item 4, who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6:

(a) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have previously been filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of any changes during period in activities for Registrant or its foreign principals	Has connection with Registrant ended?
Roman Kutylowski, 214 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y.....	None.....	No.
A. Trzeciecki, 8425 165th Street, Jamaica, L. I., N. Y.....	None.....	No.
Louis Richard Komer, 2235 Maurice Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.....	None.....	No.

(b) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have not been previously filed.

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services or assistance rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Jorgen V. Hoffmann, 8 Hawthorne Lane, Valley Stream, N. Y.	Chief accountant.....	No.
Stanislaw C. Sztan, 561 First St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Landing agent.....	No.
Zofia Wachtl, 10 Remsen, Brooklyn 2, N. Y.	Secretary to president.....	No.
Mr. A. M. Shelow, 37 South Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Asst. passenger traffic manager.....	No.
Stella Kordas, 313 West 91st St., New York, N. Y.	Accountant's assistant.....	No.
Barbara Malec, 65 West 87th St., New York, N. Y.	Stenographer and in charge of advertising...	No.
Rena Littauer, 50-05 43d Ave., Woodside, Long Island.	Typist.....	No.
Stanislaw Jurgas, 14 West 88th St., New York, N. Y.	Clerk, accounting dept.....	No.
Samuel Y. Smith, 21-84 Davidson Ave., Bronx, N. Y.	Passenger traffic manager.....	No.
Mary Watts, 39 Oakland St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, record division.....	Yes.
Franciszek Duda, 2134 24th St., Astoria, Long Island.	Clerk, freight dept.....	No.
Emily Paluszek, 548 Leonard St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, record division.....	No.
Helen Gawron, 50 Norwood Ave., Plainfield, N. J.	Stenographer.....	No.
M. Jaffe, 1426 Walton Ave., Bronx, N. Y....	Manager, prepaid dept.....	No.
Alice Kurzynska, 6919 19th Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.
W. Talmont, 126 East 34th St., New York, N. Y.	Asst. bookkeeper.....	No.
G. Mizejewski, 148 Eastern Way, Rutherford, N. J.	Booking clerk.....	No.
Einer, Nielsen, 1807 Willow Lane, Bronx, N. Y.	Bookkeeper.....	No.
Jean Lewandowska, 75 Sussex St., Jersey City, N. J.	Stenographer.....	No.
F. Wojtkowska, 142 Joyce Ave., Staten Island.	Clerk, record division.....	No.

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Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services or assistance rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Z. Markowska, 1888 Gerritsen Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, record div.....	No.
Jennie P. Bednarz, 275 12th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, record div.....	No.
Betty Baltimiski, 4305 Broadway, New York City.	Asst. filing clerk.....	No.
E. Urbanski, 84-25 52d Ave., Elmhurst, Long Island.	Clerk, passenger dept.....	No.
Jean Crowe, 215 29 Murdock Ave., Queens Village, Long Island.	Telephone operator.....	No.
J. Sarnowski, 164 Hopkins Ave., Jersey City, N. J.	Mailing dept. clerk.....	No.
G. Wesolowski, 5343 82d St., Elmhurst, Long Island.	Mailing dept. clerk.....	No.
S. Kamienski, 202 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk, pass. dept.....	No.
J. C. Berthelsen, 12 72d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk, Scandinavian dept.....	No.
L. Madvig, 326 St. John's Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer, Scand. dept.....	No.
J. Szczerbinski, 120 8th Ave., Sea Cliff, Long Island.	Clerk, crew dept.....	No.
Dorothy Pitura, 2724 Matthews Ave., Bronx, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.
J. Sorensen, 645 Ocean Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Asst. bookkeeper.....	Yes.
Helen Szyrwiel, 675 Elizabeth St., Perth Amboy, N. J.	Stenographer.....	No.
Helen Walicka, 6047 55th Dr., Maspeth, Long Island.	Stenographer.....	Yes.
H. M. Dumwoody, 9115 Ridge Blvd., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	Yes.
Naomi Michalak, 53 Garden Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk.....	Yes.
Le Roy W. Hunston, 634 48th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	No.
A. Kuzniewski, 154 King's 1st Walk, Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, pass. dept.....	No.
Florence Okonowska, 198 Greenpoint Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Filing clerk.....	No.
W. J. Radzewicz, 3367 133d St., Flushing, N. Y.	Clerk, freight dept.....	No.
C. Rowacz, 712 Vermont St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, accounting dept.....	No.
Richard S. Serposs, 461 46th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	No.
Teresa S. Trella, 266 12th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.

10. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the period covered by this statement. The information may, if Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest semiannual fiscal period, provided the period covered is indicated and future statements are furnished on the same basis:

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows: None.

(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:¹

Date funds received: February 3 to August 3, 1947.

Name of person for whom received:² Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., Gdynia, Poland.

Purposes for which received:³ Proceeds of ticket sales, freight receipts, and mail-carrying contract for the United States Government.

Amount received:⁴ \$4,780,297.16.

(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:⁵

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Receipts from or payments to a person amounting to less than \$200 for the period may be combined with other like amounts, provided the source or disposition of the funds, as the case may be, is clearly indicated.

³ Where funds were received or paid, as the case may be, for various purposes, such purposes shall be listed in reasonable detail.

⁴ Show separately the amount received or paid, as the case may be, for each purpose listed under the preceding column.

⁵ Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

The individual disbursements in connection with registrant's activities are so numerous that registrant believes that literal compliance with the question calling for the individual dates and amounts of the disbursements would be inappropriate and unduly burdensome.

Registrant stands ready to furnish any detailed information desired.

11. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts arranged or sponsored by Registrant or delivered by officials or employees of Registrant, during the period.

Name of person by whom delivered: Michael Librach, Zofia Ordynska.

Number of speeches, lectures, and talks delivered: None.

Number of radio broadcasts delivered: 26.

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by Registrant, or by others for Registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which Registrant rendered any services or assistance, during the period. (Indicate each type of publication by an "X".)

(1) Press releases.....	X	(12) Radio programs.....	X
(2) News bulletins.....		(13) Radio scripts.....	X
(3) Newspapers.....		(14) Moving pictures.....	
(4) Articles.....		(15) Lantern slides.....	
(5) Books.....		(16) Still pictures.....	
(6) Magazines.....		(17) Posters.....	
(7) Pamphlets.....		(18) Photographs.....	
(8) Circulars.....	X	(19) Charts.....	
(9) Form letters.....	X	(20) Maps.....	
(10) Reprints.....		(21) Other publications.....	
(11) Copies of speeches, lectures, talks, or radio broadcasts.....		(22) Newspaper advertisements.....	X

(c) Preparation and distribution of publications referred to in answer to (b) above.

Description of publication	By whom written, edited, or prepared	By whom printed, produced, or published	By whom distributed
Circulars and form letters.	Registrant.....	Registrant.....	Distributed to agents in United States and Canada in connection with passenger service between United States, England, Denmark, and Poland, also with parcel and money order service between United States and Poland.
Press releases.....	Registrant.....	Foreign language newspapers in United States and Canada.	Published in these newspapers in connection with services mentioned above.
Radio programs and radio scripts.	Registrant.....	Registrant.....	Broadcast over Station WBYN, Brooklyn, Inc.
Newspaper advertisements.	Edited by registrant....	Printed by New York newspapers.	Newspapers.

(d) Compliance with the filing, labeling, and reporting provisions of Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and Rule 400 thereunder.

(1) Were copies or summaries of all communications and publications referred to in answer to (a) and (b) above filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress? If not, explain why copies or summaries of any such communications and publications were not filed.

The broadcasts referred to above were not political propaganda, but merely advertised the services referred to above (i. e. passenger service between U. S. A., England, Denmark, and Poland).

(2) Were all such communications and publications labeled in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such communications and publications were not so labeled.

Same reason as (1).

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(3) Were reports of the delivery, distribution, or other dissemination of all such communications and publications made to the Department of Justice in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such reports were omitted.

Same reason as (1).

12. (a) Any changes during the period, not fully described above, in Registrant's affiliations, associations, or other connections with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

(b) Any changes during the period in Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combinations of individuals: None.

13. (a) Any changes during the period in the ownership of or supervision, direction or control over Registrant by any organization, group, or individual: None.

(b) Any subsidy or other financial assistance received by Registrant during the period directly or indirectly from—

Any individual who is a citizen of, or resides in, a foreign country.

Any organization created in, or under the laws of, any foreign country or having its principal place of business in a foreign country.

Any foreign government or foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof.

None:

14. File the following exhibits with this statement:

Exhibit A.—File an Exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each of the following persons for whom an Exhibit A has not previously been filed:

(a) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.

(b) All employees or other individuals who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit B.—File a copy of any changes during the period in the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not in writing a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 6 for whom an Exhibit C has not previously been filed.

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of any changes during the period in its charter, constitution, bylaws, or other instruments of organization.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) between the Registrant and each business firm or other organization named under item 11 (c), and copies of all changes during the period in similar contracts previously filed.

EXHIBIT A

An exhibit A has previously been filed for all of the officers and directors of registrant.

It is understood that an exhibit A is not required to be filed for each of the employees specified in the answer to 9 (b).

EXHIBIT E

Registrant's agreements with its agents in the United States and Canada for publicity in connection with passenger service abroad are merely routine business dealings to advertise the service of the Gdynia America Line, and it would therefore be unduly burdensome to file all the correspondence connected therewith, much of it being telephone and telegram arrangements. If further information other than given above and in item 11 (c) is required, it will be furnished promptly upon request.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of

the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

A. TRZECIESKI,
ROMAN MARIUS KUTYLowski,

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths, by a majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the statement shall be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the Registrant.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York this 29th day of September, 1947.

[SEAL]

JORGEN V. HOFFMAN, *Notary Public*.

My commission expires March 30, 1949.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington, D. C.

SUPPLEMENT REGISTRATION STATEMENT¹

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended

For Six Months Period Ending February 3, 1948

1. (a) Name of Registrant: Gdynia America Line, Inc.
- (b) All other names used by Registrant during the period: No other names.
- (c) Address of principal office: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.
- (d) Name of person or persons in charge of principal office: Roman Marius Kutylowski, president and treasurer; Samuel Y. Smith, acting vice president, assumed office December 4, 1947; Czeslaw Grzelak, acting secretary, assumed office December 4, 1947; Louis Richard Komer, director.
3. If Registrant is a nonbusiness membership organization, state—
- (a) Approximate number of members in the United States. Not applicable.
- (b) Approximate number of members outside the United States. Not applicable.
4. (a) All persons who became partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant during the period.

Name and address of official	Date connection began	Position, office, or nature of duties
Samuel Y. Smith, 2184 Davidson Ave., Bronx 53, N. Y.....	Dec. 4, 1947	Acting vice-president.
Czeslaw Grzelak, 33 Jewel St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.....	Dec. 4, 1947	Acting secretary.

- (b) All persons who ceased to be partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of Registrant during the period.

Name and address of official: A. Trzeczski, Sec., 8425 165th St., Jamaica, Long Island, N. Y.

Date connection ended: January 1, 1948.

Reason for ending connection: Resignation.

5. (a) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which began to operate during the period: None.

- (b) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which ceased to operate during the period: None.

6. All persons who at any time during the period were foreign principles of Registrant.

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on March 4, 1948.

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Name and principal address: Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., Gdynia, Poland.

Is person still a foreign principal of Registrant? Yes.

7. Describe fully all activities of Registrant during the period for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6.

General agency: Registrant acts as Agent with respect to vessels of said foreign principal while they are in United States ports in connection with such general agency. Registrant handles such vessels, makes arrangements for their berthing, unloading, loading, supplies, crews, cargoes, repairs, collection of freight and passage money, disbursements of moneys received from said foreign principal for such purposes, and advising said foreign principal regarding shipping matters generally.

The S/S *Mexico Victory*, purchased from the United States Maritime Commission and referred to in previous supplemental statements, after several calls at United States ports left the United States on September 28, 1947, to commence general commercial service under the Polish flag. Upon hoisting the Polish flag, the vessel's name was changed to S/S *Kilinski*.

8. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant engaged during the period: None.

9. Furnish the following information as to all employees and other individuals, except those named under item 4, who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6:

(a) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have previously been filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of any changes during period in activities for Registrant or its foreign principals	Has connection with Registrant ended?
Roman Kutylowski, 214 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y.	None	No.
Czeslaw Grzelak, 33 Jewel Street, Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	None	No.
Samuel Y. Smith, 2184 Davidson Avenue, Bronx 53, N. Y.	None	No.
Louis Richard Komer, 2235 Maurice Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.	None	No.

(b) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have not been previously filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Jorgen V. Hoffmann, 8 Hawthorne Lane, Valley Stream, L. I., N. Y.	Chief accountant	No.
Stanislaw C. Sztam, 561 First St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Landing agent	No.
Zofia Wachtl, 10 Remsen Street, Brooklyn, 2, N. Y.	Secretary to president	No.
A. M. Shelow, 611 99th Street, Forest Hills, L. I., N. Y.	Asst. passenger traffic manager	No.
Stella Kordas, 313 W. 91st St., New York, N. Y.	Accountant's assistant	No.
Barbara Malec, 65 W. 87th St., New York, N. Y.	Stenographer-advertising division of passenger dept.	No.
Rena Littauer, 50-05 134 Ave., Woodside, L. I.	Typist	No.
Stanislaw Jurgas, 14 W. 88th St., New York, N. Y.	Clerk, accounting dept.	No.
M. Jaffe, 1426 Walton Ave., The Bronx, N. Y.	In charge prepaid dept.	No.
Franciszek Duda, 2134 24th St., Astoria, L. I., N. Y.	Clerk, freight dept.	No.
Emily Paluszek, 548 Leonard St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, record div., pass. dept.	No.
Helen Gawron, 50 Norwood Ave., Plainfield, N. J.	Stenographer, pass. dept.	No.
Alice Kurzynska, 6919 19th Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer, pass. dept.	No.
W. Talmont, 126 East 34th St., New York, N. Y.	Asst. bookkeeper	No.
G. Mizejewski, 148 Eastern Way, Rutherford, N. J.	Booking clerk, pass. dept.	No.

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Z. Markowska, 1888 Gerritsen Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, record div., pass. dept.	No.
Einar Nielsen, 1807 Willow Lane, The Bronx, N. Y.	Bookkeeper.	No.
F. Wojtkowska, 112 Joyce Ave., Staten Island, N. Y.	Clerk, record div. pass. dept.	No.
Jean Lewandowska, 75 Sussex St., Jersey City, N. J.	Stenographer, pass. dept.	Yes.
Jennie P. Bednarz, 275 12th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, record div. pass. dept.	Yes.
Betty Baltimiski, 4395 Broadway, New York, N. Y.	Asst. filing clerk	No.
E. Urbanski, 84-25 52d Ave., Elmhurst, Long Island.	Clerk, prepaid div. pass. dept.	No.
Jean Crowe, 215-29t Murdock Ave., Queens Village, Long Island.	Telephone operator	No.
J. Sarnowski, 164 Hopkins Ave., Jersey City, N. J.	Mail and supply room clerk	Yes.
G. Wesolowski, 5313 82d St., Elmhurst, Long Island.	Mail and supply room clerk.	Yes.
S. Kamienski, 202 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk, pass. dept.	No.
J. C. Berthelsen, 42 72d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk, Scandinavian div. pass. dept.	No.
L. Madvig, 326 St. John's Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer, Scandinavian div. pass. dept.	No.
J. Szczerbinski, 120 8th Ave., Sea Cliff, Long Island.	Clerk, crew dept.	No.
Dorothy Pitura, 2724 Matthews Ave., The Bronx, N. Y.	Stenographer, pass. dept.	Yes.
Helen Szyrwiel, 675 Elizabeth St., Perth Amboy, N. J.	Stenographer, freight dept.	No.
L. W. Gunston, 634 48th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk, pass. dept.	No.
A. L. Kuzniewski, 154 King's 1st Walk, Brooklyn, N. Y.	Asst. landing agent	No.
Florence Okonowska, 198 Greenpoint Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Filing clerk	No.
C. Rowkacz, 712 Vermont St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Clerk, accounting dept.	Yes.
W. J. Radzewicz, 3367 133 St., Flushing, L. I., N. Y.	Clerk, freight dept.	No.
Richard S. Serpos, 461, 46th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk, pass. dept.	No.
Teresa S. Treka, 266 12th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer, pass. dept.	No.
Irene Mzodzan, 460 Bradford St., East Brooklyn N. Y.	Clerk, accounting dept.	No.
H. F. Lewis, 2146 E. 17th St., Brooklyn 29, N. Y.	Accountant.	No.
T. S. Pearse, 222 E. 35th St., New York 16, N. Y.	Asst. purchasing agent	No.
R. E. Corbett, 55 92d St., Brooklyn 9, N. Y.	Operations manager	No.
Arthur Rand, 304 East 5th St., Brooklyn 29, N. Y.	In charge of mail and supply room	No.
E. Kopacz, 157 Eckford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk, pass. dept.	No.
Stella Macaluso, 1039 68th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer, accounting dept.	No.
Helen Szczerba, 5435 69th Lane, Maspeth, L. I., N. Y.	Stenographer, operations dept.	No.
Irene Glembocka, 321 Jersey St., Staten Island, N. Y.	Clerk, Record Div., pass. dept.	No.
Anna Senko, 41-11 10th St., Long Island City, N. Y.	Temporary telephone operator.	Yes.
B. T. Manfredi, 46 E. 31st St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Travelling pass. dept. rep.	No.
Jane Surowiec, 376 15th St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Typist, passenger dept.	No.
S. J. Halburd, 60-10 56th St., Maspeth, L. I.	Supply and mail room clerk.	Yes.
Jane Swidzinska, 505 Grove St., Jersey City, N. J.	Stenographer, pass. dept.	No.
Sophie Ardzinska, 320 22d St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Receptionist, typist.	No.
T. Przystawski, 32 Oakland St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	Mail and supply room clerk.	No.
Laura F. Matuszewska, 33 Campview Pl. Keansburg, N. J.	Stenographer, pass. dept.	No.

10. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the period covered by this statement. The information may, if

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Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest semiannual fiscal period, provided the period covered is indicated and future statements are furnished on the same basis:

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows: None.

(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:¹

Date funds received: August 3, 1947 to February 3, 1948.

Name of person for whom received:² Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., Gdynia, Poland.

Purposes for which received:³ Proceeds of ticket sales, freight receipts and mail carrying for the United States Government.

Amount received:⁴ \$3,248,379.25.

(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:⁵

The individual disbursements in connection with registrant's activities are so numerous that registrant believes that literal compliance with the question calling for the individual dates and amounts of the disbursements would be inappropriate and unduly burdensome.

Registrant stands ready to furnish any detailed information desired.

11. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts arranged or sponsored by Registrant or delivered by officials or employees of Registrant, during the period.

Name of person by whom delivered	Number of speeches, lectures, and talks delivered	Number of radio broadcasts delivered
Michael Librach.....	} None.....	26 in the Polish language.
Zofia Ordynska.....		
Edward Vergara.....		
	None.....	26 in the Italian language.

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by Registrant, or by others for Registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which Registrant rendered any services or assistance, during the period. (Indicate each type of publication by an "X".)

(1) Press releases.....	X	(12) Radio programs.....	X
(2) News bulletins.....		(13) Radio scripts.....	X
(3) Newspapers.....		(14) Moving pictures.....	
(4) Articles.....		(15) Lantern slides.....	
(5) Books.....		(16) Still pictures.....	
(6) Magazines.....		(17) Posters.....	
(7) Pamphlets.....		(18) Photographs.....	
(8) Circulars.....	X	(19) Charts.....	
(9) Form letters.....	X	(20) Maps.....	
(10) Reprints.....		(21) Other publications.....	
(11) Copies of speeches, lectures, talks, or radio broadcasts.....		(22) Newspaper advertisements..	X

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Receipts from or payments to a person amounting to less than \$200 for the period may be combined with other like amounts, provided the source or disposition of the funds, as the case may be, is clearly indicated.

³ Where funds were received or paid, as the case may be, for various purposes, such purposes shall be listed in reasonable detail.

⁴ Show separately the amount received or paid, as the case may be, for each purpose listed under the preceding column.

⁵ Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

(c) Preparation and distribution of publications referred to in answer to (b) above.

Description of publication	By whom written, edited, or prepared	By whom printed, produced, or published	By whom distributed
Circulars and form letters.	Registrant.....	Registrant.....	Distributed to agents in United States and Canada in connection with passenger service between United States, England, Denmark, Poland and Italy, also with money order service between United States and Poland.
Press releases.....	Registrant.....	Foreign language newspapers in United States and Canada.	Published in these newspapers in connection with services mentioned above.
Radio programs and radio scripts.	Registrant.....	Registrant.....	Broadcast over Stations WHBI and WHOM.
Newspaper advertisements.	Edited by registrant....	Printed by various newspapers.	Newspapers.

(d) Compliance with the filing, labeling, and reporting provisions of Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and Rule 400 thereunder.

(1) Were copies or summaries of all communications and publications referred to in answer to (a) and (b) above filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress? If not, explain why copies or summaries of any such communications and publications were not filed.

The broadcasts referred to above were not political propaganda, but merely advertised the services referred to above. The broadcasts over Station WHBI, Shipman Street, Newark, N. J., were in the Polish language and delivered on Sundays. They consisted of Polish music and educational and cultural entertainment programs about Polish culture and arts, all designed to advertise the passenger and cargo services of Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., between the United States of America, England, Denmark, Poland, and Italy.

The broadcasts over Station WHOM, New York City, consisted of 5 minutes each Sunday night in the Italian language and consisted of straight advertising material regarding the United States of America-Italian service of Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd.

(2) Were all such communications and publications labeled in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such communications and publications were not so labeled.

Same reason as (1).

(3) Were reports of the delivery, distribution, or other dissemination of all such communications and publications made to the Department of Justice in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such reports were omitted.

Same reason as (1).

12. (a) Any changes during the period, not fully described above, in Registrant's affiliations, associations, or other connections with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

(b) Any changes during the period in Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combinations of individuals: None.

13. (a) Any changes during the period of or supervision, direction, or control over Registrant by any organization, group, or individual: None.

(b) Any subsidy or other financial assistance received by Registrant during the period directly or indirectly from—

Any individual who is a citizen of, or resides in, a foreign country.

Any organization created in, or under the laws of, any foreign country or having its principal place of business in a foreign country.

Any foreign government or foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof.

None.

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14. File the following exhibits with this statement:

Exhibit A.—File an Exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each of the following persons for whom an Exhibit A has not previously been filed:

(a) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.

(b) All employees or other individuals who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit B.—File a copy of any changes during the period in the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not in writing a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 6 for whom an Exhibit C has not previously been filed.

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of any changes during the period in its charter, constitution, bylaws, or other instruments of organization.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) between the Registrant and each business firm or other organization named under item 11 (c), and copies of all changes during the period in similar contracts previously filed.

EXHIBIT A

An exhibit A is being simultaneously filed with this report for Samuel Y. Smith, acting vice president and Czeslaw Grzelak, acting secretary.

It is understood that an exhibit A is not required to be filed for each of the employees specified in the answer to 9 (b).

EXHIBIT E

Registrant's agreements with its agents in the United States and Canada for publicity in connection with passenger and cargo service are merely routine business dealings to advertise the services of the Gdynia America Line, and it would therefore be unduly burdensome to file all the correspondence connected therewith, much of it being telephone and telegram arrangements. If further information other than given above and in item 11 (c) is required, it will be furnished promptly upon request.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

ROMAN MARIUS KUTYLowski.

SAMUEL Y. SMITH.

CZESLAW GRZELAK.

LOUIS RICHARD KOMER.

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths, by a majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the statement shall be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the Registrant.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York this 3rd day of March 1948.

[SEAL]

JORGEN V. HOFFMANN, *Notary Public.*

My commission expires March 30, 1949.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Washington, D. C.

EXHIBIT A ¹ TO REGISTRATION AND EXEMPTION STATEMENTS

Under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended

Furnish this exhibit for all partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of the Registrant or Agent, as the case may be, and for all employees or other individuals who render services or assistance to the Registrant or Agent or for the interests of any foreign principal of the Registrant or Agent.

This exhibit will not be accepted for filing unless it is reasonably complete and accurate.

1. (a) Full name: Samuel Y. Smith.
- (b) All other names ever used and when each was used: None.
- (c) All present business addresses: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.
- (d) All present residence addresses: 2184 Davidson Avenue, New York 53, N. Y.
2. (a) Date and place of birth: June 16, 1907, New York, N. Y.
- (b) Citizenship or nationality: United States.
- (c) If present citizenship not acquired by birth, indicate when, where, and how acquired.
3. All visits to or residence in foreign countries during the past 5 years: None.
4. All clubs, societies, committees, and other nonbusiness organizations in the United States or elsewhere, including any active or reserve military or naval forces, of which you have been a member, director, officer, or employee during the past 2 years.

Name and address of organization	Nature of connection with organization	Duration of connection
Skal Club, Netherland Club, 10 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N. Y.	Member.....	1 year.
B'nai B'rith Schiff Center, Bronx, N. Y.....	Member.....	3 months.

5. (a) A full description of all activities of any kind in which you are presently engaged for or in the interests of the Registrant or Agent or any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent: Passenger traffic manager of Gdynia America Line, Inc., 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.

(b) A brief description of all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which you are presently engaged: None.

6. Furnish the following information as to all amounts received by you, as compensation or otherwise, during the 3 months preceding the filing of this exhibit, directly or indirectly from the Registrant or Agent or from any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent:

Name of person from whom received: Gdynia America Line, Inc.

Purpose for which received: Salary.

Amount received: \$2,200.

7. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts delivered by you during the past 3 months: None.

(b) All newspapers, magazines, articles, books, pamphlets, press releases, moving pictures, radio programs and scripts, and other publications, prepared or distributed by you or by others for you, or in the preparation or distribution of which you rendered any services or assistance, during the past 6 months: None.

8. List all of your connections, not fully described above, with all foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on March 4, 1948.

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I certify that I have read the information set forth in this exhibit and am familiar with the contents thereof and that the information herein contained is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

SAMUEL Y. SMITH.

MARCH 1, 1948.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Washington, D. C.

EXHIBIT A TO REGISTRATION AND EXEMPTION STATEMENTS¹

Under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended

Furnish this exhibit for all partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of the Registrant or Agent, as the case may be, and for all employees or other individuals who render services or assistance to the Registrant or Agent for or in the interests of any foreign principal of the Registrant or Agent.

This exhibit will not be accepted for filing unless it is reasonably complete and accurate.

- 1. (a) Full name: Czeslaw Grzelak.
- (b) All other names ever used and when each was used: None.
- (c) All present business addresses: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.
- (d) All present residence addresses: 33 Jewel Street, Brooklyn 22, N. Y.
- 2. (a) Date and place of birth: March 4, 1906.
- (b) Citizenship or nationality: Polish.
- (c) If present citizenship not acquired by birth, indicate when, where and how acquired.
- 3. All visits to or residence in foreign countries during the past 5 years.

Name of foreign country	Purpose of visit or stay in foreign country	Date and port of each departure from and entry into United States
Poland.....	Business.....	Oct. 19, 1946; Apr. 14, 1947.
Italy.....	Business.....	Sept. 3, 1947; Dec. 4, 1947.

4. All clubs, societies, committees, and other nonbusiness organizations in the United States or elsewhere, including any active or reserve military or naval forces, of which you have been a member, director, officer, or employee during the past 2 years: None, except member of Polish Seamen's Union and representative of same on Joint Maritime Commission of the International Labor Organization affiliated with the United Nations.

5. (a) A full description of all activities of any kind in which you are presently engaged for or in the interests of the Registrant or Agent or any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent: Purchasing agent of the Gdynia America Line, Inc.

(b) A brief description of all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which you are presently engaged: None.

6. Furnish the following information as to all amounts received by you, as compensation or otherwise, during the 3 months preceding the filing of this exhibit, directly or indirectly from the Registrant or Agent or from any foreign principal of yourself or of the Registrant or Agent.

Date funds received: Received twice a month since December 3, 1947.

Name of person from whom received: Gdynia America Line, Inc.

Purpose for which received: Salary.

Amount received: \$1,300.

7. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts delivered by you during the past 3 months: None.

(b) All newspapers, magazines, articles, books, pamphlets, press releases, moving pictures, radio programs and scripts, and other publications, prepared or distributed by you or by others for you, or in the preparation or distribution of which you rendered any services or assistance, during the past 6 months: None.

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on March 4, 1948.

8. List all of your connections, not fully described above, with all foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

I certify that I have read the information set forth in this exhibit and am familiar with the contents thereof and that the information herein contained is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CZESLAW GRZELAK.

NEW YORK, March 3, 1948.

OCT. 28, 1948.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Washington, D. C.

SUPPLEMENTAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT¹

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended

Registration No. 81

For Six Months Period Ending August 3, 1948

1. (a) Name of Registrant: Gydnia America Lines, Inc.
- (b) All other names used by Registrant during the period: No other names.
- (c) Address of principal office: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.
- (d) Name of person or persons in charge of principal office: Roman Marius Kutylowski, president and treasurer; Samuel Y. Smith, acting vice president; Czeslaw Grzelak, acting secretary; Louis Richard Komer, director (resigned; connection ended July 31, 1948).

3. If Registrant is a nonbusiness membership organization, state—
 - (a) Approximate number of members in the United States. Not applicable.
 - (b) Approximate number of members outside the United States. Not applicable.

4. (a) All persons who became partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.

- (b) All person who ceased to be partners, officers, directors, or similar officials of Registrant during the period.

Name and address of official: Louis Richard Komer, 2255 Morris Avenue, Bronx 53, N. Y.

Date connection ended: July 31, 1948.

Reason for ending connection: Resignation.

5. (a) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which began to operate during the period: None.

- (b) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which ceased to operate during the period: None.

6. All persons who at any time during the period were foreign principals of Registrant:

Name and principal address: Gydnia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., Gdynia, Poland.

Is person still a foreign principal of Registrant: Yes.

7. Describe fully all activities of Registrant during the period for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6.

General agency: Registrant acts as agent with respect to vessels of said foreign principal while they are in United States ports in connection with such general agency. Registrant handles such vessels, makes arrangements for their berthing, unloading, loading, supplies, crews, cargoes, repairs, collection of freight and passage money, disbursements of moneys received from said foreign principal for such purposes, and advising said foreign principal regarding shipping matters generally.

8. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant engaged during the period: None.

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on October 30, 1948.

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9. Furnish the following information as to all employees and other individuals, except those named under item 4, who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6:

(a) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have previously been filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of any changes during period in activities for Registrant or its foreign principals	Has connection with Registrant ended?
Roman Kutylowski, 214 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y.	None	No.
Czeslaw Grzelak, 33 Jewel St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	None	No.
Samuel Y. Smith, 2184 Davidson Ave., Bronx 53, N. Y.	None	No.

(b) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have not been previously filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of service rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Sophie Ardzińska, 320 32d St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Receptionist-typist	No.
J. C. Berthelsen, 355 Ovington Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk	No.
B. Balciniski, 4305 Broadway, New York 33, N. Y.	Asst. file clerk	No.
L. J. Benjurski, 2538 McIntosh St., East Elmhurst, L. I.	Stenographer	No.
S. Buckrim, 5 S. Oxford St., Brooklyn 17, N. Y.	Bookkeeper-typist	No.
S. Bureczak, 18-15 112th St., College Point, N. Y.	Clerk-typist	Yes.
Jean Crowe, 215-29 Murdock Ave., Queens Village 9, N. Y.	Telephone operator	No.
Ralph E. Corbett, 55 92d St., Brooklyn 9, N. Y.	Operations and freight manager	No.
Francis Durla, 21-34 24th St., Astoria, L. I.	Freight clerk	No.
Helen Gawron, 50 Norwood Ave., Plainfield, N. J.	Stenographer-secretary	No.
Irene Glembocki, 321 Jersey St., Staten Island, N. Y.	Clerk	No.
L. Gunston, 634 48th St., Brooklyn 29, N. Y.	Booking clerk	No.
J. V. Hoffmann, 8 Hawthorne Lane, Valley Stream, L. I.	Chief of accounting dept.	No.
M. Jaffe, 1426 Walton Ave., Bronx, N. Y.	Prepaid manager	No.
S. Jurgas, 14 W. 88th St., New York 24, N. Y.	Bookkeeper	No.
S. J. Kamienski, 202 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Booking clerk	No.
E. F. Kopacz, 157 Eckford St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	Booking clerk	No.
S. Kordas, 313 W. 91st St., New York, N. Y.	Bookkeeper-typst.	No.
S. Kosiba, 15 Astor St., Newark, N. J.	Freight clerk	No.
Alice Kurzynska, 6919 19th Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer	No.
A. L. Kuzniewski, 154 Kings First Walk, Brooklyn 29, N. Y.	Asst. landing agent	No.
H. Lewis, 2146 E. 17th St., Brooklyn 29, N. Y.	Accountant	No.
Rena Littauer, 50-05 43d Ave., Woodside, L. I.	Typist	No.
Stella Macaluso, 1030 68th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Typist	Yes.
L. Madvig, 326 St. Johns Pl., Brooklyn 17, N. Y.	Stenographer	No.
Dolores Majewska, 488 Seventh St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Stenographer	No.
Barbara Malec, 65 W. 87th St., New York 24, N. Y.	Stenographer-clerk, handling advertising	No.
L. Matuszewska, 33 Campview Pl., Keansburg, N. J.	Stenographer	Yes.
S. Markowska, 1888 Gerritsen Ave., Brooklyn 29, N. Y.	Typist-clerk in charge, Agency dept.	No.

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of services rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Irene Młodzian, 460 Bradford St. E. N. Y., Brooklyn 7, N. Y.	Typist-bookkeeper.....	No.
E. Nielsen, 1807 Willow Lane, Bronx 61, N. Y.	Cashier.....	No.
Florence Okonowska, 198 Greenpoint Ave., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	File clerk.....	No.
Emily Paluszczek, 548 Leonard St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Typist.....	Yes.
T. Pearce, 222 E. 35th St., New York 16, N. Y.	Asst. purchasing agent.....	No.
T. Przyslawski, 32 Oakland St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
W. Radzewicz, 4906 Bowne St., Flushing, L. I.	Freight clerk.....	No.
Arthur Rand, 304 E. 5th St., New York 3, N. Y.	Clerk.....	Yes.
W. S. Retmanski, 457 15th St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
R. C. Serpos, 461 46th St., Brooklyn 20, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	No.
A. M. Shelow, 6611 99th St., Forest Hills, L. I.	Asst. passenger traffic manager.....	No.
F. P. Smolha, 101 S. 3d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Typist-bookkeeper.....	No.
L. Stawr, 323 E. 17th St., New York, N. Y.	File clerk.....	Yes.
Janet M. Swidzinska, 505 Grove St., Jersey City, N. J.	Stenographer.....	No.
Jane Surowiec, 376 13th St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Typist.....	Yes.
Helen Szczerba, 54-35 69th Lane, Maspeth, L. I.	Stenographer.....	No.
J. Szczerbinski, 120 8th Ave., Seaside, L. I.	Clerk.....	No.
S. C. Sztam, 561 First St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Landing agent.....	No.
Helen Szyrwiel, 675 Elizabeth St., Perth Amboy, N. J.	Stenographer.....	No.
W. Talmont, 96 Fairfield St., Valley Stream, L. I.	In charge insurance matters.....	No.
H. R. Thorsten, 10 Kissam Ave., Oakwood Hts., S. I.	Freight solicitor.....	No.
Theresa Treka, 266 12th St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.
Eugene Urbanski, 84-25 52d Ave., Elmhurst, L. I.	Clerk.....	No.
Zofia Wachtl, 10 Remsen St., Brooklyn Heights 2, N. Y.	Secretary and in charge personnel records...	No.
Bernard Wicilinski, 14 Broome St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
Frieda Wojtkowska, 142 York Ave., Staten Island.	Clerk-typist.....	No.

10. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the period covered by this statement. The information may, if Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest semiannual fiscal period, provided the period covered is indicated and future statements are furnished on the same basis:

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows: None. See also answer to 11 (c).

(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:¹

Date funds received: February 3, 1948, to August 3, 1948.

Name of person for whom received:² Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., Gdynia, Poland.

Purposes for which received:³ Proceeds of ticket sales, freight receipts, and mail carrying for the United States Government.

Amount received:⁴ \$3,759,389.51.

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Receipts from or payments to a person amounting to less than \$200 for the period may be combined with other like amounts, provided the source or disposition of the funds, as the case may be, is clearly indicated.

³ Where funds were received or paid, as the case may be, for various purposes, such purposes shall be listed in reasonable detail.

⁴ Show separately the amount received or paid, as the case may be, for each purpose listed under the preceding column.

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(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows: ⁶

The individual disbursements in connection with Registrant's activities are so numerous that Registrant believes that literal compliance with the question calling for the individual dates and amounts of the disbursements would be inappropriate and unduly burdensome.

Registrant stands ready to furnish any detailed information desired.

11. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts arranged or sponsored by Registrant or delivered by officials or employees of Registrant, during the period.

Name of person by whom delivered	Number of speeches, lectures, and talks delivered	Number of radio broadcasts delivered
Michael Libraeh..... Zofia Ordynska..... Zofia Wachtl on 3 or so occasions as substitute for Zofia Ordynska. Edward Vergara.....	} None..... None.....	26 in the Polish language. 26 in the Italian language.

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by Registrant, or by others for Registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which Registrant rendered any services or assistance, during the period. (Indicate each type of publication by an "X".)

(1) Press releases.....	X	(12) Radio programs.....	X
(2) News bulletins.....		(13) Radio scripts.....	X
(3) Newspapers.....		(14) Moving pictures.....	
(4) Articles.....		(15) Lantern slides.....	
(5) Books.....		(16) Still pictures.....	
(6) Magazines.....		(17) Posters.....	
(7) Pamphlets.....		(18) Photographs.....	
(8) Circulars.....	X	(19) Charts.....	
(9) Form letters.....	X	(20) Maps.....	X
(10) Reprints.....		(21) Other publications.....	
(11) Copies of speeches, lectures, talks, or radio broadcasts.....		(22) Newspaper advertisements.....	X

(c) Preparation and distribution of publications referred to in answer to (b) above.

Description of publication	By whom written, edited, or prepared	By whom printed, produced, or published	By whom distributed
Circulars and form letters.	Registrant.....	Registrant.....	Distributed by us to our travel agents in United States and Canada and in turn by them in connection with passenger service between the United States, England, Denmark, Poland, and Italy, also with money order service between the United States and Poland.
Press releases.....	Registrant.....	Foreign language newspapers in the United States and Canada.	Published in these newspapers in connection with services mentioned above.
Newspaper advertisements.	Edited by registrant....	Printed by various newspapers.	Newspapers.

Radio programs and radio scripts prepared under the supervision of and edited by registrant, broadcast weekly since February 1947, over stations WHBI

⁶ Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

and/or WHOM, the costs and expenses of the preparations, editing, and broadcasting paid partly by registrant and partly by the Polish Embassy, the latter's contribution during the period under report amounting to \$4,800.

Map of Poland prepared under the supervision of and edited by registrant, distributed by us to our travel agents and to press services and newspapers in the United States and Canada and in turn by them, the costs and expenses of preparation, printing, and distribution being paid partly by registrant and partly by the Polish Embassy, the latter's contribution, received since the end of period under report, amounting to \$2,500.

(d) Compliance with the filing, labeling, and reporting provisions of Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and Rule 400 thereunder.

(1) Were copies or summaries of all communications and publications referred to in answer to (a) and (b) above filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress? If not, explain why copies or summaries of any such communications and publications were not filed.

See (3) below.

(2) Were all such communications and publications labeled in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such communications and publications were not so labeled.

See (3) below.

(3) Were reports of the delivery, distribution, or other dissemination of all such communications and publications made to the Department of Justice in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such reports were omitted.

The map referred to in 11 (b) was filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress, was properly labeled and a dissemination report covering the only distribution made was filed August 26, 1948.

No filing was made in connection with the radio broadcasts referred to in 11 (a). The broadcasts were not political propaganda, but merely advertised the services of registrant. The broadcasts over Station WHBI, Shipman Street, Newark, N. J., were in the Polish language and delivered on Sundays. They consisted of Polish music and educational and cultural entertainment programs about Polish culture and arts, all designed to advertise the passenger and cargo services of Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., between the United States of America, England, Denmark, Poland, and Italy. The broadcasts over Station WHOM, New York City, consisted of 5 minutes each Sunday night in the Italian language and consisted of straight advertising material regarding the United States of America-Italian service of Gdynia American Shipping Lines, Ltd.

The other publications mentioned in 11 (b) were not political propaganda, but purely commercial.

12. (a) Any changes during the period, not fully described above, in Registrant's affiliations, associations, or other connection with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

(b) Any changes during the period in Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combinations of individuals: None.

13. (a) Any changes during the period in the ownership of or supervision, direction, or control over Registrant by any organization, group, or individual: None.

(b) Any subsidy or other financial assistance received by Registrant during the period directly or indirectly from—

Any individual who is a citizen of, or resides in, a foreign country.

Any organization created in, or under the laws of, any foreign country or having its principal place of business in a foreign country.

Any foreign government or foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof.

See answer to 11 (c).

14. File the following exhibits with this statement:

Exhibit A.—File an Exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each of the following persons for whom an Exhibit A has not previously been filed:

(a) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.

(b) All employees or other individuals who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6.

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Exhibit B.—File a copy of any changes during the period in the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not in writing a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 6 for whom an Exhibit C has not previously been filed.

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of any changes during the period in its charter, constitution, bylaws, or other instruments of organization.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) between the Registrant and each business firm or other organization named under item 11 (c), and copies of all changes during the period in similar contracts previously filed.

EXHIBIT A

No exhibit A is being filed herewith because all persons have been covered in previous filings. It is understood that an exhibit A is not required to be filed for each of the employees specified in the answer to 9 (b).

EXHIBIT E

Registrant's agreements with its agents in the United States and Canada for publicity in connection with passenger and cargo service are merely routine business dealings to advertise the services of the Gdynia America Line, and it would therefore be unduly burdensome to file all the correspondence connected therewith, much of it being telephone and telegram arrangements. If further information other than given above and in item 11 (c) is required, it will be furnished promptly upon request.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

R. KUTYLowski, *President*.
C. GRZELAK, *Vice President*.
S. Y. SMITH, *Secretary*.

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths, by a majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the statement shall be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the Registrant.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York this 15 day of October 1948.

[SEAL]

JORGEN V. HOFFMANN, *Notary Public*.

Commission expires March 30, 1950.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Washington, D. C.

SUPPLEMENTAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT¹

Registration No. 81

*Pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as Amended
For Six Months Period Ending February 3, 1949*

1. (a) Name of Registrant: Gdynia America Line, Inc.
- (b) All other names used by Registrant during the period: No other names.
- (c) Address of principal office: 32 Pearl Street, New York 4, N. Y.

¹ Filed by the Foreign Agents Registration Section, Department of Justice, on March 7, 1949.

(d) Name of person or persons in charge of principal office: Roman Marius Kutylowski, president; Czeslaw Grzelak, vice president; Samuel Y. Smith, secretary; Jorgen V. Hoffman, acting treasurer.

3. If Registrant is a nonbusiness membership organization, state—

(a) Approximate number of members in the United States: Not applicable.

(b) Approximate number of members outside the United States: Not applicable.

4. (a) All persons who became partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant during the period.

Name and address of official: Jorgen V. Hoffman, 8 Hawthorne Lane, Valley Stream, Long Island, N. Y.

Date connection began: August 11, 1948.

Position, office, or nature of duties: Acting Treasurer.

(b) All persons who ceased to be partners, officers, or similar officials of Registrant during the period: None.

5. (a) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which began to operate during the period.

Name and address of branch, unit, group, or organization: Traveling passenger representative for the Province of Alberta, Canada, Gdynia America Line, Inc., 301 Hyman Building, 218-A Eighth Avenue East, Calgary, Alberta, Canada.

Nature of connection with Registrant: Solicitation of Scandinavian steamship ticket business.

Name and address of person in charge: W. E. Granenkjer, Gdynia America Line, Inc., 301 Hyman Building, 218-A Eighth Avenue East, Calgary, Alberta, Canada.

(b) All branches and local units of Registrant and all other component or affiliated groups or organizations which ceased to operate during the period: None.

6. All persons who at any time during the period were foreign principals of Registrant.

Name and principal address: Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., Gdynia, Poland.

Is person still a foreign principal of Registrant: Yes.

7. Describe fully all activities of Registrant during the period for or in the interest of each foreign principal named under item 6.

General agency: Registrant acts as agent with respect to vessels of said foreign principal while they are in United States ports in connection with such general agency. Registrant handles such vessels, makes arrangements for their berthing, unloading, loading, supplies, crews, cargoes, repairs, collection of freight and passage money, disbursements of moneys received from said foreign principal for such purposes, and advising said foreign principal regarding shipping matters generally.

8. Describe briefly all other businesses, occupations, and public activities in which Registrant engaged during the period: None.

9. Furnish the following information as to all employees and other individuals, except those named under item 4, who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6:

(a) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have previously been filed:

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of any changes during period in activities for registrant or its foreign principals	Has connection with registrant ended?
Roman M. Kutylowski, 214 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn 2, N. Y.	None.....	No.
Czeslaw Grzelak, 33 Jewel St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	None.....	No.
Samuel Y. Smith, 2184 Davidson Ave., Bronx 53, N. Y.	None.....	No.

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(b) All such employees and other individuals for whom Exhibits A have not been previously filed.

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of service rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Ardzińska, Sophie (look under new name Dominguez).	Receptionist-typist.....	No.
Baltimiski, Betty, 4305 Broadway, New York 33, N. Y.	Assistant file clerk and relief telephone operator.	Yes.
Benjusk, Louis J., 2533 McIntosh St., East Elmhurst, L. I.	Stenographer.....	No.
Berthelsen, Jorgen C., 355 Ovington Ave., Brooklyn 9, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	No.
Buckrim, Stanley, 5 S. Oxford St., Brooklyn 17, N. Y.	Bookkeeper and asst. cashier.....	No.
Crowe, Jean, 215-29 Murdock Ave., Queen Village, Long Island.	Telephone operator.....	No.
Corbett, Ralph E., 55 92d St., Brooklyn 2, N. Y.	Operations and freight dept. manager.....	No.
Della Porte, Alice, 202 Conover St., Brooklyn 31, N. Y.	Stenographer (see below Kurzynska, Alice).....	No.
Dominguez, Sophie, 75-71 187th St., Flushing, Long Island.	Receptionist-typist (as above).....	No.
Duda, Francis, 21-34 24th St., Astoria 5, Long Island, N. Y.	Asst. freight manager.....	No.
Ehrlich, Ann, 109 Congress St., Brooklyn 2, N. Y.	File clerk.....	No.
Gawron, Helen, 50 Norwood Ave., Plainfield, N. J.	Secretary.....	No.
Glenbocka, Irene, 321 Jersey St., Staten Island 1, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
Gunston, L. W., 634 48th St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	No.
Horn, Stella, 251 Seaman Ave., New York 34, N. Y.	Bookkeeper-typist (see below Kordas, Stella).....	No.
Jaffe, Morris, 1426 Walton Ave., Bronx 52, N. Y.	Prepaid manager.....	No.
Jurgas, Stanley, 14 W. 88th St., New York 24, N. Y.	Bookkeeper.....	No.
Kamienski, Stanley J., 202 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn 17, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	No.
Kopacz, Edward F., 157 Eekford St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	No.
Kordas, Stella	(Look above under new name Horn, Stella).....	No.
Kosiba, Stanley, 15 Astor St., Newark, N. J.	Freight clerk.....	No.
Kozłowska, Helen, 206 Avenue B, New York 9, N. Y.	Clerk.....	Yes.
Kurzynska, Alice.....	(Look above under new name Della Porte, Alice).....	No.
Kuzajewski, Alexander L., 154 Kings First Walk, Brooklyn 29, N. Y.	Asst. landing agent.....	No.
Lewis, Harry F., 2146 E. 17 St., Brooklyn 29, N. Y.	Chief accountant.....	No.
Littner, Rena, 50-05 43d Ave., Woodside, L. I.	Typist.....	No.
Madvig, Louise, 326 St. Johns Pl., Brooklyn 17, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.
Majewska, Dolores, 488 Seventh St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.
Maikowski, Henry, 102 B Eekford St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
Malec, Barbara, 65 W. 87th St., New York 24, N. Y.	Stenographer-clerk handling advertising.....	No.
Mari, Nicholas A., 338 E. 116th St., New York 29, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	No.
Markowska, Sophia, 1883 Gerritsen Ave., Brooklyn 29, N. Y.	Typist-clerk in charge agency dept.....	No.
Michalik, Martha, 98 Morris St., Jersey City, N. J.	Typist-clerk.....	No.
McGrew, David F., 399 St. John's Pl., Brooklyn 17, N. Y.	Freight solicitor.....	No.
Mizejewski, Gustave S., 148 Eastern Way, Rutherford, N. J.	Booking clerk.....	No.
Modzian, Irene, 460 Bradford St., E. New York, Br. 7.	Typist-bookkeeper.....	No.
Mysko, Dorothy, 67 Trantor Pl., Port Richmond, S. I. 2.	Clerk.....	No.
Nielsen, Einar, 1807 Willow Lane, Bronx 61, N. Y.	Cashier.....	No.
Okonowska, Florence, 198 Greenpoint Ave., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	File clerk.....	Yes.
Pearse, Thomas, 222 E. 35th St., New York 16, N. Y.	Asst. purchasing agent.....	No.

Name and address of employee or other individual	Nature of service rendered	Has connection with registrant ended?
Przystawski, Thaddeus, 32 Oakland St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
Radzewicz, Walter, 4906 Bowne St., Flushing, L. I.	Freight clerk.....	No.
Reardon, Belle, 2197 Ocean Ave., Brooklyn 29, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
Retmanski, Walter S., 457 15th St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
Serposs, Richard C., 461 46th St., Brooklyn 20, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	No.
Schlow, A. M., 6611 99th St., Forest Hills, L. I.	Asst. passenger traf. manager.....	No.
Smolha, Frank P., 101 S. 3d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	Stenographer-clerk.....	No.
Swidzinska, Janet, 505 Grove St., Jersey City, N. J.	Stenographer.....	No.
Szczerba, Helen, 54-35 60th St., Maspeth, L. I.	Stenographer.....	No.
Szczerbinski, George, 120 8th Ave., Seadiff, L. I.	Clerk.....	No.
Sztam, Stanislaus C., 561 Firts St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Landing agent.....	No.
Szyrwiel, Helen, 675 Elizabeth St., Perth Amboy, N. J.	Stenographer.....	No.
Talmont, Wladyslaw, 96 Fairfield St., Valley Stream, L. I.	In charge insurance and claims dept.....	No.
Thorsten, H. Robert, 10 Kissam Ave., Oakwood Hgts., S. I.	Freight solicitor.....	Yes.
Tomaszewski, John, 147 46th St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.
Trela, Theresa, 266 12th St., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	Yes.
Urbanski, Eugene, 142 York Ave., Staten Island 1, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
Valloe, Erik, 40 E. 63d St., New York 21, N. Y.	Booking clerk.....	No.
Wachtl, Zofia 10 Remsen St., Brooklyn Heights 2, N. Y.	Secretary to president and in charge personnel records.	No.
Wielinski, Bernard, 14 Broome St., Brooklyn 22, N. Y.	Clerk.....	No.
Wojtkowska, Frieda, 142 York Ave., Staten Island, N. Y.	Clerk.....	Yes.
Ziolkowska, Regina, 44 Van Cortlandt Park Ave., Yonkers 2, N. Y.	Stenographer.....	No.

10. Furnish the following information as to Registrant's receipts and expenditures during the period covered by this statement. The information may, if Registrant desires, be furnished for Registrant's latest semiannual fiscal period, provided the period covered is indicated and future statements are furnished on the same basis:

(a) All amounts received during the period directly or indirectly from each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows: None. See also answer to 11 (c).

(b) All amounts received during the period from other sources to be used directly or indirectly for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows:¹

Date funds received: August 3, 1948, to February 3, 1949.

Name of person for whom received:² Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., Gdynia, Poland.

Purposes for which received:³ Proceeds of ticket sales, freight receipts and mail carrying for the United States Government.

Amount received:⁴ \$4,172,971.52.

¹ Include all amounts so received, whether received as compensation, loans, contributions, subscriptions, fees, dues, subsidies, or otherwise.

² Receipts from or payments to a person amounting to less than \$200 for the period may be combined with other like amounts, provided the source or disposition of the funds, as the case may be, is clearly indicated.

³ Where funds were received or paid, as the case may be, for various purposes, such purposes shall be listed in reasonable detail.

⁴ Show separately the amount received or paid, as the case may be, for each purpose listed under the preceding column.

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(c) All expenditures made during the period directly or indirectly for or in the interests of each foreign principal named under item 6, itemized as follows: ⁵

The individual disbursements in connection with registrant's activities are so numerous that registrant believes that literal compliance with the question calling for the individual dates and amounts of the disbursements would be inappropriate and unduly burdensome.

Registrant stands ready to furnish any detailed information desired.

11. (a) Speeches, lectures, talks, and radio broadcasts arranged or sponsored by Registrant or delivered by officials or employees of Registrant, during the period.

Name of person by whom delivered	Number of speeches, lectures, and talks delivered	Number of radio broadcasts delivered
Michael Librach	None	26 in the Polish language.
Zofia Ordynska		
Zofia Waehl on about 16 occasions as substitute for Zofia Ordynska.	None	26 in the Italian language.
Edward Vergara	None	39 in the French language.
Jo Delinois	None	

(b) Publications prepared or distributed by Registrant, or by others for Registrant, or in the preparation or distribution of which Registrant rendered any services or assistance, during the period. (Indicate each type of publication by an "X".)

(1) Press releases.....	X	(12) Radio programs.....	X
(2) News bulletins.....		(13) Radio scripts.....	X
(3) Newspapers.....		(14) Moving pictures.....	
(4) Articles.....		(15) Lantern slides.....	
(5) Books.....		(16) Still pictures.....	
(6) Magazines.....		(17) Posters.....	
(7) Pamphlets.....		(18) Photographs.....	
(8) Circulars.....	X	(19) Charts.....	
(9) Form letters.....	X	(20) Maps.....	X
(10) Reprints.....		(21) Other publications.....	
(11) Copies of speeches, lectures, talks, or radio broadcasts.....		(22) Newspaper advertisements.....	X

(c) Preparation and distribution of publications referred to in answer to (b) above.

Description of publication	By whom written, edited, or prepared	By whom printed, produced, or published	By whom distributed
Circulars and form letters	Registrant	Registrant	Distributed by us to our travel agents in United States and Canada and in turn by them in connection with passenger service between United States, England, Denmark, Poland and Italy, also with money order service between United States and Poland.
Press releases.....	Registrant	Foreign language newspapers in United States and Canada.	Published in these newspapers in connection with services mentioned above.
Newspaper advertisements.	Edited by registrant....	Printed by various newspapers.	Newspapers.

The radio programs and radio scripts for the Polish and Italian language broadcasts were prepared and edited by registrant and have been, since February 1947, and are being broadcast weekly over WHBI and/or WHOM; the costs and

⁵ Include all transfers of funds to any foreign principal.

expenses of the preparation, editing and broadcasting of these are paid partly by registrant and partly by the Polish Embassy, the latter's contribution during period under report amounting to \$7,800. The broadcasts in the French language consisted of "spot announcements" during the French Hour, over WBNX, sponsored by various French organizations; these spot announcements are prepared, edited, and paid for by registrant.

Map of Poland prepared under the supervision of and edited by registrant (covered by the last supplemental registration statement; no further contribution from Polish Embassy received). No formal distribution has been made, other than that covered by dissemination report filed August 26, 1948, but an occasional copy has been given to persons who have made specific request for same.

(d) Compliance with the filing, labeling, and reporting provisions of Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and Rule 400 thereunder.

(1) Were copies or summaries of all communications and publications referred to in answer to (a) and (b) above filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress? If not, explain why copies or summaries of any such communications and publications were not filed.

See (3) below.

(2) Were all such communications and publications labeled in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such communications and publications were not so labeled.

See (3) below.

(3) Were reports of the delivery, distribution, or other dissemination of all such communications and publications made to the Department of Justice in accordance with Section 4 and Rule 400? If not, explain why any such reports were omitted.

The Map referred to in 11 (b) was filed with the Department of Justice and the Librarian of Congress, was properly labeled and a dissemination report covering the only formal distribution was filed August 26, 1948.

No filing was made in connection with the radio broadcasts referred to in 11 (a). The broadcasts were not political propaganda, but merely advertised the services of registrant. The broadcasts over Station WHBI, Shipman Street, Newark, N. J., were in the Polish language and delivered on Sundays. They consisted of Polish music and educational and cultural entertainment programs about Polish culture and arts, all designed to advertise the passenger and cargo services of Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd., between the United States, England, Denmark, Poland, and Italy. The broadcasts over Station WHOM, New York City, consisted of 5 minutes each Sunday night in the Italian language and consisted of straight advertising material regarding the United States-Italian service of Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd. The broadcasts over WBNX, New York City, consisted of "spot announcements" on the French Hour, which announcements simply advertised the service of the M/S *Sobieski* owned by Gdynia America Shipping Lines, Ltd.

The other publications mentioned in 11 (b) were not political propaganda, but purely commercial.

12. (a) Any changes during the period, not fully described above, in Registrant's affiliations, associations, or other connections with foreign governments, foreign political parties, or officials or agencies thereof: None.

(b) Any changes during the period in Registrant's pecuniary interest in or control over partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations or combinations of individuals: None.

13. (a) Any changes during the period in the ownership of or supervision, direction or control over Registrant by any organization, group, or individual: None.

(b) Any subsidy or other financial assistance received by Registrant during the period directly or indirectly from—

Any individual who is a citizen of, or resides in, a foreign country.

Any organization created in, or under the laws of, any foreign country or having its principal place of business in a foreign country.

Any foreign government or foreign political party, or any official or agency thereof.

See answer to 11 (c).

14. File the following exhibits with this statement:

Exhibit A.—File an Exhibit A, on the printed form provided therefor, for each of the following persons for whom an Exhibit A has not previously been filed:

- (a) All partners, officers, directors, and similar officials of Registrant.
- (b) All employees or other individuals who during the period rendered any services or assistance to Registrant, with or without compensation, for or in the interests of any foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit B.—File a copy of any changes during the period in the agreement, arrangement, or authorization (or if not in writing a written description thereof) pursuant to which Registrant is acting for, or receiving funds from, each foreign principal named under item 6.

Exhibit C.—File an Exhibit C, on the printed form provided therefor, for each foreign principal named under item 6 for whom an Exhibit C has not previously been filed.

Exhibit D.—If Registrant is a nonbusiness organization, file a copy of any changes during the period in its charter, constitution, bylaws, or other instruments of organization.

Exhibit E.—File a copy of the agreement or arrangement (or if not in writing, a written description thereof) between the Registrant and each business firm or other organization named under item 11 (c), and copies of all changes during the period in similar contracts previously filed.

EXHIBIT A

A new exhibit A is being filed herewith for Mr. Roman Marius Kutylowski, president, and an exhibit A is being filed herewith for the first time for Jorgen V. Hoffmann, acting treasurer. It is understood that an Exhibit A is not required to be filed for each of the employees specified in the answer to 9 (b).

EXHIBIT E

Registrant's agreements with its agents in the United States and Canada for publicity in connection with passenger and cargo service are merely routine business dealings to advertise the service of the Gdynia America Line, and it would therefore be unduly burdensome to file all the correspondence connected therewith, much of it being telephone and telegram arrangements. If further information other than given above and in item 11 (c) is required, it will be furnished promptly upon request.

The undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) that he has (they have) read the information set forth in this statement and the attached exhibits and that he is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to the truth or accuracy of the information contained in Exhibit A insofar as such information is not within his (their) personal knowledge.

R. KUTYLOWSKI, *President.*

C. GRZELAK, *Vice-President.*

S. Y. SMITH, *Secretary.*

J. V. HOFFMANN, *Acting Treasurer.*

(Both copies of this statement shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths, by a majority of those partners, officers, directors, or persons performing similar functions who are in the United States. If no such person is in the United States, the statement shall be signed and sworn to by the duly authorized representative of the Registrant.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me at New York this 4th day of March 1949.

[SEAL]

MARIE A. CRONELL,

Notary Public.

Commission expires March 30, 1950.

APPENDIX VIII

EXCERPTS FROM THE STATEMENT OF ROBERT C. ALEXANDER, ASSISTANT CHIEF,
VISA DIVISION, DEPARTMENT OF STATE

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION

UNITED STATES SENATE,
STAFF OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION AND
NATURALIZATION OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY,
Washington, D. C., Thursday, July 15, 1948.

The staff of the subcommittee met at 10 a. m., pursuant to call, in the Senate District of Columbia Committee room, the Capitol, Thomas J. Davis, committee investigator, presiding.

Present: Thomas J. Davis; Richard Arens, staff director; Fred M. Mesmer, investigator.

* * * * *

Mr. ARENS. Are there any other categories of persons coming into the United States by ruse, or trick, or fraud, that you can think of, which you think you ought to express yourself on?

We have talked about the persons who have come in ostensibly as visitors, but who are not visitors. We have talked about persons who have come in on transit certificates.

Now, are there any other categories of persons that you would like to express yourself on?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes; there is another category that has given us considerable difficulty. That is what we call the international organization aliens. They are covered by the International Organizations Immunities Act of 1945. And those persons are coming to this country as nonimmigrants. They are not subject to exclusion under our laws, even though we may know that their coming here would not be in our best interests.

And the question has arisen as to whether or not we could refuse to receive them even if they have no documents to permit them to go to any other country, and whether we are not going to build up in this country within the next few years a large number of people who have no sympathy with us or our form of government, and yet who are brought into this country under cover of this International Organizations Immunities Act; and whom we can't get rid of, because no country will take them back.

It is not because they were not citizens of any foreign country when they come here, but the foreign country may say, "We don't want them back." So that ends it.

Mr. ARENS. To what extent is that practice being indulged in at the present time?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Well, it is to an alarming extent, I would say; to my mind, at least. Because every few days I see a case of that kind.

I think that the remedy for it, if you are getting to that, is that the international organization concerned should be required to assume responsibility for getting such a person out of this country when his purpose in coming is accomplished, or when they discharge him, or when he severs his connection with them, or when his period of employment is ended.

Mr. ARENS. Mr. Alexander, by the "international organization" do you refer to the United Nations Organization?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes, and all of the others. The United Nations Organization, particularly, because they have a headquarters site here. Others because they hold meetings here.

Mr. ARENS. What is the extent of the problem? You have said, as I understand it, that it is a very great problem. Could you give us an estimate in the form of numbers as to the extent of the problem?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Well, I suppose there are maybe 15,000 or 20,000 people around who are connected in some way with the international organizations and the delegations and their families, personnel, staffs, servants, secretaries, and so on. They are connected with the various governments and the central secretariats.

Mr. ARENS. Now, these persons, as I understand it, are separate and distinct from, or are in a separate category from, the officials of governments?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes, separate from the embassy or legation.

Mr. ARENS. In other words, government X brings into the United States, as part of the official representation of that government certain officials.

Mr. ALEXANDER. That is right.

Mr. ARENS. And that is another matter we want to interrogate you on in a moment. But I just wanted to clarify the record that the problem you are discussing is separate and distinct from the problem of officials of governments.

Mr. ALEXANDER. That is right. Separate from regular diplomatic and consular personnel.

Mr. DAVIS. Can you think off-hand of other international organizations where that problem arises, other than the United Nations Organization? How about the International Labor Organization?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes. But, of course, their headquarters are not in this country.

Mr. DAVIS. Don't they have an office in this country?

Mr. ALEXANDER. They may have, and they do hold meetings in this country, but I don't know that there is any large number of people coming to the International Labor Organization that we couldn't require to leave the country. In other words, they do not have a central secretariat or permanent headquarters in this country.

Mr. DAVIS. How about the International Refugee Organization?

Mr. ALEXANDER. The IRO? They don't have an office in this country which would bring in people.

UNRRA was the earliest and greatest offender, and there are some people still here who came in under, or were connected with, UNRRA, and we can't send them anywhere.

Mr. ARENS. Why?

Mr. ALEXANDER. No country will have them, or they can't be found, or they are with some other international organization.

Mr. ARENS. Mr. Alexander, will you elaborate on what you mean by "the problem"? Is it confined to the question of eventually deporting people who will not leave, or is it the problem tied up with the activity of the person when he arrives in this country?

Mr. ALEXANDER. It is both a security problem, and a question of deportability.

Mr. ARENS. Would you elaborate upon both phases of that?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Well, for instance, the secretariat of the United Nations may hire an interpreter, or a translator. This person may be highly objectionable to the United States, but we can't stop him from coming here if we follow the immigration laws. We may have reason to believe that he is coming here to engage in activities which would be outside the scope of his duties with the United Nations, but we still can't stop him. We can't go in and lay out before the Secretary General a lot of intelligence information, disclosing sources, to show that this is the kind of person who should not be allowed to come here.

Mr. ARENS. Well, now, is this person exempt from the provision of the law which excludes people coming here against the interests of the United States? Is he outside those provisions of the law?

Mr. ALEXANDER. That is right.

Mr. ARENS. What makes him outside those provisions of the law?

Mr. ALEXANDER. The International Organizations Immunities Act, and the United Nations Headquarters Site Agreement.

Mr. ARENS. What legislation would be necessary, in your opinion, first of all with reference to not permitting undesirables to come here, and secondly, with reference to procedures for expulsion of those who have already gotten here, whom we deem undesirable, or who have overstayed their time?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Well, as long as you are going to keep the United Nations headquarters site in this country, then it boils down to a question of whether the United Nations couldn't take upon itself some burden of assuming responsibility for the activities of these people, of cooperating with this government as a host nation to see that they do not encourage the bringing into our territory of

people whose admission would be clearly prejudicial to the interests of this country, and of getting them out of this country when the time comes.

Mr. ARENS. And would you repeat again the figure as to the persons who have been brought in? I don't mean the persons who are necessarily subversive, but the aggregate number, good and bad.

Mr. ALEXANDER. It is up in the thousands, I would say, including the United Nations and its various subsidiary organizations. It runs into the thousands, for all the international organizations concerned.

Mr. ARENS. Do you have any information on the number of persons who have been brought in by the United Nations Organization, or by any other international organization that to your mind are undesirable from the standpoint of the best interests of the United States?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Not definitely. There are a number of them.

Mr. ARENS. I say, do you have any information as to the number?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I estimate that there may be several hundred.

Mr. ARENS. What is the basis for that opinion, or judgment of yours?

Mr. ALEXANDER. The number of cases which come to my attention, and a realization that there may be some that did not come to my attention.

Mr. ARENS. How do they get to your attention?

Mr. ALEXANDER. In connection with the issuance of visas. The consuls don't like to issue visas in such cases. They believe that these people are coming here for purposes which are not compatible with the interests of the United States. And I am not talking about a person who will come here to represent his government before the United Nations and who will get up and speak against the policies of the United States Government. That should be permitted. I believe that the Members of the United Nations, in order to function, must have the freedom to express opinions and views in the forum and Council of the United Nations, whether we agree or not.

But what I am talking about is a person who uses the United Nations as a front or a cover or a blind for carrying on subversive activities against this country, and where we have to go ahead and spread on the record all of the proof and disclose sources of our information in order to stop it.

Mr. ARENS. What is the nature of the subversive activity of which you speak, Mr. Alexander?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I have in mind people who are believed to be subversive agents, and who have been refused visas in different places around the world.

Mr. DAVIS. I believe there were two cases that reached the newspapers about reporters who came in who were undesirable.

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes; and we have a number of those questionable reporters. But in order to make a case before the United Nations, we would have to spread on the record a lot of intelligence information; which, for the reasons I have stated, we can't do.

Mr. ARENS. Approximately how many persons of a subversive character, in your judgment, have been brought in by the United Nations?

Mr. ALEXANDER. It may run as high as several hundred. The number I have seen certainly can't be all of them.

Mr. ARENS. And where are those persons located, in general?

Mr. ALEXANDER. They are theoretically supposed to be located in New York, but it is possible that you will find them in other parts of the country.

Mr. ARENS. Under the present law, what check or restraint does this Government have upon those persons, these several hundred subversives who have been brought in, in your estimate, as to their activities?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Well it is a very difficult thing for the security agencies of the Government to keep track of them, and to watch those people.

Mr. ARENS. Are they required to report, under the Alien Registration Act?

Mr. ALEXANDER. No; I don't believe they are.

Mr. ARENS. Has this situation been brought to the attention of the policy making officials of the Department of State?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes; it is being considered there. We have considered it, and we are still considering it. We are wrestling with the problem. And it is under serious consideration and has been for some time.

Mr. ARENS. By policy-making officials, I mean those officials—perhaps not the Secretary of State himself—who are on the highest brackets of policy in the Department.

Mr. ALEXANDER. That is right.

Mr. ARENS. Has this situation been discussed with them, with the end in view of seeing what could be done from the standpoint of doing what is possible through diplomatic negotiation?

Mr. ALEXANDER. No; it hasn't reached that point. But the whole problem is under serious consideration with a view to determining what we can do about it.

On the one hand, we want to encourage and help the United Nations. We want to see them here and have them in this country. We want to be a good host to them. But on the other hand, we do not feel that they should be allowed to abuse that privilege and right. I don't think they want to do it. I think in many instances, in most instances, they do not know that they are being used.

Mr. ARENS. Who doesn't know about it?

Mr. ALEXANDER. The United Nations itself. They take the position that why should they consider the question of whether or not we would prefer that certain persons do not come in? After all we have no censorship over the people that they bring in, and we shouldn't have, and yet our security is a factor that we must consider.

Mr. ARENS. Before we get on to the question of the officials that are brought in by the governments themselves, foreign governments who maintain embassies in the United States, I would suggest that we get on with the second phase of this problem, namely, your suggestions as to changes in the law, or procedure which you would recommend as desirable in order to expel those persons from the country who have been brought in under international organization arrangements.

Mr. ALEXANDER. On that, I think there should be some arrangement worked out, perhaps a modification of the headquarters site agreement, or a treaty, or a protocol, or a convention of some kind, which would require these international organizations to assume responsibility for the activities outside of the scope of their regular duties, of all persons they bring into this country, and would require them to get them out of the country whenever we feel that they are acting beyond the scope of their authority.

Mr. ARENS. Well, now, is it your suggestion that this be done administratively, or is there some specific provision of the law you would recommend?

Mr. ALEXANDER. The headquarters site agreement is, of course, a public law. It is Public Law 357, I believe, of the Eightieth Congress.

Mr. ARENS. Has this situation been directed to the attention of the delegate of the United States to the United Nations?

Mr. ALEXANDER. They are aware of the problem.

Mr. DAVIS. Is it a problem that is a concern in any respect of the respective embassies of those countries, the countries involved?

Mr. ALEXANDER. No; the embassies, the legations, the diplomatic officers in this country, in Washington, are not concerned with it. Wherever we have anyone connected with a foreign embassy or legation, and he engages in activity of that kind, or objectionable activity of any kind outside the scope of his proper duties, we merely ask his government to recall him.

If we should have a chauffeur here of one of the embassies who kept constantly violating our traffic or other laws, we would ask his government to recall him, and out he goes.

Mr. ARENS. That brings us to this other category, of persons in this general area: namely persons who are brought to this country to work in embassies or as representatives of foreign governments.

We would appreciate your observations with reference to that situation.

Mr. ALEXANDER. I have noticed a remarkably small number of people brought in to serve with diplomatic missions at Washington who had to be recalled because of activity against this Government, especially political activity.

Mr. ARENS. Is there any number of people who can be brought in?

Mr. ALEXANDER. No, but it has to be within reason. If they wanted 10 butlers at the British Embassy, obviously we would want to know why they would want 10. It has to be within reason.

Mr. ARENS. Is there any screening or any check on the character or the purpose of the person, as far as the United States Government and its interests are concerned, who is brought into this country as representative of a foreign government?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes; there is a check into what we know of the individual from our records. And, as you know, in the case of ambassadors, for example, we may even decline to receive them. But in subordinate personnel cases, only occasionally do we say to a government, "We would prefer that you not send this

person to the United States." We do make a check on them. Obviously, we don't have full or complete information on everybody they wish to appoint. And you can assume that all of the countries behind the iron curtain are going to fill up their missions with Communists, or Communist agents. You take that for granted. You do not assume that they will send persons not in sympathy with their governments.

Mr. ARENS. Approximately how many persons would be in that category of Communists or Communist agents who would be representing countries behind the iron curtain, or Soviet Russia, or any country in the world who, under the present arrangements are permitted to be in this country on a technical diplomatic official status?

Mr. ALEXANDER. How many would there be?

Mr. ARENS. Yes, sir.

Mr. ALEXANDER. Well, there would be a thousand or more, probably, for all the countries behind the iron curtain.

Mr. ARENS. How many from Soviet Russia?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Not a great many from Soviet Russia. I believe we may have more people in our Embassy at Moscow than the Soviets have in their Embassy in the United States.

Mr. ARENS. Is there reciprocity in that respect?

Mr. ALEXANDER. No. There is no parity in numbers. But there is always an inquiry as to the purpose. For instance, if the Soviets wanted to send over somebody to operate a filling station here, we would say, "No, we don't accept people for that. That is not within the scope of normal diplomatic activity."

Mr. ARENS. Are those who are admitted under this diplomatic visa permitted freedom of movement in this country?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes.

Mr. ARENS. Are our representatives abroad accorded the same freedom of movement, so far as you know, as we accord representatives of other countries?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I would say that that is not strictly on a par. Because our representatives abroad have no more freedom of opportunity to travel than the local population has. And that is limited, compared to our travel facilities and opportunities.

Mr. ARENS. Would you say that by and large they have the same opportunities which are accorded other persons of that particular country?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes; I would say they have probably the same opportunity to travel as the normal resident of the country; except that they are, of course, not allowed to see or go near any vital projects, or anything of that kind. And in this country, I think you will find that is pretty well true also; that some of the vital defense areas in this country are not open to visitors, whether they are diplomats or not.

Mr. ARENS. Am I to gain any impression, from your observations on the diplomatic status of these people, that there is no diplomatic problem that you would like to comment on?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I don't think there is any problem with respect to the members of the diplomatic missions; that is, the embassies and legations. Because we have more people in our embassies and legations in the iron curtain countries than those countries have in their missions in the United States.

There is one exception: In the case of the Soviet Union, they have an organization in the United States called Amtorg, the American Trading Organization, and they send people over here, and have been doing this for a number of years, to carry on trade relations with this country.

We have no corresponding mission in the Soviet Union. And I don't see any need for any.

* * * * *

[FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1948]

* * * * *

Mr. ARENS. Mr. Alexander, yesterday some questions were asked and answers given respecting persons who, in your judgment, are subversive who have been brought into the United States, as I understand it, in the number of hundreds through international organizations.

I should be glad if you would kindly elaborate on that with end in view of telling us first of all whether these employees are brought in by the member governments of the international organizations or by the international organiza-

tions themselves; secondly, the nature of the employment of these persons; and third, what, in your opinion, they are actually doing which is subversive.

Mr. ALEXANDER. In the first place, the number of subversives that are brought in by delegations of foreign governments has not, to my knowledge, been great. They are attached to governmental delegations, and I suppose they are more or less controlled by the governmental delegates of those delegations.

Their activities have not, to my knowledge, been as objectionable, although some of them have been persons we would not ordinarily let into the country under any circumstances. Their actions while here as governmental delegation attachés probably have not been as objectionable as the other classes I am going to mention. We know they are employed by foreign governments and can expect them to act in line with their government's policy.

The second group is those who are employed by the organization itself, the central secretariat. They consist of persons who, in some instances, may have been refused visas for this country, and we would not grant them visas under any circumstances to permit them to come here on their own.

Mr. ARENS. Generally speaking, why were they refused visas?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Because they were believed to be subversive agents of foreign powers.

Mr. ARENS. Subversive, from the standpoint of doing what type of activities?

Mr. ALEXANDER. To my mind subversiveness means possible espionage, and so forth, and aliens who foment discord, engage in racial agitation, and other subversive activities contrary to the peace and good order of this country. They were brought in by the organization in good faith as employees of the central secretariat.

Mr. ARENS. Who employed them?

Mr. ALEXANDER. The central secretariat.

Mr. ARENS. For what purpose were they employed?

Mr. ALEXANDER. As clerks, translators, editors, experts of various kinds, advisers, producers, directors, and what have you.

Mr. ARENS. Do you know the actual persons who did the employing or persons who did the employing?

Mr. ALEXANDER. No.

Mr. ARENS. What procedure was followed and is being followed with reference to documentation of these persons who are subversive and who have been brought in by the international organizations' secretariat?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I think I had better go on to the third class, as it will touch on that point.

Mr. ARENS. All right, sir.

Mr. ALEXANDER. The third class of persons covered by the headquarters site agreement are not members of a governmental delegation, and they are not officers or employees of the organization itself, but the headquarters site agreement with the United Nations provides that in addition to the two categories I have mentioned, three other kind of persons, all aliens, may be brought into the country, or may be invited to come here, and that neither the Federal Government, nor the State governments, may place any impediments in the way of their movement to and from the headquarters site and foreign countries. And those classes consist of three categories: The representatives of foreign press, radio, film, publication, other information agencies abroad.

And you will recall that two of those cases involving Communist newspapermen got into the press in this country.

There are two more categories in this group. The representatives of nongovernmental organizations all over the world are next. Many of these are just Communist front or Communist controlled groups, but they must be permitted to come and have free access to and the free privilege to, pass to and from the headquarters district and its immediate vicinity and foreign countries.

The third group is composed of any other persons who may be invited by the United Nations to come to the headquarters site.

The headquarters site agreement was approved by Congress in Public Resolution 357, Eightieth Congress, with a reservation that nothing in it shall be considered as in any way diminishing, weakening, or abridging the right of the United States to safeguard its own security.

Mr. ARENS. Then, if that provision is in the headquarters site agreement, public law, why have these people been admitted into the United States.

Mr. ALEXANDER. Because there is a wide range of opinion as to whether or not the reservation by Congress requires only the exclusion of a person who is an immediate threat to our security, a direct and immediate threat, such as a person

who would have to be locked up on sight, or whether or not it is so broad that you could exclude any person who ordinarily would be excludable on security grounds.

That part of the law is not clear. It should be clarified as soon as possible.

In fact my point about this whole thing is that there should be an early clarification of the law. I would like to know what is meant by the various provisions of the law. There are too many different shades of opinion as to what it means. It should be clarified as soon as possible.

Mr. ARENS. Could you give us the essence of the language in this condition of the headquarters site agreement, again?

Mr. ALEXANDER. The essence of the language is that nothing in this agreement shall be construed as in any way weakening, abridging, or diminishing the right of the United States to safeguard its own security. And something else is added: and completely to control the movement of persons to and from the headquarters district and foreign countries.

Mr. ARENS. I understand from what your testimony was yesterday, and if I am wrong correct me, that it is known by the Visa Division of the State Department that hundreds of these persons who have been brought in are actual subversives and they have subversive files on them.

Mr. ALEXANDER. I have estimated that there may be several hundred who are known or believed to be subversive.

Mr. ARENS. And I understand from your testimony of yesterday that these persons have been and are now engaged in the United States in subversive activities.

Mr. ALEXANDER. We do not know that. That is something we can only surmise, and that we hear from other sources, because we in the Visa Division do not have any agencies to cover their activities here.

Mr. ARENS. What information do you have, if any, with reference to their activities in the United States which might be of a subversive nature?

Mr. ALEXANDER. We had one person who was a newspaperman, and he was reported to be conferring with other persons here who were said to have been trained in terrorist activities at Moscow.

Mr. ARENS. What was done about the case?

Mr. ALEXANDER. What could we do? Until there is some overt act we cannot proceed against them. However, I think it unreasonable to assume that all Communists, whom I consider subversive, will quit being Communists while in the United States.

Mr. ARENS. In what respect do you feel that this proviso in the headquarters site agreement law is inadequate?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I feel that the whole law should be clarified.

Mr. ARENS. What clarification would you suggest?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I would suggest that it be clarified in this sense: To require that the international organizations which bring into this country any person should be responsible for his activities here and should be responsible for getting him out of this country in the event he violates our hospitality, or in the event he has to be discharged by them, or he resigns, or otherwise terminates his connection with them.

Mr. ARENS. What suggested changes in the law, if any, would you recommend in order to prohibit the entry into this country of that type of person?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I do not know that you could go quite so far as to prohibit the entry entirely.

Mr. ARENS. Why not?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Because you would deny the international organization access to the individuals they may wish to have appear before it. I do not think the country which has the headquarters site should have the right to keep anybody that it does not like out of the country and prevent them from appearing before the organization.

Mr. ARENS. Do you have any information which leads you to believe that these persons are brought into the country for the purpose of engaging in subversive activities?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I do not think the organization brought them for that purpose, but I do think that they were using the organization as a front or cover to get into the country.

Mr. ARENS. What documents do they have as their credentials in order to get them into the country?

Mr. ALEXANDER. They usually have a foreign passport and a statement of their employment.

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Mr. ARENS. Is a visa issued to these persons?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes.

Mr. ARENS. What is the nature of the visa?

Mr. ALEXANDER. A nonimmigrant visa, and those who come in the first category I mentioned; that is, the governmental delegations, and the second category, the staff and employees of the organization, are granted 3 (7) visas and Congress specifically exempted them from exclusion under the immigration laws.

Mr. ARENS. What is a 3 (7) visa?

Mr. ALEXANDER. There are seven nonimmigrant categories, all mentioned in section 3 of the Immigration Act of 1924.

Mr. ARENS. Officials of foreign governments?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes. 3 (1) is foreign government officials, 3 (2) temporary visitors, 3 (3) aliens in transit, and so on down to 3 (7), which is international organization aliens.

Mr. ARENS. May I read 3 (7) :

"* * * is a representative of a foreign government in or to an international organization entitled to enjoy privileges, exemptions, and immunities, as an international organization under the International Organizations Immunity Act, or an alien officer or employee of such international organization and the family, attendants, servants, and employees of such a representative officer or employee."

Mr. ALEXANDER. Those last three UN groups I mentioned, the representatives of the information agencies, press, radio, and film, and other writers, just staff writers in general, and the representatives of nongovernmental organizations, and the invitees; that is, persons invited by the organization to come to its headquarters for a conference or for any purpose whatsoever, they do not come under 3 (7). They come under 3 (2) as ordinary temporary visitors.

Mr. ARENS. As I understand it, these persons concerning whom you have spoken, the subversives, are persons concerning whom the State Department has already accumulated a file which leads the State Department to believe that they are subversives before they are granted visas to come to this country.

Mr. ALEXANDER. I would not put it exactly that way.

When you say "State Department," you cover a lot of people.

Mr. ARENS. The Visa Division of the State Department.

Mr. ALEXANDER. That is right.

Mr. ARENS. That statement I have just made is true?

Mr. ALEXANDER. That is true.

Mr. ARENS. But, nevertheless and notwithstanding the fact that the Visa Division of the State Department has a file which leads the Visa Division of the State Department to conclude that these persons are known subversives, they have been issued visas and have been admitted into the United States?

Mr. ALEXANDER. That is right, because, as I have already stated, the law does not exclude them.

Mr. ARENS. What is the number of these persons, your best judgment as to the number of these persons who are or have been known to be subversives but have been issued visas by the Visa Division of the State Department to come to the United States?

Mr. ALEXANDER. They were issued visas by the consular officers abroad, not by the Visa Division including in pursuant of the law, including headquarters site agreement.

Mr. ARENS. Yes.

Mr. ALEXANDER. As I said yesterday, I think there are several hundred of them. I have seen enough cases to indicate that there must be that many.

Mr. ARENS. Is there some individual or unit of the Visa Division charged with the responsibility of dealing with this specific problem?

Mr. ALEXANDER. No.

Mr. ARENS. Who, in general, is dealing with it?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I suppose the FBI after they get here. I do not know.

Mr. ARENS. What efforts have been made by the officials of the Visa Division of the Department of State to deal with the problem?

Mr. ALEXANDER. We take the position that this should be thoroughly considered with a view to recommending possible changes in the law, and that with that purpose in mind, a sort of ad hoc committee has been formed down there in the Department which is considering this problem.

And whether or not the Department itself will have some recommendation to make remains to be seen.

Mr. ARENS. Who has formed this committee?

Mr. ALEXANDER. It was formed by the executive officers of the Department, is composed of representatives of the political divisions, and the office which has to do with the international organizations, the Visa Division, and the Security Division.

Mr. ARENS. Do you know the members of the committee?

Mr. ALEXANDER. No; not offhand.

Mr. ARENS. Do you know the chairman of the committee?

Mr. ALEXANDER. The chairman of the committee is General Snow, who is in the legal adviser's office.

Mr. ARENS. And he would be cognizant of this problem and be in a position to give us information on it?

Mr. ALEXANDER. That is right. And I have been appointed chairman of the subcommittee to work out one phase of this problem, and that has to do with the question of excludability of persons who are coming in under 3 (2). Remember now, those first two categories are already exempted by Congress, but in the 3 (2) classes, that is, the last three groups I mentioned. The question is how far we can go, how far we have to go, and what is really the problem of maintaining our security here and what is consistent with the proper functioning of these organizations, and whether or not legislation is needed, and so forth.

Mr. ARENS. Have you prepared any specific proposals for changes in the law in order to meet this problem?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Not yet.

Mr. ARENS. Do you propose to do so?

Mr. ALEXANDER. We do not know what conclusion may be reached regarding this.

Mr. ARENS. You feel that something should be done, however?

Mr. ALEXANDER. There is a general feeling that the security of the United States requires that something be done.

If we cannot work out a satisfactory arrangement with these international organizations so that they can assume responsibility for the people they bring in, just as any foreign government assumes responsibility for the officers which it sends to this country, something else ought to be done.

Mr. ARENS. I wish you would elaborate on that a little bit. I do not quite understand what difference it makes as to who assumes the responsibility.

It occurs to me the thing we are primarily interested in is that these people do not gain admission to the United States, or if they do, are permitted only to testify or perform some service for the organization and then are given their leave.

Mr. ALEXANDER. Of course, theoretically, that is all right. But, as a practical matter, take the United Nations, for example, with its headquarters site in the middle of Manhattan, or at least in the metropolitan area of New York. How you can confine a person to traveling only to the headquarters site, in delivering his message or completing his business, and then leaving the country, is a problem.

Mr. ARENS. Are these persons permitted to remain in the United States so long as they are on the employee's roll of the United Nations Organization?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Yes.

Mr. ARENS. That could be ad infinitum?

Mr. ALEXANDER. That is right.

Mr. ARENS. Has this problem been discussed with the secretariat of the United Nations?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Only in one or two individual cases.

Mr. ARENS. Do you know whether or not it has been taken up with our delegate to the United Nations, Senator Austin?

Mr. ALEXANDER. We have had some discussions with them on it, and the whole matter has been explored from that end, our end, and the security end.

It is a serious problem. I have brought this to your attention because you are interested in the problems we have and this is one of the greatest and most pressing among them.

Mr. ARENS. Will you be so kind as to keep us apprised in the course of the next several weeks or months of any specific recommendations which develop as to both changes in the law or regulations so as to meet this problem.

Mr. ALEXANDER. All right.

Mr. ARENS. Is there anything else that you would like to say on this problem, Mr. Alexander?

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Mr. ALEXANDER. I do not think so. I think I have given you an idea of what the problem is and what we are faced with.

Mr. ARENS. One other question.

What information do you have with reference to the subversive activities of these persons after they have arrived in the United States?

Mr. ALEXANDER. As I say, in one or two instances, we have some indication of subversive activity. I do not have the full reports on the people.

I mentioned the case of a person who was said to have been trained in terrorist duties in Moscow and who was conferring with a UN correspondent representing a foreign newspaper here, and who may have been conferring with other persons in the spread of Communist propaganda and leaflets and pamphlets, and so forth and so on.

Mr. ARENS. Has this problem been directed to the attention of the House Un-American Activities Committee?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I do not think so. At least I have not brought it to their attention.

Mr. ARENS. Has it been directed to the attention of the Federal Bureau of Investigation?

Mr. ALEXANDER. I think they know all about it.

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